

# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1903

Vol. XXIV, No. 25.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**J. McC. POTTS, M.D., C.M.**  
GRADUATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY.  
Late House Surgeon Montreal General Hospital; formerly resident accoucheur Montreal Maternity Hospital and Assistant in Diseases of Women in General Hospital. Licentiate Illinois State Board of Health, and Member College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—FRONT STREET, STIRLING.  
**HALLIWELL & BOLDRICK.**  
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES,  
Public Commissioners, Conveyancers, &c.  
OFFICES:—Stirling and Bancroft.  
J. EARL HALLIWELL, B.A.  
HARRY L. BOLDRICK.  
**T. E. OLIVER, D.D.S., L.D.S.,**  
DENTIST.  
HONORARY GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY, and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.  
OFFICE—Over Parker's Drug Store.  
Open every day and evening.  
**FRANK ZWICK, M.B.,**  
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF  
Toronto Medical College. Licentiate of  
the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:—Dr. Boulter's  
former residence, STIRLING.  
**G. G. TRAKASHER,**  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, &c. Office over Brown & Mc-  
Geehan's Store, Stirling, Ontario.  
**W. J. McCAMON,**  
BARRISTER, ETC., BELLEVILLE, ONT.  
Office: McAnany Block, Cor. Front and  
Bridge Streets.  
MONEY TO LOAN.  
**JOHN S. BLACK,**  
CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR  
taking Affidavits. Office over the store  
lately occupied by G. L. Scott, Stirling.  
**STIRLING LODGE**  
No. 239.  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the Lodge room,  
Conley block,  
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING  
At 8 o'clock. L. MEIKLEJOHN, R.S.  
**DENTISTRY.**  
C. L. HAWLEY, L.D.S.  
TRENTON, GRADUATE OF THE TORONTO  
School of Dentistry, will visit Stirling  
professionally, the second and last Friday in  
each month, until further notice.  
The Dental Engine, Vitalized Air, Gas, and  
all the modern improvements known to Den-  
tistry, will be used for the painless extraction  
and preservation of the natural teeth.  
Rooms at Scott House.

## A Little Early

But now some days you will  
need  
a Cap,  
Some days you will need  
a Hat  
and it is well to have both.

We have already received  
6 Cases  
of our Spring importations of

Hats and Caps.  
You know that means the  
Newest and Latest Styles and  
Best Quality from the Best  
Manufactures in the  
World.

We will announce our  
HAT OPENING  
a little later on, but in the  
meantime will be pleased to  
show you anything new in the

Hat Line  
you would like to see, at  
**FRED. T. WARD'S,**  
THE ONE-PRICE STORE.

## Seventh of Sidney Notes

From Our Correspondent.  
The soft weather of last week has  
spoiled our sleighing.  
Miss Laura Graves spent last week  
with her sister, Mrs. J. Seena.  
The anniversary services of Sidney  
Baptist church on Sunday last were  
well attended. Rev. Mr. Elliott, of  
Belleville, preached morning and evening.  
Mr. A. Morden of Chatterton, was  
the guest of Mr. B. Finkle on Sunday.  
Miss Lizzie Park spent Monday with  
Mrs. J. Hanna.  
The "Royal Ten" of the sixth and  
seventh seem to be taking a rest.

## Chatterton Chips.

From Our Own Correspondent.  
There was a grand wedding at Mr.  
Thos. Leslie's on the 25th of Feb., when  
his daughter was married to Mr. Donald  
Nicholson, of the 5th con. of Sidney.  
They went to Ottawa on their bridal  
tour and will settle in Sidney.  
The wedding seems to be prospect of more  
weddings here soon.  
A number of farmers in this vicinity  
are preparing to put concrete basements  
under their barns but Belleville is not  
going to use any cement this season.  
We suppose they are going to wait for  
the Royal Ten to come out works to "burst"  
and get their cement cheap.  
At the price that is offered for these  
we suppose the factories will open as  
soon as there can be any milk squeezed  
from the cows.  
The farmers have got their ice in and  
are now cutting their summer's  
firewood.  
There are quite a number of farms for  
sale in the 7th con. Now is your  
chance to get in a good neighborhood,  
with schools, churches, cheese factory,  
grist mill, and post office, all handy.  
What's the matter with us?  
The blacksmith's house looks lone-  
some these days.

## Harold News

From Our Correspondent.  
Mr. Jas. Woodward is confined to his  
bed with a severe cold.  
Mr. John A. Potts, who had the mis-  
fortune to fall and break some ribs, is  
able to be around again.  
Mr. David Linn intends moving to  
Monteagle on March 11th, having sold  
his farm to Mr. Emanuel Maybee.  
Mrs. Smith Russell, who has been  
visiting friends in this vicinity, will re-  
turn to Manitoba next Tuesday.  
Theodore Reid has purchased a span  
of grey colts, having shipped his black  
team to Manitoba.  
Mr. James Gay, who was home for  
vacation, has returned to Albert College.  
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs.  
Geo. Cotton met at their home and  
spent a most enjoyable evening. Mrs.  
Cotton performed the duties of hostess  
in a very able manner. Games and  
dances were indulged in until nearly  
daylight, when all departed well pleas-  
ed with the evening's enjoyment.

## Madoc Junction Items.

(From our Correspondent.)  
Mr. Jas. Juby, who has been confined to  
his bed some time through ill-  
ness, is able to be out again.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stapley are both  
on the sick list. We hope to see them  
around again soon.  
We are sorry to learn that Mr. Ed-  
ward Bennett, who was so badly frozen  
some time ago, will have to have the  
fingers of his left hand amputated.  
Master Russell Stapley is also under  
the doctor's care.  
Miss Nina Clarke has returned after  
spending a week visiting friends at  
Ivanhoe and Crookston.  
Mrs. J. Andrews is home after  
spending some time visiting friends and  
relatives in Toronto.  
Mrs. Ray and Mr. Paul Twiddy, of  
Crookston, spent Sunday visiting relatives  
in town.  
Mr. Geo. E. Kennedy, principal of  
Stirling High School, paid our town a  
flying visit on Saturday last.  
The Honorites held service in their  
tabernacle here on Sunday evening.  
It is a slippery time in town just now,  
but no broken bones have been reported  
as yet.  
Miss Annie Clark is visiting her  
sister, Mrs. Albert Seeley, Stirling.  
Our pastor, Rev. J. S. Jenkin,  
preached a very interesting sermon here  
on Sunday afternoon, from Luke 15: 24  
—"They began to be merry."  
Mrs. J. Bennett, of Kingston, is  
spending the winter with her mother,  
Mrs. Edward Bennett.  
Mr. Harry Stapley has taken unto  
himself a wife, in the person of Miss  
Annie Galloway. We unite in wishing  
them a long and prosperous married  
life.  
Mrs. Hamilton, of Carmel, has been  
visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Bennett.  
Miss C. Ross was visiting at Mrs.  
W. S. Clarke's last week.  
We hear that Mr. Will Eggleston is  
about to start for the West. A bon  
voyage is wished him by his many  
friends.

## Glen Ross

From Our Own Correspondent.  
Mr. Ward McKee gave a birthday  
party to his friends on Friday evening  
last. They had a very enjoyable time.  
Mr. Chas. H. Brooks, of Midland, is  
spending a few days visiting friends in  
this neighborhood.  
Miss Nettie Thrasher is visiting her  
sister, Mrs. D. Hagerman, and other  
friends in this vicinity.  
Mr. Clement Armstrong, Sr., is seri-  
ously ill. We hope to see him around  
again soon.  
Mr. Wm. McLachlan started his saw  
mill on Tuesday. He has a great num-  
ber of logs to cut and more coming. He  
always cuts first class lumber.

## Wellman's Corners.

From Our Own Correspondent.  
The funeral of the late Hugh Morton  
took place on Saturday. The cortege  
was a very long one, and the church  
could not contain more than half the  
people who attended. The funeral ser-  
vice was conducted by Rev. W. D. P.  
Wilson, assisted by Rev. R. Duke. The  
choir rendered appropriate music. Ex-  
pression of the congregation wore a sad  
expression, and many were in tears.  
The deceased gentleman was universally  
respected, and his brothers and sisters,  
who have been twice bereaved inside  
of a week, and three within a year,  
have the sympathy of the whole com-  
munity. Mr. Morton was 54 years of  
age, and unmarried. His brothers are  
Alex., Robert and William, and his  
sisters are Mrs. Robt. Johnson, and  
Mrs. John Meiklejohn, all of whom live  
in this vicinity. The late Mrs. James  
Rannine, who died some eight months  
ago, was also a sister.  
Our Literary Temperance meeting,  
which was to have been held on Friday  
evening, was postponed on account of  
the death of Mr. Morton, till Tuesday  
evening, when a good programme was  
given. Mr. Mills of Marmora, gave  
two excellent temperance songs, and  
the choir also gave some appropriate  
music. There were also short addresses  
from Messrs. Mills, J. Hogle and J.  
Pauley. Miss Hadel Anderson gave a  
recitation, and Messrs. S. Draup, J.  
Keegan and Mrs. Graham, readings,  
after which the pledge book was offered  
and two new names were added to the  
list.  
Mr. Jas. Dunkey of this place was  
specially married to Miss Sarah Todd, of  
Seymour, on the 26th of February, by  
Rev. J. Moore.  
Miss Eva Anderson has taken a high  
standing at Albert College in both in-  
strumental and vocal music. She will  
return to her home at Easter, and will  
resume her music classes.

## Foxboro Notes

From Our Own Correspondent.  
The Misses Fife, of Keene, are the  
guests of their sister, Mrs. J. Welborne.  
Mr. Fred Simmons spent Sunday  
with his parents.  
Mrs. B. Rosebush is now able to sit  
up, although she has not yet been out  
doors. Her many friends will be glad  
to hear that she is improving.  
Miss Bessie Faulkner is confined to  
her bed on account of illness.  
Mr. Thos. Clarke has been confined  
to the house for a few days on account  
of weakness of the heart.  
Visiting parties are the order of the  
evening now.  
The Killin-Keough Concert Co. are  
expected to give a concert in the Meth-  
odist Church on Monday evening, Mar-  
ch 8th. They are accompanied by Miss  
Edwards as pianist. They come very  
highly recommended by different min-  
isters where they have been.  
The many friends of Mr. Goodwill  
met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C.  
Dafoe last Saturday evening. After  
spending a social evening they present-  
ed Mr. Goodwill with an address and a  
gold headed cane. Mr. Goodwill left  
for his future charge near Marmora  
leaving many friends in Foxboro and  
vicinity.

## February Report of S. S. No. 6, Rawdon

Aggregate attendance 384. Average  
16.  
Sr. IV—Claude Caverley, 942.  
Jr. IV—Beatrice Sine, 896.  
Sr. III—Karl Sine, 786; James Ner-  
rie, 659; Annie Farrell, 582.  
Jr. III—Harry Bowditch, 476.  
Sr. II—Henry Farrell, 808; Kenneth  
Sine, 320.  
Jr. II—Reginald Sine, 408.  
Sr. Pr. II—May Nerrie, 254; Emma  
Nerrie 236.  
Jr. Pr. II—Mary Bryce, 98.  
Sr. Pr. I—Nellie Caverley, 95; Er-  
nest Thompson, 68.  
A. K. MACKENNA, Teacher.

The is no use growing excited when a  
man calls you a liar, philosophically  
remarks the Baltimore American. If  
you are one, you know it before he told  
you; and if you are not, you know he  
is.

## The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament.)  
Capital Authorized - - - \$2,000,000.00.  
Capital Paid Up - - - \$1,263,764.00.  
H. S. HOLT, Montreal, President.  
DUNCAN M. STEWART, General Manager.

## A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

**To Encourage**  
Savings we accept deposits of One  
Dollar and upwards and allow inter-  
est from Day of Deposit.

**Our Assets**  
Immediately available are maintain-  
ed at such figures as to insure Abso-  
lute Security to the Depositor.

To some people banking is always a mystery. We take pleasure in explaining to  
our customers anything they may not understand.

WE TRANSACT BUSINESS BY MAIL. No trouble, red tape or delay.

STIRLING BRANCH.  
W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

## "Sterling Hall."

### Big Stock for Big Times.

There's no mistaking the signs of Canada's prosperity—enthusiasm is in its  
air, expansion in every movement and confidence in every echo. Doubtless  
the people of Stirling and vicinity will be sharers in our common fund of  
national prosperity, and in order to give opportunity for the display of popu-  
lar energy "Sterling Hall" is preparing larger stocks for the people to carry  
out. The only little thing will be the pricing; and then, there will be no  
sacrifice of good quality.  
This week we mention but a few lines, inspection will a longer tale unfold.

## SPRING PRINTS.

150 pieces New Prints are at your service. Extra heavy, 32 in. wide, at  
10c. yd., and Crum's best, 32 in. wide, at 12c. yd. should interest you.  
500 yards Angola Lochmond Shirts—The old, original, extra heavy  
weight cloth, which you have not seen in years, is with us again at 15c. yd.

## EMBROIDERIES.

A special importation of several thousand yards of all widths, at prices  
ranging from 3c. to 35c. per yd., completes the largest offering of these ever  
shown in town.

## Men's Hats and Caps.

A lighter head covering will now be in order, and nowhere can you spring  
into a better selection of up-to-date lines than at "Sterling Hall." You can  
have a satisfying look at them free; or cover your crown for a shilling and  
upwards. A pleasure it will be to show—New Caps at 25c. to 50c.; New  
Felt Hats for Men and Boys at 25c. to \$2.25.

## GROCERIES.

The ever fresh "Sterling Hall" grocery stock is at your service with the  
following specials:—  
30 lbs. dark Raw Sugar for \$1.00. 4 lbs. Tea Biscuit - - - 25c.  
2 cans (flat) rich red Salmon, 25c. 4 lbs. Choice California Prunes, 25c.  
(Tilson's Pan Dried Oats, 10c. package.  
Foods Not Fads:— " Breakfast Food, 15c. "  
" Wheatlets, 10c. "  
SUGARS—We at present offer specially low prices on Redpath's Extra  
Granulated and Yellow Sugars by the barrel.

## W. R. MATHER.

## Shoe Specials for Women and Girls.

Girls' Fine Dongola Button, \$1.25 for	75c.
Girls' Fine Dongola Button, \$1.50 for	\$1.00.
Women's Fine Dongola Button, \$2.10 for	\$1.50.
Women's Fine Dongola Button, \$1.50 for	\$1.25.

The above lines are all first-class goods. The toes a little pointed. Will clear  
them out as we require the room for our large Spring Stock.

Ladies wear the EMPRESS SHOES. Well sized stock of RUBBERS.  
Leave your order for a pair of Hand Made Boots, as you will soon need them,  
Wood, Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

## J. W. BROWN,

RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT.

Belleville has re-engaged nearly all  
the old city officials at reduced salaries.  
Arrangements have been made to or-  
ganize a Lodge of Good Templars in  
Bancroft.

Dr. B. F. Butler, of Marmora, was a  
delegate to the Canadian Association of  
Fairs and Exhibitions, and was elected a  
director of the Association.

George Brown, aged 58 years, con-  
stable and bailiff of Athens, Ont., is be-  
ing sued for \$5,000 damages for trifling  
with the affections of Florence Stone,  
aged 21, of Picton.

The directors of the Marmora Agri-  
cultural Society have decided to secure  
expert judges for the fall exhibition and  
to build a large hall to take the place of  
the present one, which proved too  
small.

Marmora Methodist Church has been  
greatly improved and enlarged by the  
addition of a Sunday School room.  
The reopening services were announced  
for March 8th, but have been indefini-  
tely postponed. Watch for later dates.

## FOR SALE

About 34 acres of land being north-west  
corner of Lot 10, in the 9th Con. of Sidney,  
near C.O.R. For terms and further par-  
ticulars apply to  
JAMES LAKE, Stirling.

## GONE OUT OF BUSINESS.

Having sold out my blacksmith busi-  
ness, I wish to thank my customers for  
all past favors.  
All accounts must be settled at once.  
NORMAN LANKTREE,  
Agent for Massey-Harris Co., Stirling.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

## Settlers' One-Way Excursions

To Manitoba and Canadian North-West  
will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during  
March and April, 1903, if sufficient business  
offers.  
Passengers travelling without Live Stock  
should take the train leaving Toronto at 1.45  
P.M.  
Passengers travelling with Live Stock  
should take the train leaving Toronto at  
8.00 P.M.  
Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each  
train.  
For full particulars and copy of "Settlers'  
Guide," Western Canada" or "British Co-  
lumbia" apply to your nearest Canadian  
Pacific Agent, or to  
A. H. NOTMAN,  
Assistant General Passenger Agent,  
71 Yonge St., Toronto.

## FARM FOR SALE

OR TO LET.

A first-class grain and dairy farm for  
sale or to let, being part of Lot 16 in the  
7th Con. of Rawdon, containing 150 acres,  
more or less. About 125 acres cleared and  
in a good state of cultivation. The greater  
portion is plowed and ready for crop.  
Good frame house, and first-class barns  
and outbuildings. For terms and further  
particulars apply to CLINTON HOGLE, Sine  
P.O., or on the premises to  
ABNER T. HOGLE.

## Public Meeting.

A Public Meeting in the interest of the  
Peterboro' Sugar Co. will be held in  
McKee's Hall, Stirling, on Friday eve-  
ning, March 6th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of  
encouraging the raising of sugar beets for  
this factory. All farmers are requested to  
be present.

## SPRING SPECIALS.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday only, we make a Special Sale of Fancy  
Flower Pots at 20c. each or 2 for 35c. See them in our window. Don't miss this  
opportunity, and decorate your windows with one of our Fancy Flower Pots.

A bargain in this line—A Ready-to-Wear Cloth Skirt for \$1.50 and many others  
from \$1.50 to \$9.00 each.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR—In Ladies' White Underwear our stock is now  
complete and we can show you any line and at lowest prices. You will see a  
sample of them in our window this week.

CUSHION GINGHAMS—"I want a cushion top for Spring and I can get  
any color at C. F. STICKLE's and at 12c. yd. And I must go down there and  
buy my Print Dress and some Aprons. They have 175 pieces of the choicest and  
best Prints in town, prices from 5c. to 14c. yd."

TABLE LINENS and TOWELLING—You can get the best here, and at all  
prices, too numerous to mention.

Our Spring CORSETS are all in. Ask to see them. The D. & A., B. & I.,  
and Crompton—the highest grade corsets made, running in price from 45c.

Men's and Ladies' Rubbers, lowest prices. Floor Oilcloths, all widths.

Men's Rainproof Coats. Ladies' Rainproof Coats. Storm Umbrellas.

Ladies' Underskirts, Silk Waists and Waist Patterns.

Cushion Tops, Fancy Handkerchiefs, etc. Batting 12c. for a 16 oz. bunch.

## NEW WALL PAPERS.

This year we are handling Wall Papers. A new and select stock of American  
Wall Papers now in our store. Prices from the lowest to the highest. Our  
patterns are very fine and entirely new. Something you have never seen before.  
We ask you to call and look at them and convince yourself about being suited.

## C. F. STICKLE.

Suppose a Government Bank Offered  
To Set Aside a Sum of Money for You  
to be secured at the end of a term of years upon payment of small instal-  
ments, and with the guarantee that the whole sum would go to your heirs, in  
case of your death prior to that time, when your payments would immediately  
stop. WOULD YOU NOT TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THAT OFFER?

This is exactly what the  
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of Canada  
offers with dividends guaranteed.

Through its popular Endowment Policies it is worthy of your immediate  
investigation.

## BURROWS,

of BELLEVILLE, will be glad to furnish particulars.

Agents wanted.

**The NEWS-ARGUS PRINTERY**  
IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF  
FINE PRINTING  
.....AT SHORT NOTICE.....  
A Large stock of Fine Note Papers, Envelopes,  
Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, etc.  
Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, etc., at very low  
rates, and better than you get from City Jobbers.  
WEDDING INVITATIONS IN THE BEST STYLE.  
A large stock of "In Memoriam" Cards just to hand.

The NEWS-ARGUS to Jan. 1, 1904, 75c.



# Red Heart and Black Arrow

A Tale of the Rolling Wave

## CHAPTER VI.

If there was any hidden meaning in the doctor's speech, the snowy-haired passenger showed no sign of suspecting it. Raising his hat lightly more especially to me, but so as to include the general company, he said: "Emerson, C. Waldo, sir, is my name—General Waldo, late of the United States Cavalry—on a Yurup tour for the benefit of health and education. I reckon I've powerfully neglected both, sir, in my time, having mostly spent my life in fighting Indians on the plains."

"Well, General," I said, "I hope that you will make up for lost time, and get all the arrears of enjoyment due to you on the Queen of Night. It is not in the contract, but we mean to give you fine weather, smooth seas, and when we get down south, blue skies—if we can. We start fair anyhow."

I remained chatting a minute or two, and when I moved away, Zaverthal separated from the group and joined me in a promenade of the deck.

"You have been so occupied, sir, that I have got the start of you with the passengers," he said. "I may as well take the opportunity of posting you in what I have picked up. They are an average lot."

"Many invalids," I asked, with a vivid remembrance of the boatman's reference to "sea-funerals," though my question seemed almost silly amid that scene of gaiety and robust health.

"A few, but not many serious cases. There, though you might not think it is one of them," the doctor replied, pointing to a happy-looking, chubby-faced boy of fourteen who was amusing some of the elders by skylarking on the lower rattans. "That is the young Earl of Darnmore, who, if he ever attains his majority, will possess a rental of forty thousand a year. I fear that the lad is doomed, though heart complacent. And Zaverthal sighed sympathetically as we wheeled for another turn.

"That is hard lines," I said. "Are there any others about whom you are anxious?"

"There's a man called Desmond Orlebar whom I doubt if we shall bring home again. He has gone the pace and got himself into a generally silly played-out condition. There he is—sitting wrapped up on the other side of the deck, and indulging in his old games to the last, I see."

Following the direction of his glance, I saw a thin, sallow-faced man of forty, wearing a thick plaid ulster and propped up with pillows on a horrible lounge. A steward had just brought him a mahogany-colored brandy and soda, and Mr. Orlebar's efforts to take the glass from the tray into his shaking hands were painful to witness. There was no doubt about this passenger's illness.

"Poor beggar," I said. "And does that complete the list of dangerous cases?"

"Of the really dangerous ones, yes," replied Zaverthal. "There are one or two other patients who came to me with bad reports from their relations or private medical attendants, but I see no reason to be apprehensive about any of them—except perhaps one."

"Who is that?" I asked, somewhat carelessly. I fear, as we reached the limit of our promenade at the stern. Facing about, we both turned inwards to each other, so that, as Zaverthal answered my question, his eyes for a moment dwelt on mine. Again they had that strange glint.

"She is a Miss Challoner," was the reply that so startled me, that it would have been affectation on his part to have pretended not to notice its palpable effect. He hastened to add: "I rather fancy Nathan, before we met where, told me that you had met her."

"Yes, in a way I may be said to

have saved her life," I replied, and seeing no reason for further concealing a fact which was sure to go abroad in the ship, I briefly narrated the circumstances, only suppressing my present relations with the girl. "But surely," I concluded, "there must be some mistake about the state of Miss Challoner's health. I had a few words with her yesterday, and she laughed at the idea of there being anything wrong with her."

We turned again, and again I met the doctor's gaze piercing me from out of a face that smiled with sad benevolence in every feature, but that, by the patient herself. "The old story," he said sympathetically. "Every one concedes the danger, but the patient herself. I have not been called on to examine her yet, but her guardian wrote that it was an almost hopeless case of pulmonary phthisis. I presume her friends thought it unnecessary to frighten the poor girl by letting her know the nature and extent of her malady. However, as you take a very natural interest in her, I will observe closely and let you know in a day or two. Excuse me, but I think I am wanted—and, Captain, if you will allow me to advise, you will turn in for a spell. Your night-watch has taken it out of you, and you look as if you needed rest."

Needed rest! As he left my side to go to some one who was beckoning to him, the sun seemed to be blotted out. The doctor's face and laughter around made a horrid blur in my ears like the "racing" of machinery when the main-shaft breaks. To think that Aline—my sweet Aline in the heyday of her youth and beauty, and in the height of our new-found happiness—was dying of consumption. Then gradually the weight of sudden oppression was lifted, and, as the doctor's face faded, I could not believe that the trouble existed at all. I recalled what Aline had said about the "wish being father to the thought," with Sir Simon, and began to suspect that he had imagined what, probably from interested motives, he desired to become a reality. It was the first inkling of the truth, but how far short of it the events to be related must show.

The wind was light and steady from the east, and the glass high. We were clanking down Channel at an easy sixteen knots, with the massive front of the Mainebank cliffs glistening white in the sunlight five miles away on the starboard beam. There was nothing to keep me on deck, and having satisfactorily explained away the cause of my anxiety, I decided to take Zaverthal's advice and turn in till dinner-time, leaving him to do the honors at the luncheon-table. In going to my room I had to pass the spot where Mr. Orlebar's lounge was placed, and just as I was approaching it I met Aline's chaplain, as yet unknown to me, coming along the deck alone from the stern of the ship. The sick man caught sight of her while I was within two feet of him, and the effect of her appearance upon him was as inexplicable as it was sudden. His shaking fingers dropped the now empty glass with a crash upon the deck, and I distinctly heard him murmur—

"My God! It's Ella."

The recognition, if such it was to prove, did not appear to be mutual. Mrs. Brinkworth's attention was of course attracted by the falling glass, and she looked at the occupant of the lounge, but beyond a slight disquiet, which might very naturally have been caused by Orlebar's pulsive, drink-sodden features, no sign of knowing him escaped her. She passed on, stately and unmoved to the after-part of the deck, where I had no doubt that Aline was waiting for her.

I had not too many chance meetings on shipboard for the incident

to make any impression on me, and I should have dismissed it altogether from my mind if one of the parties to it had not been so intimately connected with Aline. As it was merely noted in the event of anything tending to show that Orlebar's presence on the ship would cause annoyance to a lady who had already won my dear girl's regard.

After a good sleep I awoke refreshed, and comforted with the reflection that, after all, beyond specifying the nature of her imaginary illness, Zaverthal had really said nothing more than Aline herself to confirm Sir Simon Crawshaw's estimate of her health. The doctor had not examined her chest, and his statement was based on nothing more substantial than a second-hand opinion which was probably all moonshine. I dressed, therefore, with every anticipation of a pleasant evening, and after a short visit to the bridge, to see that all was right, I went down and mingled with the passengers, eventually making my way to where Aline was sitting with Mrs. Brinkworth.

I have the instinct, common to most people, of knowing a friend from a foe. I saw a slight, and something told me from that moment that the quiet, sad-faced woman was Aline's friend and therefore mine. I think she had already guessed our secret, but, if not, she had every opportunity of doing so in the cheery half-hour we three spent together before the first gong sounded for dinner. We were so confident in the future and in the freedom which Aline's majority would bring her in a few months to affect more reserve than etiquette demanded in public. The shy and sentimental stage of courtship had been got over in the old Dahlia, and there was a very frank understanding between us.

When I sat down presently to preside, for the first time, in the saloon I found that I had General Waldo for my left-hand neighbor, and on the other side an ancient dowager—Lady Carberry—who took the place of honor by right of her title. Aline and Mrs. Brinkworth were seated at my table, but some way down, and too far off for sustained conversation with them. Parallel with mine was another table, at the head of which Doctor Zaverthal presided, and the latter's tutor on one hand, and a financial magnate and his wife on the other. Mr. Desmond Orlebar was also placed at the doctor's table, but some half dozen seats away. The "Captain's" table" was a few feet lower down, and was occupied by those who were or considered themselves the elite of the ship, and it was not till I found myself at the head of the brilliant assemblage, and the most deferred to personage in it, that I appreciated Nathan's compliment in selecting me for the job.

Dinner proceeded gaily, and I worked hard to make up for lost time in cultivating friendly relations with the passengers. General Waldo kept our end of the table in a constant roar of laughter over the descriptions of Western life, at which even the starchy old lady on my right had to unbend, and by the time dessert was reached I concluded that the social part of my duty was easier than I had expected. Things were going equally smoothly at the other table, where, with his quips and cranks, the young Earl was evidently establishing himself a general favorite. The least of the merry youngsters even spread to our table, his boyish laughter at Zaverthal's good humored sallies causing many heads to be turned to look at him. General Waldo, who could see him as he sat, seemed to watch him unceasingly with the sympathetic attention due to a kindred spirit.

Suddenly, as the ladies were beginning to leave the saloon, Waldo plucked me by the sleeve and exclaimed—

"Thunder, Captain! The swell of the ocean ought to be kinder to the swell on the ocean. What's up with our young aristocrat yonder?"

I thought at first that the veteran was merely cracking one of his copious jokes, but he looked round the head of the other table, and sure enough there was the Earl of Darnmore leaning back in his chair and gone deathly white, while Zaverthal had risen and was deftly unbuttoning the boy's collar with one hand and feeling his pulse with the other. The night was dead calm and save for the slight breeze caused by the pulsing of the engines, the ship was as steady as a church. Waldo's suggestion of sea-sickness seemed, therefore, wide of the mark, and I recollected what the doctor had said of the lad's weak heart in the morning.

At Zaverthal's bidding a couple of assistant-stewards lifted the young Earl's limp form and bore it away to his state-room, the doctor himself following, but pausing as he passed out to say to me—

"It is only a faint. He will be all right to-morrow, but I fear this confirms the report I had of him—poor little chap." And Zaverthal hurried away, tapping his broad waistcoat, the report of the pulse, and repeating again—"Poor little chap."

The tables were already pretty well thinned, and in a couple of minutes the incident was forgotten by save as a reminiscence. Waldo resumed the thread of a yarn, in which he had been interrupted, about a Texan horse-thief, scoring all his points, bringing the story to a close, and thoroughly enjoying the applause that greeted the climax. For a moment or two he sat as though meditating a fresh narrative, then suddenly jumped up and exclaimed—

"Pinapple, by Jove! I guess I'm a whole lot pinapple!"

He crossed over to the now vacant table where Lord Darnmore had been sitting, and had a goodish glass of fruit with him, coming back with it to his own place.

As he resumed his seat he looked at me, for the fraction of a second all the babbling fun in his face changed to stern severity, and in that brief, steadfast gaze remembrance came to me of some one quite different whom I had seen before—of Kennard, the American visitor to Nathan's office, who had forfeited his passage.

Whiskiness was one of expression only, and was gone like a flash, and with one of his jokes Waldo set to upon the pineapple with a relish that justified his eagerness to secure it.

(To Be Continued.)

## DOCTOR PARKER'S KINDNESS.

### Interesting Incidents in the Life of the Great Preacher.

The vein of rugged humor which appeared so frequently in the pulpit utterances of the late Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker of London, continually cropped out in the every-day clerical affairs of his life. He was once approached in the City Temple by a country clergyman, whose church was in an embarrassed financial condition, and asked to preach there on any day, at any hour, that might suit his convenience.

"It is impossible," replied Doctor Parker. "I have already more engagements than I can fill."

Mrs. Parker, who was present, saw the minister's look of disappointment. "My dear," she said to her husband, "you must go. This gentleman has come a long distance to see you, and you must make it possible for him."

"Well," said he, looking into the face of his rural brother, "you see I must go. Fix your day, and I will be there at twelve o'clock."

The village pastor returned his thanks, and went his way with a radiant countenance. The day after, the church was crowded. Doctor Parker preached in his usual telling manner, and pleaded for a generous offering as he alone could plead. At the conclusion of the service the pastor came into the vestry, and expressed his indebtedness to Doctor Parker, and the gratitude of the church to his valuable services, asking him to stay the night.

"How much, doctor, are we in your debt?"

"Forty-nine pounds, nine shillings and sixpence," promptly returned Doctor Parker.

This staggered the minister, who managed to stammer out, "It will take a little time to pay it all."

"Well, I will not take less," said Doctor Parker. "And meantime, as you have been out of pocket through coming up to see me in London, take this"—placing two sovereigns in the minister's hand—"to cover your outlay. Mind, not a halfpenny less to me than the sum named, or you can take utter notice of it."

Doctor Parker would accept nothing but third-class fares when he visited poor parishes, but woe to the church that had a reputation for meanness in money matters. He visited one such, where, after service, the deacon said, "Well, Doctor Parker, as to your funds."

"It is fifty pounds," the deacon demurred; Doctor Parker insisted. Finally the officials of the church got together and paid over the fifty pounds. Then Doctor Parker said:

"Now, this is not for myself. Some time ago you had So-and-So mentioning a somewhat obscure minister, 'preach here. You know that his church is a struggling one, and that he is a poor man with a large family. You refused to pay him more than his bare railway fares. To redeem this iniquity on your part I have charged you fifty pounds, and I shall send it on to him as his fee for the sermons he preached here."

## "JOHN BULL'S" HEIGHT.

Below will be found the statistics of the average height of 10,000 English boys and men. At the age of seven years the average was 5 feet 8 inches in height; at the age of 22, 5 feet 9 inches. At seventeen they weighed 142 lbs.; at 22, 153 lbs. No nation is increasing in height and weight so rapidly as the British. At 50 years the average had gone up to 5 feet 8 1/2 inches. The average height of the British upper classes at 30 years old is 5 feet 8 1/2 inches; of the farm laborer, 5 feet 7 3/4 inches. The criminal class, on the other hand, the average, as their height is but 5 feet 5 1/2 inches.

## LAKE COVERED WITH SALT.

Probably the most remarkable lake in the world is one with a coating of salt that completely conceals the water. It may be seen at any time during the year, fully exposed, being dried up at its best when the sun is shining upon it. This wonderful body is one of the saltiest of the world's lakes, and is situated near Obdorsk, Siberia. The lake is nine miles wide and seventeen long. The salt coat increases six inches every year. The many islands with which the lake is studded are all covered with salt crust to the top. The salt is so thick that it is not possible to walk upon it.

Mrs. Nextdoor—"I suppose your daughter is happily married?" Mrs. Naggsby—"Indeed she is. Why, let me tell you, she has actually told me to open his mouth in her presence."

## DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ureters, cleans the air passages, and restores the system. It is a permanent cure for Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers sell W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

"Mrs. Homer—"How do you manage to get your carpets so clean?" You hire a professional carpet cleaner. "Mrs. Neigh—"No; my husband beats them, and I always do something to make him angry just before he begins the job."

# ON THE FARM.

## LET THE BRAIN HELP.

There are farmers who rise by three or four o'clock in the morning, and who invariably eat their suppers by artificial light. They are too tired evenings to read papers, so they do not take any; and for the same reason they only answer their wives in drowsy monosyllables. Almost before the supper dishes are cleared away they are off to bed, and are up again as soon as a few occult intimations demonstrate that daylight is so very far away. They do not oil their harnesses, or look after their farm tools, or prune their apple trees or do any of the little hundred and one things that are the real profit of the farm, because they have no time. Work is always crowding for them, and they are too tired to make plans between one day's labor and another. And so this work goes on, year after year, and they are scarce able to hold their own. They would put in a few more hours if they could, but already they are robbing the ends of the night, and it is impossible for them to plow more. They are too busy and too tired to reason the thing out dispassionately, so they become morose and discontented and disheartened. They have neighbors who are prosperous and successful, and whose children have time to attend school and social gatherings, and they wonder rebelliously, for the neighbors do not work as hard as they. These farmers are doing their best, in their way, to get on in the world, and they are working just as earnestly and lovingly for the welfare of their children as are their prosperous neighbors. But they have never been brought to understand the value of brain and hands

## WORKING TOGETHER.

That labor well planned is half done. They seek prosperity with blind diligence, and failing to grasp it struggle more persistently, more stubbornly, perhaps, more hopelessly than ever. It is hard to reach them, for they and their wives and their children are working as only hard-working farmers toil, and they have no faith or time or patience for new ideas. They may work on for years—for a lifetime—in the vicinity of progressive neighbors, and never realize that it is they who are in the fault, and not blind luck. It is incomprehensible to them that the twenty-acre fields of once-hood corn are less profitable than the five-acre lots of their neighbors, who are careful in the selection of seed and whose crops are hoed again as often as the ground becomes baked. And as it is with corn, so it is with everything else. Their orchards yield only half the fruit that the well-cared and well-cared for, and their berry vines and plants soon become choked with weeds and cease to bear. They are ambitious of big fields and big farms and many cultivated acres, and they work as only willing men can work to keep them such. But the farms are too large, and the fields too broad, and the acres too many, and in spite of the hours they rob from sleep their work falls behind as the season advances, and in the fall, when their crops are gathered in, they wonder why their one hundred or two hundred acres yield less than the fifty or seventy-five of their neighbors. And so they go on, working without planning, and only coming to realize their failure, perhaps, that groping hands cannot reach success without the intelligent guidance of brain.

## DUAL PURPOSE COWS.

Strange theories are being propounded in these latter days by one or two others as to how those dual purpose cows shall be bred, writes Prof. Thomas Shaw. One of the most recent of those theories is the wretched one that in order to get a dual purpose cow of the extreme type of a beef and a dairy cow, the theory claims that if the progeny is a male it will make a good meat producer, and if it is a female it will make a good milk producer. This fallacy assumes, first, that the features of external form take chief importance in the selection of a cow; and secondly, that the features of internal function take chief importance. The whole organism, external and internal, inheritance and the quality of the parent that is most prepotent, that is to say, the parent that is most purely bred.

This would mean that a mating such as a sire, if purely bred, regardless of the inheritance in dairy power from the female, would give all her progeny a bias in favor of meat production. This theory also ignores the further fact that two highly bred animals were mated thus, in the absence of affinity in the dominant blood elements, there would be a tendency to revert to the type of the parents. In those instances, therefore, saying that the progeny would be the unfortunate thing about this absolutely untenable theory is that some well-meaning persons are holding it up to the gaze of the multitude, many of whom do not know any better. Wherever it is so held up, it ought to be ridiculed through and through with the shot and shell of condemnation.

Others claim that the dual cow, however bred, is a sport. This would involve the assumption that 91 Red Poll cows in the herd of Garrett Taylor, Whittingham, England, which in 1893 gave an average of 5,110 pounds of milk, were all sports. In fact, it would involve the assumption that nearly all the females of the Red Poll and Brown Swiss breeds were sports. The true idea is that the dual purpose cattle are to be bred as all other cattle are bred, that is to say, by using sire and dam of dual purpose types.

And the sooner breeders settle down to this thought the sooner will the country be filled with the most valuable class of cattle. I have often wondered during recent years at the patience and meekness, and shall I add apparent want of spirit, shown by those who avowedly breed dual purpose cattle. They have meekly allowed the men who have had the unluckiest streak to stigmatize their animals as a myth, a delusion and a snare, to unfurl their banners and march over the land without even throwing down to them a challenge.

## PRUNING OLD APPLE TREES.

Look over your trees and note whether there is much new wood or not. If there is, the pruning may be quite vigorous, with care to leave enough of this new wood to form fruit spurs. Remove all limbs that are misshapen, crooked or broken. Take out all dead wood. If a tree has a limb with one branch directly above the other, for these will split with a heavy crop of fruit. Cut out as much from the center of the tree as from the outside, so as to allow light and sun to enter. Always keep a good record of the work you do on each tree to have a well-shaped top and that cultivation must be done under these trees.

Avoid the very common mistake of cutting down too many large limbs, thinking they will suffice for many smaller ones. The correct practice is to cut several small limbs farther out rather than remove a large one, except in cases where there are two large branches close together. A good rule is not to remove a limb larger than 10 inches in diameter. In the cutting of limbs, make the cut as square as possible, and near the larger limit from which the one to be removed is growing.

There are some precautions to be observed in pruning, for the novice is liable to go to excess in some things, and not to do enough in others.

Two moderate prunings will do more good than one severe one. In some cases one-half to two-thirds of the top may be cut out, depending upon the thickness of the top. Do not prune when the limbs are frozen. The earlier in the spring the pruning is done, the better. It is fatal to cut a tree when it is frozen. Begin to prune as soon as the season of heavy freezing is past and no danger may be feared from frosts. Finally, do not expect the pruning alone to make your trees to bear a good crop of fruit.

## MONKEYS IN INDIA.

### Lady Barker's First Dinner Party at Simla.

Monkeys are frequent visitors to the houses in Simla. They come in troops, scamper about over the tal trees, swinging themselves from branch to branch, and leaping about after the manner of their kind. They are very mischievous, and will climb up the trees to get at the level with the balconies. They thus afford excellent cover for the monkeys, should it please them to enter and help themselves to food or anything else. At an amusing story is told of Lady Barker's first dinner party at Simla.

Desirous of having a party table, Lady Barker had a formal expended much care in decorating it. She had just received from Europe certain dainty china figures and ornamental dishes, and had arranged a tempting show of sweet meats, flowers and fruit.

When dressing time came Lady Barker charged her servants to be on the watch and take care of everything; but something of interest occurred outside, and every servant left the room, quite forgetting to close an open window. Before this window was a big tree on which several monkeys, which had watched the preparations for dinner with much interest.

A half hour later the hostess appeared, ready to receive her guests. Just to be sure that everything was as she wished, she gave a glance into the dining room. There she beheld a work, grinning and jabbering, their cheeks and arms crammed with expensive sweetmeats, while the table presented a scene of frightful devastation—broken glass and china, and linen soiled, and everything tossed about in a complete confusion.

From this wreck she had to turn aside and welcome her guests with as much ease of manner as possible, and dinner had to be deferred till after the monkeys had been driven off. There was no decoration on the table that day, but when the circumstances became known, that dinner party was one of the most noted that Simla ever had.

## ALFONSO'S CHARMED LIFE.

The young King of Spain was no fear of anarchists. The astrologers have told him that he bears a charmed life and will live to a good old age. One horoscope, made in 1898, foretells attempts upon his life, but says that he will receive nothing worse than a bullet or knife on his face from a bullet or knife. He is to marry a dark woman older than himself, very rich in money and lands, and the couple will live long and happily together. His order could be restored to the throne under his reign when he arrives at the age of 22. He will be victorious in many battles.

## HE SUCCEEDED.

A man arrested for murder bribed an Irishman on the jury with £20 to hang out for a verdict of manslaughter. The jury came in with a long time, and the man was rushed up to the Irish juror and said: "I'm obliged to you, my friend. Did you have a hard time?" "Yes," said the Irishman; "as I was told to do it, I had a hard time." "The other eleven want to acquit you."

He—"What lovely flowers! Do you know, they remind me of you." "Why, they are artificial." "Yes, I know; but it requires close examination to detect the difference."

# Kidney Trouble and Lumbago.

Thirty Years of Backache and Rheumatism—Winter Season is Especially Severe—Attributes Cure to DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

This season of the year is especially trying on the older people. The pains and aches grow more severe in the cold and changeable weather, the kidneys get out of order, rheumatism and lumbago torture their victims, there are aching backs, urinary and bowel disorders, and general weakness, and fatal maladies.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are particularly suited to the needs of persons of advanced age. They regulate and invigorate the liver, kidneys, and bowels and prove effectual when ordinary medicines fail. This letter from Mr. Robert Jackson gives some idea of what this treatment is accomplishing every day.

Mr. Robert Jackson, ship carpenter, Port Robinson, Ont., states: "I was afflicted with kidney trouble and lumbago for about thirty years. The winters were always very severe on me, and I was many times incapacitated with all the severe symptoms of both troubles. I had backache, biliousness, rheumatism,

headache, and constipation, and was wrecked physically. I used all the means of medicine and have been treated by the medical profession to no purpose.

"In the spring of 1902 I began using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and from the start received great results from the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills after health and vigor, my old trouble being a thing of the past. I am seventy-five years old, and if, at my advanced age, I have received such great results from the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills after years of unnecessary suffering, there can be no doubt of their efficacy in the treatment of younger persons. I recommend them to every one who has tried to think of words to express my gratitude, but it is beyond expression, for they have done more for me than I could have believed."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill dose, 25 cents a box. All dealers, or Edmanston, Bates and Co., Toronto.



# THE MARKETS

Prices of Grain, Cattle etc.  
in Trade Centres.

## BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, March 3.—Wheat—The market is quiet, with prices steady. No. 2 white and red sold at 70 to 70 1/2 middle freight, No. 2 spring nominal at 70 on Midland, and No. 2 wheat steady; No. 1 hard, 88c, all rail, grinding in transit; No. 1 Northern, 86c all rail, grinding in transit; No. 1 hard, 87c North Bay; No. 1 Northern, 85c North Bay.

Oats—Trade is quiet, with No. 2 white quoted at 31c middle freight, and No. 1 white at 32c east.

Barley—Trade is quiet, with No. 3 extra quoted at 46c middle freight, and No. 3 at 43 1/2 to 44 middle freight.

Corn—No. 3 American yellow quoted at 52 1/2 to 53c on track Toronto. Canadian yellow, 45c west.

Peas—The market is dull, with No. 2 offering at 71c high freight.

Buckwheat—Sales of No. 2 at 48c east.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents unchanged at \$2.67 middle freight, in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$3.25 to \$3.40 in bbls. Manitoba flour steady. No. 1 patent, \$4.35 to \$4.40, and second, \$4.10 to \$4.20. Strong bakers', \$3.90 to \$4.00, bags included, Toronto.

Milled—Bran \$16 here, and shorts \$18. At outside points bran is quoted at \$16, and shorts at \$17.50. Manitoba bran in sacks, \$19, and shorts, \$21 here.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Trade continues quiet. Medium, \$1.65 to \$1.75 per bush, and hand-picked, \$1.90 to \$2.

Dried apples—Market continues very dull, with the price nominal at 3 1/2c per lb. Evaporated, 6 to 6 1/2c.

Honey—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. Strained sells at 8 to 8 1/2c per lb., and comb, at \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Hay—Baled—The market is quiet at unchanged prices. Choice timothy \$10 on track, and mixed at \$8 to \$8.50.

Straw—The market is quiet for car lots on track quoted at \$5.50 to \$6 a ton.

Maple syrup—Five-gallon cans, \$1 a gallon; one-gallon cans, \$1.10, and half-gallon, \$1.20.

Onions—The market is dull at 40c per bush for Canadian.

Poultry—Offerings are very small. We quote: Fresh-killed dry picked turkeys, 15 to 16c, geese, 9 to 11c per lb; ducks, 90c to \$1.25; chickens (young), 85c to \$1.00; old hens, 60 to 70c per pair; frozen and held stock 2 to 3c per lb less than the above quotations.

Potatoes—Market steady. Cars on track, \$1 to \$1.05; and small lots, \$1.25 per bag.

## THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—The local butter market is quiet, with prices unchanged. We quote:—Finest 1-lb rolls, 13 to 19c; selected dairy tubs, 17 to 18c; choice large rolls, 17 to 18c; second grades (rolls and tubs), 13 to 15c; creamery prints, 21 1/2 to 23c; solids, 20c.

Eggs—New laid, selling at 17c; cold storage, 10 to 12c, as to quality, picked, 11 to 13c.

Cheese—Market steady. We quote: Finest Septembers, 13 1/2c; seconds, 13c; twins, 14c.

## HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are steady, with car lots of Western selling at \$7.50 to \$7.60, and Northern at \$7.65 to \$7.75. Cured meats steady, with demand fair. We quote: Bacon, clear 10 to 10 1/2c, in ton and case lots. Pork, mess, \$21.50; do., short cut, \$22.50.

Smoked hams, 13 to 13 1/2c; rolls, 11 1/2 to 12c; shoulders, 14c; backs, 14 to 14 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 14 to 14 1/2c.

Lard—Market steady. We quote: Tierces, 10 1/2c; tubs, 10 1/2c; pails, 11c.

## BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 3.—Grain—No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, 74c; No. 1 Northern, 72c, February delivery: No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; as store, say delivery: peas, 71c high freight; No. 2 in store, high freight, 37 1/2 to 37 3/4, 31 1/2 high freight; rye, 49c east; buckwheat, 48 1/2 to 49c east. Flour—Manitoba patents, \$4.40 to \$4.50; seconds, \$4.10 to \$4.20; Ontario straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.65; in bags, \$1.70 to \$1.75; patents, \$3.70 to \$4.10. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$10 to \$20; shorts, \$21 to \$22, bags included; Ontario bran in bulk, \$18 to \$19.50; shorts in bulk, \$20 to \$21. Provisions—Hams, Canadian short cut pork, \$24 to \$25; Canadian short cut, \$23.50 to \$24; compound refined lard, 8 1/2 to 9c; pure Canadian lard, 12 1/2 to 13c; lard, 12 to 12 1/2c; hams, 12 1/2 to 13c; bacon, 14 to 15c; dressed hogs, \$8.25 to \$9 per 100 lbs. Eggs—New laid, 20 to 21c; picked, 16c; Montreal, 12 to 13c; 13c. Cheese—Ontario, No. 2 in Townships, 13c. Butter—Townships creamery, 21 1/2c; seconds, 18 1/2c; Western rolls, 17 1/2 to 18c; rolls, 16 1/2 to 17 1/2c.

## UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Mar. 3.—Wheat, May, 76 1/2 to 78 1/2; July, 74 1/2; on track, No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 77 1/2 to 77 3/4; No. 2 Northern, 76 1/2 to 76 3/4.

Buffalo, Mar. 3.—Flour, steady. Wheat—Winter fair export for red: No. 1 white, 80c; No. 2 red, 80c; spring, light demand; No. 1 hard, 75c; Corn—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 52c; case.

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Barley—Trade is quiet, with No. 3 extra quoted at 46c middle freight, and No. 3 at 43 1/2 to 44 middle freight.

Corn—No. 3 American yellow quoted at 52 1/2 to 53c on track Toronto. Canadian yellow, 45c west.

Peas—The market is dull, with No. 2 offering at 71c high freight.

Buckwheat—Sales of No. 2 at 48c east.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents unchanged at \$2.67 middle freight, in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$3.25 to \$3.40 in bbls. Manitoba flour steady. No. 1 patent, \$4.35 to \$4.40, and second, \$4.10 to \$4.20. Strong bakers', \$3.90 to \$4.00, bags included, Toronto.

Milled—Bran \$16 here, and shorts \$18. At outside points bran is quoted at \$16, and shorts at \$17.50. Manitoba bran in sacks, \$19, and shorts, \$21 here.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Trade continues quiet. Medium, \$1.65 to \$1.75 per bush, and hand-picked, \$1.90 to \$2.

Dried apples—Market continues very dull, with the price nominal at 3 1/2c per lb. Evaporated, 6 to 6 1/2c.

Honey—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. Strained sells at 8 to 8 1/2c per lb., and comb, at \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Hay—Baled—The market is quiet at unchanged prices. Choice timothy \$10 on track, and mixed at \$8 to \$8.50.

Straw—The market is quiet for car lots on track quoted at \$5.50 to \$6 a ton.

Maple syrup—Five-gallon cans, \$1 a gallon; one-gallon cans, \$1.10, and half-gallon, \$1.20.

Onions—The market is dull at 40c per bush for Canadian.

Poultry—Offerings are very small. We quote: Fresh-killed dry picked turkeys, 15 to 16c, geese, 9 to 11c per lb; ducks, 90c to \$1.25; chickens (young), 85c to \$1.00; old hens, 60 to 70c per pair; frozen and held stock 2 to 3c per lb less than the above quotations.

Potatoes—Market steady. Cars on track, \$1 to \$1.05; and small lots, \$1.25 per bag.

## THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—The local butter market is quiet, with prices unchanged. We quote:—Finest 1-lb rolls, 13 to 19c; selected dairy tubs, 17 to 18c; choice large rolls, 17 to 18c; second grades (rolls and tubs), 13 to 15c; creamery prints, 21 1/2 to 23c; solids, 20c.

Eggs—New laid, selling at 17c; cold storage, 10 to 12c, as to quality, picked, 11 to 13c.

Cheese—Market steady. We quote: Finest Septembers, 13 1/2c; seconds, 13c; twins, 14c.

## HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are steady, with car lots of Western selling at \$7.50 to \$7.60, and Northern at \$7.65 to \$7.75. Cured meats steady, with demand fair. We quote: Bacon, clear 10 to 10 1/2c, in ton and case lots. Pork, mess, \$21.50; do., short cut, \$22.50.

Smoked hams, 13 to 13 1/2c; rolls, 11 1/2 to 12c; shoulders, 14c; backs, 14 to 14 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 14 to 14 1/2c.

Lard—Market steady. We quote: Tierces, 10 1/2c; tubs, 10 1/2c; pails, 11c.

## BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 3.—Grain—No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, 74c; No. 1 Northern, 72c, February delivery: No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; as store, say delivery: peas, 71c high freight; No. 2 in store, high freight, 37 1/2 to 37 3/4, 31 1/2 high freight; rye, 49c east; buckwheat, 48 1/2 to 49c east. Flour—Manitoba patents, \$4.40 to \$4.50; seconds, \$4.10 to \$4.20; Ontario straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.65; in bags, \$1.70 to \$1.75; patents, \$3.70 to \$4.10. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$10 to \$20; shorts, \$21 to \$22, bags included; Ontario bran in bulk, \$18 to \$19.50; shorts in bulk, \$20 to \$21. Provisions—Hams, Canadian short cut pork, \$24 to \$25; Canadian short cut, \$23.50 to \$24; compound refined lard, 8 1/2 to 9c; pure Canadian lard, 12 1/2 to 13c; lard, 12 to 12 1/2c; hams, 12 1/2 to 13c; bacon, 14 to 15c; dressed hogs, \$8.25 to \$9 per 100 lbs. Eggs—New laid, 20 to 21c; picked, 16c; Montreal, 12 to 13c; 13c. Cheese—Ontario, No. 2 in Townships, 13c. Butter—Townships creamery, 21 1/2c; seconds, 18 1/2c; Western rolls, 17 1/2 to 18c; rolls, 16 1/2 to 17 1/2c.

## UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Mar. 3.—Wheat, May, 76 1/2 to 78 1/2; July, 74 1/2; on track, No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 77 1/2 to 77 3/4; No. 2 Northern, 76 1/2 to 76 3/4.

Buffalo, Mar. 3.—Flour, steady. Wheat—Winter fair export for red: No. 1 white, 80c; No. 2 red, 80c; spring, light demand; No. 1 hard, 75c; Corn—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 52c; case.

# CATCH OF FISH DECREASED

Annual Report of Provincial Fishery Department.

A despatch from Toronto says:—According to the report of the Provincial Fishery Department, the total value of the fish caught in Ontario last year was \$1,313,676.88, a decrease of \$114,401.70 as compared with 1901.

The amount of fish caught in pounds was as follows:—Whitefish, 2,860,070, a decrease of 100,770; salted whitefish, 48,500, a decrease of 206,700; herring, 5,225,654, a decrease of 2,567,784; salted herring, 864,400, an increase of 388,100; trout, 5,117,368, a decrease of 168,000; salted trout, 227,900, a decrease of 290,300; pickerel, 3,691,355, an increase of 637,800; pike, 1,720,830, a decrease of 135,425; sturgeon, 577,984, a decrease of 14,500; caviare, 17,290,844, an increase of 223,777; catfish, 843,731, an increase of 115,900; coarse fish, 2,067,814, an increase of 826,800; eels, 73,238, a decrease of 1,952; tullible, 58,768, an increase of 20,861.

The department during the year received \$40,140.70 and the total expenditure was \$38,514.

Engaged in the fishing industry there are 1,295 boats, with 2,296 men, against 1,299, with 2,313 men in 1901. Licenses were issued for 2,538,673 yards of gill net, 98 seines, 479 pond nets, 479 hoop nets, 122 dip nets, and 1,453 hooks as compared with 2,410,627 yards of gill net, 102 seines, 432 pond nets, 484 hoop nets, 3 dip nets, and 34,315 hooks in 1901. Each year licenses were issued for three machines for winding up nets on the Niagara River.

There were 69 people fined during the year, and the amount paid was \$540, while in 1901 it was \$1,527.

The Dominion authorities deposited the report says, 101,896,000 fry in the waters of Ontario.

## LATE QUEEN'S PRESENTS.

King Will Send Collection to St. Louis Exposition.

A London despatch says:—King Edward will send the late Queen Victoria's priceless collection of jubilee presents for exhibition at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, as his personal contribution towards the success of the exposition. The King personally announced this decision on Wednesday to D. R. Francis, president of the St. Louis Exposition, who accompanied by Ambassador Choate, was received in audience by his Majesty at Buckingham Palace in the morning. King Edward told Mr. Francis that he had been prompted to take this step by his keen appreciation of the affection and respect in which the American people always held his mother, and as a token of his intimate sympathy with American interests.

## TO REVISE JAIL SYSTEM.

Government Gives Indication of Its Intention.

A Kingston despatch says:—While visiting the city, Inspector Chamberlain intimated that he intended recommending to the Ontario Government the re-establishment of its jail system, and the arrangement of jail districts. For instance, he would advise that the jail in Kingston serve the purpose of the Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, instead of the present arrangement. As prisoners are conveyed to Kingston from the back of the country, over 100 miles, there is no reason, he claims, why the district as far west as Napanee could not be included. There is a prospect, too, of the Government requiring the counties to keep up poor houses, and a re-arrangement could therefore be effected all round.

## CANADIAN CATTLE.

Motion to Remove the Embargo Defeated.

A London despatch says:—In the House of Commons on Wednesday, Mr. Price moved an amendment to the address providing for the repeal of the law excluding Canadian cattle from British markets. Mr. Hanbury, president of the Board of Agriculture, opposed the amendment on the ground that it would be a dangerous precedent to admit Canadian cattle, thus giving them preference over the best of the colonies, but that 99 per cent. of the farmers in Great Britain were opposed to the admission of Canadian store cattle, and nothing would induce them to abate a particle of the present Act. The amendment was rejected by 190 votes to 38.

## SHOT THROUGH HEART.

Prominent Resident of Gore Bay Found Dead in Barn.

A Little Current, Ont., despatch says:—H. Thorburn, prominent resident of Gore Bay, and Indian agent for Western Manitoulin, was found dead in his barn on Wednesday morning. He went to the barn at 8 o'clock, and was found shot through the heart, a repeating rifle lying beside him. It is supposed that he committed suicide.

## TO EXTEND MARKETS.

New Division in Federal Department of Agriculture.

An Ottawa despatch says:—A new division has been created in the Department of Agriculture for the extension of markets for Canadian agricultural and manufactured products. Mr. W. W. Moore, who has already made a successful trip to South Africa in connection with trade matters, will have charge of the new division.

# MURDER IN BUFFALO.

Found Dead in Smoking Room With Skull Beaten In.

A Buffalo despatch says:—Edwin L. Burdick, president of E. L. Burdick and Company, was murdered early on Friday at his home in Ashland avenue. He was last seen alive on Thursday night at 10.30, when he bade the other members of the household good-night and started for his room, apparently with the intention of retiring for the night. Friday morning his body, clad in an undershirt, was found lying in a couch in a small room off the lower hall, used by Burdick as a smoking room. The body was covered with a rug and a number of sofa pillows. The head had been crushed with some blunt instrument, and the blows were delivered with such force that the skull was fractured in several places.

A thorough examination of the house showed that the outside door was locked, and the spring lock was in its place when the servants got up on Friday morning. The kitchen window was partly raised, but there were no marks on the snow outside or upon the window sill to indicate anything. All the other windows and doors of the house were securely fastened. No weapon could be found anywhere. On the table in the smoking-room the detectives found a bottle partly filled with whiskey and the remains of a light lunch. Members of the family declare that Burdick never partook of the food of which the lunch was composed, and never drank liquor while eating. It is believed that Burdick was called downstairs by a ring or knock at the door after he was ready for bed, and that he admitted someone he knew well, and took the visitor into the den for a talk, and to partake of the luncheon found there.

Mrs. Burdick, the murdered man's wife, came home two months ago with the intention, it is said, of not returning. It is known that they did not live happily together. On December 3 proceedings for divorce were filed in the county clerk's office by Mr. Burdick.

## THE FAST SERVICE.

Parliament Will Be Asked to Ratify C. P. R. Contract

A Montreal despatch says:—Mr. Fielding, Dominion Finance Minister, arrived in Montreal on Saturday, and during the day had a long conference with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific. No announcement was made regarding the result of the conference, but it is learned from well-informed sources that the Dominion Government will at the approaching session ask Parliament to ratify a contract with the Canadian Pacific for a fast steamship service between Canada and Great Britain. It is stated that Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Fielding, and other leading members of the Cabinet favor the granting of the contract to the Canadian Pacific, and that Mr. Blair, Canadian Minister of Railways, has withdrawn his opposition. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy left for New York on Sunday night on his way to England, where he will spend a month. It is understood that Mr. D. W. Campbell, Montreal manager of the Elder Dempster company, will be the manager of the new Canadian Pacific Atlantic steamship service.

## A HUMAN OSTRICH.

Stomach of a Man Who Said He Had Indigestion.

A Buffalo despatch says:—Physicians at the Erie County Hospital state that as a result of an operation performed at the hospital, 453 carpet tacks, 41 small knife blades, 142 screw nails, 40 pin points, resembling the points on a shoemaker's awl, six and one-half ounces of ground glass and a wire chain about three inches in length were taken from the stomach of the patient, Claude Trimble, twenty-four years old, who claims to be a cook. He went to the hospital complaining of indigestion, and dull pains in the stomach. The physicians report that the patient is in a fair way to recovery.

## DEATH RATE INCREASES.

Report of Provincial Health Department.

A Toronto despatch says:—According to the monthly report for January, issued by the Provincial Board of Health, the death rate in Ontario was slightly higher than for the corresponding period of last year. The total number of deaths from all causes was 2,143, as against 2,023 in 1902. The deaths from contagious diseases were as follows:—

	1902.	1903.
Scarlatina	28	90
Diphtheria	48	59
Measles	21	6
Whooping cough	7	9
Typhoid	31	25
Tuberculosis	169	175

## BLEW OUT THE GAS.

Three Farmers in Winnipeg Likely to Die.

A Winnipeg despatch says:—Three farmers from Minnesota named W. Olson, J. W. Peterson and A. J. Neilson, who arrived on Thursday on a land seeking expedition, were found suffocated in their room at a city hotel this morning. They are not yet dead, but have been unconscious up to a late hour, and very little hope is held out for their recovery. All are married men, about forty years of age. One of the party evidently blew out the gas.

Five hundred Imperial troops were ambushed by rebels in Kwangsi Province, China, and killed.

# PLANS PERFECTED.

Nearly 4,000 Macedonians Are Ready For Action.

A Sofia, Bulgaria, despatch says:—Unabated energy both in words and deeds, marks the hostility of the Macedonian revolutionists toward the programme of Turkish reforms defined by Russia and Austria and supported by Europe. Sarafoff and Michalevsky, the leaders of the rebels, whose arrest was decreed by Russia, have escaped the clutches of the Bulgarian officers. They are now engaged in an active campaign of incitement, traveling from one band of Bulgarian revolutionists to another and perfecting arrangements for the proposed uprising in the spring.

Bands of from sixty to 100 revolutionists have been got together in 34 different parts of North Macedonia by these chiefs. Nearly 4,000 insurgents are under arms and ready for action in the south. The leaders keep the people's spirit of revolt alive by telling them to remember how the Turk has never carried out any reform and assuring them that the programme drawn up by the powers does nothing more than scratch the surface of the Macedonian grievances, and that every stipulation will be violated by the Sultan after a show of compliance. Sensible students of the situation realize that the agitators are leading a forlorn hope, now that they have been deprived of their trump card, European assistance. In effective military measures on the part of the Sultan, Abdul Hamid is now free to deal summarily with the revolutionists. Hence it is likely that their persistence of armed Macedonians in disorder at the present juncture is synonymous with their annihilation.

## CANADA PROTESTS.

Objects to American Jurists on Alaskan Tribunal.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The Canadian protest against the appointment of Messrs. Lodge and Turner as Alaskan boundary commissioners has gone forward to the Imperial authorities. Of course, it is hardly likely that anything will come of it, as the British Government will not send an official communication to Washington on the subject. The protest, however, will do good in that it will open the eyes of the British people to the manner in which the United States carry out their obligations. In direct antithesis to the action of the Washington authorities, the British commissioners to be appointed will be men of the highest standing and the names of Lord Alvestone, Lord Chief Justice of England; Sir John Boyd, Toronto, and Mr. Justice Armour, Ottawa, are very favorably mentioned in official circles.

## YOUNG GIRL'S FATAL ERROR.

Underestimated Effect of a Dose of Carbolic Acid.

A Toronto despatch says:—Fourteen-year-old Rona Mills, daughter of Mrs. R. Armstrong, died at the General Hospital on Friday at 10.15 a.m. from the effects of carbolic acid poisoning, having taken a mixture of carbolic and glycerine early in the morning at her home, 14 Regent avenue. It is alleged that the girl had been angered by her mother's resolution to go away on a visit, and that she told her step-aunt she had made up her mind to make herself sick in order to force her mother to remain at home. The threat was not taken seriously, but that she meant what she said was apparent when the girl was found lying on her bed unconscious with the empty bottle near by. Medical aid was summoned, but all efforts to revive her proved futile.

## \$65,000,000 IN CONTRACTS.

United States Manufacturers Have Scored in Europe.

A London despatch says:—The Birmingham Post, in an article in its issue of Wednesday, calls the attention of British manufacturers to the fact that contracts involving the sum of \$65,000,000 have been obtained by American interests during the last few weeks for the construction of electric traction systems in England, Russia, and Holland. These contracts include the conversion of all the horse tramways of St. Petersburg into electric roads, the construction of an underground railway and the erection of 16 iron bridges across the Neva.

## CONTRACT LET.

C. P. R. Double Track From Rat Portage to Fort William.

A Winnipeg despatch says:—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has awarded the contract for double tracking their line from Rat Portage to Fort William to Foley Bros. & Company, the well-known railway contractors, and work will begin as soon as camps are started. Mr. Satter, civil engineer, is now in the city making arrangements for the work, and the contractors have engaged about 150 men to go to work at once.

## DR. R. J. GATLING DEAD.

Invented the Great Gun Bearing His Name.

A New York despatch says:—Dr. R. J. Gatling, the inventor of the Gatling gun, died suddenly in this city on Thursday afternoon, at the home of his son-in-law, Hugh O. Pentecost. He was 85 years old. Mr. Gatling, besides the gun, which bears his name, invented a number of agricultural implements and a gun metal. Although he graduated from the Ohio Medical College, he never practiced a medicine.

# NEWS ITEMS.

Telegraphic Briefs From All Over the Globe.

## CANADA.

Sydney, N. S., is to be incorporated a city. The population is now 15,000.

During the past season 758 seagoing vessels arrived at the port of Montreal.

The total loss by fire in Brantford last year was \$114,794; covered by \$209,500 insurance.

The advisability of providing cold storage facilities en route to the Yukon is under consideration.

The Vancouver Island sheep received \$1,153,014.50 worth of bullion for testing during the past year.

The Nova Scotia Government has practically intimated its intention of starting an agricultural college for the province.

Fifteen Minnesota capitalists visited Fort Francis, in the Rainy River district, with the object of investing their money about there.

The total grain shipments from Montreal last season were 1,883,821 bushels behind the previous year, but there was a big increase in wheat.

The Canadian-American Coal Company's mine at Frank, Alberta, is now producing and shipping over 1,000 tons of coal per day out of a single mine.

Next year will mark the 75th anniversary of the commencement of lectures at McGill University, Montreal. The graduates will erect a memorial building at a cost of \$1,800,000.

Robert Douglas, a former resident of St. Catharines, writing from Cape Town, South Africa, says there is a good market for Canadian apples there, and tells of one shipment which brought \$7.50 per barrel.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

The memorial of the late Singhhh The memorial of the late Sir Samuel Browne, V. C., which is to be put in St. Paul's Cathedral, is finished, and will shortly be placed in position.

Though beaten with sticks and slashed with a butcher's knife, a bull terrier which seized a fallen tramway horse by the neck in South Shields, would not let go till killed by a policeman's baton.

Census returns show that 846 men and 1,424 unmarried and 946 married women or widows work work glove factories in Somerset, and 38 men and 1,602 women make gloves at their homes. In ten years the numbers have decreased by nearly one-fifth.

In London 2,652 births and 1,569 deaths were registered last week. The births were 80, and the deaths 139 below the averages. The 1,569 deaths included 41 from measles, six from scarlet fever, eight from diphtheria, 76 from whooping-cough, four from enteric fever, and 19 from diarrhoea. Different forms of violence caused 77 deaths. Of these 16 were cases of suicide, while the remaining 61 were attributed to accident or negligence.

## UNITED STATES.

Representatives of English railways will visit the United States to study American railway methods.

Although 80 years old, Mrs. Abram Ver How, of Williamson, N. Y., is cutting a new set of teeth in both jaws.

The United States Senate has appropriated \$2,000,000 for the purchase of a site for the New York post-office building.

Society people at Holly Springs, Miss., are very indignant because Judge Lowry charged the grand jury to indict progressive euchre players.

Because he would not pay his mother a three months' board bill, Uber Fry, of Logansport, Ind., has been sent to jail at the instigation of his mother.

The first blow was struck on Wednesday on the work of constructing the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel under the East and North Rivers and through New York city.

Eight miners were killed, twelve wounded, two fatally, and one missing in a pitched battle at Wright's coal mine, Raleigh county, W. Va., on Tuesday night. Three officials were wounded.

## GENERAL.

Tin has been discovered near Cape Town.

Printed in English and devoted to commerce, a new daily newspaper is about to be issued in St. Petersburg.

South African correspondents of London newspapers say that the feeling of security in Cape Colony is greater now than at any time since the Jameson raid.

ANTICIPATE A CLASH.

Russian Publicists Think War Is Inevitable.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:—Some publicists are of the opinion that only the sternest language towards Turkey can prevent a war between Russia and Turkey in the spring. They believe that Turkey will pursue bands of Macedonian revolutionists across the Bulgarian frontier, and that public opinion will compel Russia to interfere. The Russians thoroughly understand that a war with Turkey will be a more severe one than that in 1878. Officers are quoted as saying that the Turkish army is the best in the world owing to its German organization and equipment. There is an inclination here to anticipate German financial support of Turkey and in view of the situation forebodings of a clash with Turkey are already expressed in private circles though they are carefully suppressed in the newspapers.



The defeat of Dr. Stewart, the pledged temperance candidate, in centre Bruce last week, is worth considering by all who would place principle above party. At the referendum centre Bruce gave a majority of 1600 in favor of prohibition. The result shows that until public sentiment is educated up to the idea of putting principles first, before party we cannot hope for either temperance legislation or purity in politics.

#### Sir Wilfrid on Cigarettes.

Replying to the W. C. T. U. deputation which waited on the Government to ask for the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of cigarettes, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the facts were now laid before him, for not being a smoker himself, and having no children, his attention had not been attracted to the question. All reforms came slowly, he said, and he hoped his fair petitioners did not expect immediate legislation. The Government would take the matter into serious consideration. Probably they had heard that phrase before, but they should not be disappointed by its use in this connection, as the matter would be taken up in Council. The Prime Minister reminded his hearers that legislative power was vested in Parliament, and that most of the 218 M.P.'s were smokers. They might give up cigarettes but not pipes and cigars.

#### Condoning Crime.

In the recent referendum vote there were many well known cases of personation, as well as wrong doing on the part of deputy returning officers and scrutineers. Some of the parties guilty of these acts were brought to trial and were let off on payment of small fines. This was so manifestly contrary to the law that a number of prominent citizens of Toronto demanded that the guilty parties be more severely dealt with, and the Ontario Government appointed Judge McCrimmon to try certain parties, and these having been found guilty have been sentenced to pay a fine of \$400, and in addition one year's imprisonment. One of these parties has had part of his sentence remitted, and the following in reference to it from the Montreal Witness is worth noting:

"So Robert Reynar, who was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of four hundred dollars for personating in the Ontario Referendum vote on Dec. 4, is to be released on the grounds of 'previous good conduct' and 'the demands of his home upon him,' and his friends will pay the fine. His friends are, of course, the liquor dealers, who expected to benefit by his illegal act. The same plea will be available, more or less, in every case, so we presume the precedent will be followed, and those who have committed the highest crime against their country's liberties will go practically scot free. It is a usage to be lenient with a law that has customarily been unenforced, as has been the case with this law because nobody prosecuted. The fact that convictions have been obtained in the Referendum personation cases shows that convictions could also have been obtained in the political elections against the bribers and other corrupt agents if either party had dared to prosecute. It would, indeed, be a good thing for the province if the gentlemen who have been so successful in bringing these Referendum criminals to justice were to constitute themselves a permanent committee of public safety and continue to pursue electoral crimes, thus making saw-offs impossible. Such an organization might be the nucleus of a widespread movement that would foster higher ideals as to the privileges and duties of the voter. But there must be no more intervention on the part of the government to render patriotic and self-sacrificing endeavors after public purity nugatory. These releases, unwisely foster the idea that to bribe and lie and cheat at elections is not the same thing as at other times, and has the approbation of those who rule in Canada. If there is any difference, election crimes are worse than any others, as they poison the national life at the fountain head."

#### The Unspeakable Turk.

Although the Turk has been in possession for four hundred and fifty years, dating from the fall of Constantinople, his attitude has never been that of a ruler among his own people, but of an invader in possession. Under his pondering rule and stagnating influence some of the fairest parts of the most classic regions of the earth have been kept in a pitiable condition of misery, turbulence and decadence. Unlike the Moors, who were essentially Arabs, and who developed a splendid civilization during their seven hundred years of occupancy in Spain, and left behind them monuments of unsurpassed architectural beauty, the Turks, who are Tartars, have all but destroyed what civilization they found when they came into Europe, and when they go will leave nothing behind them but blackened ruins, wasted fields and a cursed memory. No case in modern political history more fully demonstrates the truth of Lincoln's saying that nothing is ever settled till it is settled right than this Eastern Question. The feeling seems to be deep-rooted in many quarters that a point has been reached in Macedonia where it is no longer possible to prevent an uprising by a compromise between the powers and the Sultan. The situation must be desperate indeed if the Christians, as one of their leaders recently declared, are to face extermination now than endure life under a continuance of Turkish

tyranny. Should the uprising take place in Macedonia towards the end of this month, as the despatches say it will, it may be the beginning of a wide conflagration for which the touchwood is everywhere dry.—Witness.

#### The Small Advertiser.

By J. Troy.

IN THE CANADIAN GROCER.

There seems to be an idea prevalent that advertising is for large dealers only. This belief has kept many a small merchant from improving his opportunities in this direction.

Nearly, if not all, the large retail merchants of the present day have become so by extensive advertising.

The advertising which they have done may not be the sole cause of their success, but it has been the greatest contributing cause. Nearly all large enterprises, which are now meeting with well-deserved success, have begun on a small scale. Their advertising was done in a small way, but it has been kept up day after day and year after year.

Good business methods, untiring industry and good advertising are the factors which bring success in business.

Do not be afraid of being overshadowed by the big advertiser. The big advertiser of the present perhaps may have been a small advertiser only a few years ago. Many times the well-worded reader of only a few lines, or the small display advertisement will reach the eyes of more readers than the pretentious display of the larger store. It tells the people you have goods to sell and what you will sell them for. That is all the big store can say.

Nine times out of ten it is the price that sells the goods, so don't be afraid to tell your story to the public. If you tell it in the right way and practice no deception it will only be a question of a very little time until you will begin to receive adequate returns on your investment in advertising space. The dealer, be he the corner grocer or the largest dealer in general merchandise in the city, who will sell staple or special articles, quality considered, for the least money, and lets the people know it, will receive the patronage.

If the small dealer buys his goods right he can sell them at right prices. Subscribe for a reliable trade paper, scrutinize the market reports carefully, therein you will find all the necessary information to enable you to buy your goods right.

Every city has plenty of examples showing how small dealers in all kinds of merchandise have made their business a success by wise and judicious advertising. Take what space you can afford, contract by the year, watch it, change the matter very frequently, and you will soon need more room for your store and more space in the papers. This advice is tendered the wholesaler, manufacturer, and jobber as well as the usual retailer. They can attract attention by a liberal use of advertising space in an honest trade newspaper, just the same as the small retailer can by taking space in the daily or weekly newspaper. Judicious advertising will develop any mercantile business that has a right to exist.

The London Standard predicts an early anti-foreign uprising in China.

German economists are forming an industrial combination to combat American competition.

Brockville City Council has decided to ask for a grant from Mr. Carnegie for a public library.

Smokeless powder is all right, but the real benefit will be the man who invents a smokeless cigar.

At Washington Sir Michael Herbert and Secretary Hay exchanged ratifications of the Alaskan treaty.

The Pope took part in the celebration of the anniversary of his coronation and was acclaimed by thousands.

The minister of public works has plans for a magnificent departmental building at Ottawa, to cost over \$2,000,000.

There are a large number of cases of typhoid fever at Kingston, principally among students, public school pupils and teachers.

A syndicate of Canadians and Americans have purchased about six thousand acres of land near Aylesbury, north of Moose Jaw, for \$8 an acre.

The rush to Manitoba and the Northwest began on Tuesday last, when five train loads of freight and passengers left Toronto for Winnipeg and the west.

The 230 American settlers from Nebraska who went into the Canadian West in January, brought with them cash and effects to the value of \$276,000.

A union of Peterboro and Ashburnham is now being considered, and the question will likely be decided by a vote of the people at an early date. The union of the two towns would give a population of 15,000, and it would then likely be incorporated as a city.

The Tunisian, out from Liverpool and due at Halifax on March 6th, sailed with 115 first cabin, 310 second cabin, 570 third-class passengers, and 310 military reservists, making a total of 1,305 passengers, the largest that ever sailed from Liverpool so early in the year.

The Chicago Journal has a cartoon showing Uncle Sam signalling Miss Canada by holding up on a pole a sock full of money tied to the end of it. Miss Canada signals back by fixing a mitten to the end of a stick. Uncle Sam then observes: "If she won't marry me for love or money, she might marry me for my good looks."

An exchange says:—A man who needs religion is a man who leaves his horse out all day in the cold without a blanket; and a man who grows like a wild animal when his wife asks him for a little money; and a man who walks the streets with his hands in his pockets while his wife carries the baby; and a man who keeps a dog and says he can't afford to take a local paper and is content to live in ignorance, and the man who does take it and then refuses to pay for it.

#### The Most Abiding Language.

Latin is the language that has most enriched modern tongues, for its clear echoes are heard to this day in every quarter of the world. It entered largely, after their conquest by Rome, into the dialects of Spain and Gaul, countries thoroughly permeated by Roman life and civilization, and has since played a great part in the history of modern languages.

The Roman tongues are practically Latin in a new dress. Italian may be called the Latin of today; French and Spanish are based on a similar groundwork, and English has borrowed largely from the language of Rome, either directly or through foreign channels. In very early times Latin colonists introduced into Britain names for places, and in the seventh century many ecclesiastical words of Latin origin, such as altar, priest, candle, were adopted by our forefathers.

Although it may not be so flexible and pliant as some languages with which it has been thus incorporated, Latin reflects admirably the practical character of its people, who felt and used their power so that it has been well called the "voice of empire and law."

#### Savages of South America.

Two hundred miles beyond the mouth of the Rio Meta the Iridia river enters the Orinoco. I started up that stream, says a traveler, with my canoe loaded with trinkets for exchange with the natives, who live in a condition of extreme savagery, although they are amiably disposed and usually harmless. They go entirely nude save for the loin cloths and get their subsistence by hunting and fishing, chiefly the latter.

I was much interested in their method of taking fish by the use of the bow and arrow.

For this purpose they employ arrows six feet in length made of reeds tipped with iron. While a canoe is paddled gently along in the shallows the marksman stands ready with his arrow on the string of the bow. As soon as a large fish is seen, if the approach can be made within range, the arrow is let fly and rarely fails to strike the prey.

#### A Humorous Snake.

In Marianne North's "Recollections of a Happy Life" is a description of a tame snake.

Its mistress would sometimes twist the pretty bronze creature in the great plait of hair she wore around her head and once threatened to go down thus decorated to a dinner party of rather stiff people.

But one of the snake's own eccentricities serves to distinguish it among all other reptiles of a similar nature which have served as pets.

It was as fond of glittering things as its mistress herself, and when she took off her many rings and placed them on different parts of the table it would go about collecting them and stringing them on its lithe body. Then it would tie itself in a knot, so that the rings could not be taken off until it was pleased to untie itself again.

#### Not Quite What He Meant.

The man who thought he had the knack of saying pleasant things calculated to warm the cockles of the oldest heart was revisiting the town in which he had spent a summer twenty years before.

"I'm Miss Mears. I don't know that you recall me," said a coquettish elderly spinster, approaching him in the postoffice day after his arrival.

The ready heart warmer turned with his best beaming smile and wrung her hand.

"Recall you," he echoed, reproachfully. "As if one could help it, Miss Mears! Why, you are one of the landmarks of the town."

#### A Double Surprise.

Funniman—Now, there's your husband coming, Mrs. Candor. Let's make a little surprise for him. Mrs. Funniman and I will hide behind the curtains here, and you tell him that your expected guests haven't come. Then we'll step out and surprise him.

(Enter Mr. Candor.)

Mrs. Candor (obeying orders)—Well, Henry, our expected guests have disappointed us—Mr. and Mrs. Funniman haven't come.

Mr. Candor (heartily)

#### Sahara's Ordes.

Some of the onses of the Sahara are quite large, one of them being 120 miles long and fifty-eight miles wide. The springs are of various kinds—hot, cold, mineral or gaseous. The Kargha oasis has a population of 8,000. They raise grain, onions and dates, but live on the least possible amount of food, work and reasoning power. Marshes abound and fever prevails.

#### Do You Blame Him?

Towne—There seems to be nothing he enjoys so much as the sound of his own voice.

Brown—That's so, and there's nothing annoys him so much as the thought that he can't hear himself when he talks in his sleep.

#### Business Instinct.

The following epitaph may be seen in the cemetery of a parish in the environs of Paris:

"Here lies Mme. N., wife of M. N., master blacksmith. The railing round this tomb was manufactured by her husband."

#### Extremely Rare.

Tommy—Pop, what is meant by the sense of humor?

Father—The sense of humor, my son, consists largely of knowing when not to be funny.—Philadelphia Record.

If we all practiced what we preach, it would keep us so busy practicing that we would have to cut out the preaching.—Iroquois Chief.

## New White Materials.

White Goods promise to be more popular than ever this season for Waists and Dresses, consequently our showing will be very large and well assorted.

We have just opened some very pretty things that are heavy enough for immediate use, in plain and fancy piques and mercerized figured materials. These are fashions latest and come direct to us—you can not get these patterns elsewhere—all at reasonable prices.

Fine, medium and coarse cord Pique, close weave, 28 inches wide, 20c. yd.  
Fine, white or cream plain goods with alternate stripes and mercerized dot, very pretty, 28 in. wide, 25c. yd.  
Extra fine quality, fine cord Pique with pin head dot, 36 inches wide, 55c. yd.

#### SHEETINGS.

In making your Spring changes to cotton sheets you may find that a few new ones are necessary to replace the WORN OUTS. New arrivals place our stock in a position to fill all your wants, and by immediate buying you can save money, as cotton goods are steadily advancing in price, and we cannot replace the qualities we are showing at this price again.

Good, heavy quality, unbleached 8-4 sheeting, 15c. yd.

Heavy quality, width as required, plain or twill, 25c. yd.

Fine quality 8-4 bleached sheeting, close weave, 20c. yd.

#### EMBROIDERIES.

More New Embroideries and Insertions just to hand, bring our assortment of these goods to a point in variety of price and pattern, that will be appreciated by all home sewers.

All the newest in Applique Insertion, Swiss and Heavy Insertions and Embroideries, Beadings, Allovers, etc.

The Embroidery Applique is something distinctly new for this season's wash goods trimming, and promises to be very popular.

We have never before equalled the qualities we show at 5c. and 6c. Ask to see them.

#### GINGHAMS.

We have a worthy showing of Apron Gingham at our Staple counter in stripes and checks, all fast colors, mostly indigo blue, with a few fancy designs. With or without border.

The qualities of these goods we consider a little above the average.

Even Blue and White, small or large check, 36 in. wide, 12c.

Same pattern, heavier quality, 40 inches wide, 15c.

## The RITCHIE COMPANY Limited.

BELLEVILLE.

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS,

To 1st of Jan. 1904, for 75c.

The custom collections of Canada for the eight months of the current fiscal year ending on Saturday are \$23,434,042, an increase of \$2,759,532. For February alone the collections were \$2,951,176, an increase of \$359,844.

The William Davies Company, Limited, of Toronto, pork packers and export provision merchants, are opening up a branch of their business in Belleville. The company's establishment will be an important addition to mercantile interests in this city, as they are known as the largest pork packers in the British Empire. They have 21 stores in Toronto, one in Kingston, one in Oshawa, one in East Toronto, one in West Toronto Junction, one in Brantford, and they have recently closed on a place in Brockville.—Ontario.

General French and General Bruce Hamilton both praised the colonial forces in testifying before the South African War Commission. The latter gave his opinion that they surpassed the British regulars in individual intelligence, in power of observation, and in aptitude for looking after themselves. The superiority of the colonials has been unanimously admitted by the ninety witnesses heard by the commissioners. General Hamilton might have added, perhaps did, that they have greater power of endurance while undergoing hardship.

#### Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned: The Weekly Globe.....\$1.75 The Weekly Mail & Empire, with one premium picture... 1.75 The Weekly Sun..... 1.80 The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with two premium pictures..... 1.80 The Farmers' Advocate (new subscribers)..... 1.80 The Toronto Star (Daily)..... 2.20 The Toronto Globe (Daily)..... 4.50

Specially low clubbing rates with the Montreal Daily or Weekly Witness.

## Stock men's Supplies.

We carry the largest assortment of Standard Stock Foods and Condition Powders in the city. You can use some of the following lines with profit.

International Stock Food,  
Poultry Food,  
Myers' Cattle Food,  
Poultry Food,  
Dr. Stewart's Condition Powders,  
Dr. McGahey's Condition Powders,  
Dr. Ackerill's Condition Powders  
Herbageum, Herb Food,  
Bibby's Cream Equivalent,  
Linseed Meal, Oilcake,

J. C. HANLEY & CO.,  
GROCERS, FEED & SEED  
MERCHANTS,  
BELLEVILLE - ONT.

## FIRE INSURANCE.

The GUARDIAN,  
" NORWICH UNION,  
" SUN,  
" GORE,

#### FARMS FOR SALE.

HORSE "

W. S. MARTIN,  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING

Note Heads, Envelopes,

Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

—AT—

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A gem, beautiful colored plates, latest fashions, dressmaking columns, fancy work, household hints, fiction, etc. Subscriptions to day, or send for latest copy. Mail agents wanted. Send for terms.  
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THE McCALL CO.,  
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

## Notice to the Public.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN out license as Auctioneer for the County of Hastings is prepared to attend on all shortest notices. Terms as low as the lowest, and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at the NEWS-ARGUS office or addressed to me at Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
WM. RODGERS.











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## Special Spring Prices

# WALL PAPERS

THE FINEST, BEST ASSORTED,  
and LARGEST LINE

of WALL PAPERS ever shown in Stirling.

PRICES MARKED VERY CLOSE.

We can save you at least 25 cents on every dollar's worth of Paper you buy from us.

Everything in Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Brushes.

CHAS. E. PARKER,

PARKER'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

## The F. T. Ward Co.

"All Ads. Look Alike to Me."

The person who says that—or thinks it—is the person who is very apt to get the worst of it in the search for values.

We intend our ads.—and they are an index of what's occurring in our store.

Just a few prices:—

### WHITE WEAR.

NIGHT GOWNS, \$1.75 and \$1.50 now \$1.00.	
" " \$1.25 now - - - 90c.	
" " \$1.00 now - - - 75c.	
" " .75 now - - - 50c.	
UNDERSKIRTS, \$1.25 now - - - 90c.	
" " \$1.00 now - - - 75c.	
" " .75 now - - - 50c.	
DRAWERS, \$1.00 now - - - 75c.	
" " .50 now - - - 30c.	
" " .25 now - - - 19c.	

See our East Window.

Get the DELINEATOR.

The F. T. WARD CO.

P.S.—Bring us your Fresh Eggs, Butter, etc. Highest price paid.

**TREES!**  
**TREES! TREES!**  
That's our business. We want men to sell TREES of all varieties, fruit and ornamental. We are looking for a few hustlers. Are you one? If so, get our terms.

**CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY**  
Nurserymen,  
COLBORNE, - ONT.

## 3 Feeds for One Cent.

International  
Stock  
Food.

An illustrated 160 page  
Stock Book given free. Call  
and get one.

SOLE AGENTS.

**H. & J. WARREN,**  
Hardware, Stoves & Tinware,  
MILL ST.

### FOR SALE.

Orders taken for Lumber, in car lots,  
delivered at any station on C.O.R.  
A quantity of plank at Anson.  
R. N. BIRD,  
Con. 8 Sidney, Stirling, P.O.

## For a Cold that hangs on

For obstinate coughs and  
colds there is nothing equal  
to that old reliable remedy  
**Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum.**  
Prepared from Red Spruce  
Gum it is soothing and  
healing to the Lungs and  
Throat. It stops that tickling  
in the throat, and after a  
few doses that relief feeling  
in the chest is relieved and  
the cold and cough pass  
away.

Try a 25 cent bottle.

**Gray's Syrup**  
of  
**Red Spruce Gum**

Ask your druggist for Petty's Pills  
if he hasn't got them write us, en-  
closing the price, 50 cents, and we  
will supply you.

We are spending thousands to make  
Petty's Pills known. Our money  
proves our faith. A trial will secure  
yours.

## PARKER BROTHERS BANKERS, STIRLING - ONTARIO.

A General Banking Business  
transacted.

4 per cent. allowed on Deposits.

Drafts bought and sold on all parts of Canada,  
United States and Great Britain.  
Money to let on Mortgages at low interest.  
Office hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

F. B. PARKER. R. PARKER, M.D.  
Reference—Meecham's Bank of Canada.

### ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

### RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.27 a.m. Accom. 10.35 a.m.  
Accom. 6.43 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3.43 p.m.

## The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1903.

### LOCAL MATTERS.

Mr. E. F. Parker had the misfortune  
to break his right wrist on Saturday  
last. The accident was the result of a  
fall caused by a slippery sidewalk.

Are you thinking of your New Spring  
Suit. We would like to show you our  
New Suitings at Ward's.

The mild weather and rain of last  
week had caused the snow to disappear,  
and from present appearances there is  
every indication of an early spring. A  
soft "sugar" snow fell last night and  
this morning.

You will get swell in one of Ward's  
New Hats, 50c., 75c. to \$2.50.

Capt. W. F. W. Carstairs lectured at  
Spring Brook last evening, giving an  
account of his experiences in West Af-  
rica, and telling "What Britain is Do-  
ing in Africa." He will give his lecture  
at Bellville on Thursday.

At a committee meeting held in the  
Inspector's office, Madoc, on Saturday  
last, it was decided to hold the next an-  
nual meeting of the North Hastings  
Teachers' Association in Bancroft on  
Oct. 15th and 16th, instead of in May,  
at Madoc, as has been the usual custom  
for some years.

The Stirling High School hockey  
team defeated the Trenton H.S. team  
here on Tuesday last, by a score of  
4 to 1. The game was not of the most  
interesting kind, it being too much of  
the shiny variety and the result was  
the greater number of the players car-  
ried bruises after the match.

What about a Tooke Shirt from Ward's.  
Best fitting shirt made. Try one.

THE SWEETEST WORDS.—The editor  
of an exchange asks if there are any  
sweeter words in the English language  
than, "I love you." Perhaps not, but  
the words, "Here is that dollar I owe  
you," are not lacking in eloquent and  
delightful enunciation. By the way,  
it is by no error in make-up that this  
item appears in the local news column.

Do not fail to read E. Naylor's unique  
advt. in this issue, "Wood Wanted."

Attention is directed to the public  
meeting to be held in McKee's Hall to-  
morrow evening, March 6th, for the  
purpose of encouraging the raising of  
sugar beets. Many farmers in other  
sections have made large profits in en-  
gaging in this branch of agriculture,  
and there is no reason why the farmers  
of this section should not also engage in  
the raising of sugar beets, and reap the  
profits therefrom. Come and hear what  
will be said on the subject.

A large number from this village at-  
tended the Conservative Convention at  
Bancroft on Thursday last. There were  
upwards of one hundred and forty on  
the C.O.R. train, besides many who  
came from other sections. The conven-  
tion was a large and enthusiastic one.  
W. J. Allen was elected President,  
W. J. Douglas 1st Vice-President, and  
J. Earl Halliwell 2nd Vice-President.  
W. J. Moore, of Madoc, was elected  
Secretary. Mr. F. J. Thompson was  
tendered a hearty vote of thanks for his  
twelve years active service as president  
of the association. Mr. Thos. C. Mc-  
Connell was proposed as organizer for  
the riding. This along with the matter  
of raising funds to pay an organizer,  
was left in the hands of the executive.  
Addresses were made by A. W. Car-  
scallan, M.P., J. W. Pearce, M.P.P.,  
H. Corby, ex-M.P., Andrew Broder,  
M.P., and Edward Cochrane, M.P.

A very pleasing event took place on  
Saturday evening last, when the mem-  
bers of Stirling Citizens Band met and  
presented Mr. Arthur Reynolds, a  
member of the band, who has gone to  
reside in Walkerville, with a beautiful  
gold ring set with garnets, together  
with the following address, as a recog-  
nition of his faithfulness and popularity:  
We, the members of Stirling Citizens  
Band, having learned of your departure  
from our midst—which we most sincerely  
regret, though trusting that what is our  
loss may be your gain—as an acknowl-  
edgment of the esteem in which you were  
held while connected with us, we ask you  
to please accept this token as a souvenir  
of our kind regards and best wishes for the  
future.

May your career, aided by earnest ef-  
forts, and a firm reliance on the Most High,  
who doeth all things well, be crowned with  
success.

Signed in behalf of the Band.

W. H. CALDER, Leader.  
J. SHAW, Sec.  
G. LAGROW, Treas.

### Village Council.

Minutes of a regular meeting of the  
Stirling Municipal Council, held March  
2nd, 1903.

Members present—L. Meiklejohn, J.  
Earl Halliwell, G. Lagrow, D. Utman.  
In the absence of the Reeve, on motion  
of L. Meiklejohn, seconded by D. Ut-  
man, J. Earl Halliwell was appointed  
to act in the place and stead of the  
Reeve during his temporary absence.

The minutes of the last special meet-  
ing were read and confirmed.  
On motion of Mr. Meiklejohn, second-  
ed by Mr. Lagrow the following ac-  
counts were ordered to be paid:—

Archie Godfrey ..... \$1.25  
B. R. Wright ..... .55

A reference was made by Mr. Halli-  
well to the proposed Stirling Public  
Library in the way of municipal assist-  
ance. The subject was favorably dis-  
cussed, but was deferred for the present  
until such time as the same be more  
matured.

Mr. Thrasher, as secretary of the Stirling  
Horticultural Society, spoke in a  
similar manner and it was suggested  
that it would be wise to wait until the  
committee waited upon the Council and  
present their requests and the position  
of the society.

On motion the Council adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Clerk, pro tem.

A little nonsense now and then  
is relished by the best of men,  
And sometimes does a pile of good  
Especially when it's mixed with wood.  
—E. NAYLER.

### Stirling Public School.

#### Honor Roll for January.

##### SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

IV. CLASS—Donald Bird, Bessie  
Ward, Maud Ward, Walter Scott, Irene  
Duke.

SR. III—Ella Brown, Georgina Hag-  
garty, Ada Harris, George Inglis.

Jr. III—May Kennedy and Herbert  
Ward, equal, Helen Shea, Willie Grain,  
Nathan Brownson, John Thompson.

H. M. PAULIN, Teacher.

##### THIRD DEPARTMENT.

Jr. III—Irwin Boldrick, Mabel Ack-  
er, Hazel Calder, Mary Gould, Fred  
Hulin.

SR. II—Marguerite Whitty, Ethel  
Summerfield, Hazel Hagerman, Maud  
Haggett, Claude Scott.

Jr. II—Harry Grainger, Ernest Ward,  
Rosa Reynolds, Maud Haggarty, Ros-  
coe Wright.

M. K. LAMBLY, Teacher.

##### SECOND DEPARTMENT.

Jr. II—Ernest Chard, Hazel Caver-  
ley, Roy Bean.

SR. Pr. II—Edna Girdwood, George  
Shea, Evelyn McCutcheon, Edith  
Gould, Robbie Thompson.

Jr. Pr. II—Rhea Conley, Fred  
Young, May Chard, Edith Hagerman,  
Arthur Parry.

L. GRASS, Teacher.

##### PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

CLASS IV.—Wilmot Bailey, Vincent  
Whitty, Rita Cummings, Daisy Hay-  
ford, Gordon Sine, Beatrice Wanna-  
maker.

CLASS III—George Gould, Joseph  
Maloney, George Smith.

CLASS II—Walter Chard, Wilfrid  
Chard.

CLASS I—Gladys Moore.

E. HAWKEN, Teacher.

### PERSONALS.

Mrs. John Burke left this morning for  
a visit to her sons in Ottawa.

Mr. J. B. Russell, of the 12th Con. of  
Rawdon, intends going to Manitoba next  
week.

Miss Minnie Chard, who has been visit-  
ing her aunt in Toronto for the past two  
months, has returned home.

C. L. HAWLEY, dentist, will be unable to  
visit Stirling again professionally until  
the last Friday in this month, March 27th.

Bancroft Reporter.—Mr. and Mrs. Jas.  
Boldrick, of Stirling, were in town the  
latter part of last week as the guests of  
revere Boldrick.

Mrs. C. W. Nelson, of Sault Ste. Marie,  
Mich., and her mother, Mrs. Wm. Warren,  
of Peterboro, are the guests of Mr. and  
Mrs. R. H. Chambers.

Mr. Arthur Reynolds, who has been  
with Mr. F. T. Ward for some time, left  
on Monday for Walkerville, where he has  
secured a good situation.

Mr. J. Wilson, of Havelock and his  
brother, Mr. Geo. Wilson, of Marquette,  
Mich., lately visited their aunt, Mrs.  
Nancy McConnell, Anson.

## Don't you Want a pair of Rubbers?

Everybody should make provision against the trying Spring  
months by being well shod. We have the reputation of keeping  
the best Rubbers in the market, and we intend to keep that rep-  
utation by keeping only THE BEST BRANDS OF RUBBER FOOTWEAR.  
We have them to fit all feet.

## What about a pair of Hand-Made Boots for Spring?

Our steadily increasing trade in this department is best evidence  
that we are successful. Every pair is guaranteed to fit, and give  
the best of satisfaction.

We are selling the remainder of our WINTER STOCK AT COST.  
Call, if you wish to get a good bargain.

It will pay you to call on us for your SPRING SHOES.

**CEO. REYNOLDS,**

P.S.—Wood, Butter and Eggs taken in exchange. SHOE KING.

## Plenty of Ladies' Fine Fur Coats for Sale yet.

If you want a bargain in a Ladies' Seal or Astrican Mantle  
come to the Royal Clothing and Fur Store. These two classes  
of goods have our entire attention. If you wish to buy one  
even for next year, you will make money by a present pur-  
chase at the store on the corner.

**J. BOLDRICK & SON.**

## THERE ARE TWO PAPERS THAT OUGHT TO BE

In every home in this district

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

Will supply you with the latest and most interesting Local  
Home and Foreign News, and

## THE WEEKLY SUN

Its special features are—Market Reports that are un-  
equalled for FULNESS and RELIABILITY.  
Regular contributions by "Bystander" on current events.  
Reports of Conventions, Associations and meetings of in-  
terest and value to all farmers, dairymen and stockmen.  
Practical talks each week on Live Stock, Dairying, Farm  
Crop Culture, Feeding for Profit, and other subjects.

### SUBSCRIBE NOW for

THE NEWS-ARGUS and THE WEEKLY SUN ONLY \$1.80.

And we will send The Sun free for the balance of 1903.  
Leave your order at office.

DROP A POST CARD TO THE WEEKLY SUN, TORONTO, AND  
THEY WILL SEND SAMPLE COPIES, FREE.

## HARDWARE.

I have purchased a large number of  
**Fairbanks' Scales,**  
Farmers' Platform, Dairy and Cheese Fac-  
tory Scales.

These are all fine steel bearings, and  
beautifully finished in natural wood.

No other scale equal to FAIRBANKS.

My prices on these scales are right.



**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**

### Auction Sales.

TUESDAY, MARCH 10—On Lot 4, Con. 4,  
Huntingdon, the Farm Stock and Imple-  
ments belonging to Mrs. E. Ashley. Sale  
at one o'clock, sharp. Wm. Rodgers, Auc.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12—On Lot 16, in  
the 7th Con. of Rawdon, the Farm Stock  
and Implements belonging to Mr. Abner  
T. Hogle. Sale at 12 o'clock, sharp. Wm.  
Rodgers, Auctioneer.

### Married.

STAPLEY-GALLIVAN—At the Methodist  
Parsonage, Stirling, on Feb. 24th, by the Rev.  
C. Bell, Mr. H. Stapley to Miss Mary A.  
Gallivan, both of Sidney Township.

THRASHER-CARD—At Stirling, on March  
4th, by the Rev. J. H. Coleman, Albert  
Clément Thrasher, of Sidney, to Nellie Carr,  
of Frankford.

### THE CELEBRATED EYE SPECIALIST

Prof. J. H. De Silberg, Optician Special-  
ist from Germany, will be in Stirling, at  
the Stirling House parlors, three times  
a week, for dates. All consulta-  
tions free. Those having weak or imper-  
fect eyes should not fail to consult the  
professor. Next visit will be in June.

## JOB PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS, AT

LOWEST RATES,

At News-Argus Office

### THE

## Stirling News-Argus

is published every Thursday morning at the  
office of publication, North street, Stirling  
first door north of Parker's drug store, by  
**JAMES CURRIE.**

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year,  
if paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will  
be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate  
subjects, the real name of the writer to be  
furnished the editor in every case. This rule  
can have no exception.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:  
Charge PER INCH per week  
when inserted for  
1 year. 6 mos. 3 mos.  
Whole col. down to half col. 8 9 10  
Half col. down to quarter col. 8 9 10  
Quarter col. down to 2 inches. 9 10 11

If inserted less than three months 1 cent ex-  
tra on above rates. If less than two months  
cents extra on above rates. If less than one  
month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates will be confined to the ordinary  
business of the commercial houses, and for  
such they will not be held to include Auction  
Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Pri-  
vate Advertisements of individual member  
of firms, property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$8 for six months;  
\$4 for three months; \$3 for two months; \$2  
for one month. One inch, \$6 per year. Pro-  
portional cards, limited to six lines, \$4 per  
year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be charged at the op-  
tion of advertisers without extra charge.  
Transient advertisements, 5c. per line first  
insertion, 2c. per line each subsequent in-  
sertion.

Advertisements without specific instruc-  
tions inserted till forbid, and charged accord-  
ingly.

PRINTING of every description exe-  
cuted in neat and fashionable style, and on  
short notice.

**PATENTS  
PROMPTLY SECURED**

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book  
"Inventors' Help" and how you can secure  
"We have extensive experience in the intricate patent  
laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or  
photo for free advice. HARRISON & HARRISON,  
Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and  
Atlantic Building, Washington, D.C.



1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.



EVERY MAN IS INTERESTED.

Everyone should be interested in his dress and appearance, also where you can procure the best possible for the money expended. So we cordially invite you to first examine our new stock of English, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Suits, Trousers, etc., as they comprise the latest fashions and patterns and colorings. You will find a full range to choose from in any first-class Merchant-Tailoring Establishment. We have established our reputation by turning out only reliable goods and producing stylish and fashionable garments.

To those who have not already given us a trial, we would say, that we guarantee our Workmanship, Trimmings and Fit to be second to none. We never allow a customer to go away dissatisfied.

Our prices for Suits made to your order range from \$10.00 to \$25.00.  
Our \$10.00 and \$12.00 Suits are Special Value.

**FRED. T. WARD,**  
MERCHANT TAILOR & MEN'S FURNISHER.

## Words of Interest.

Spring Prices for everything. All your wants can be had here at the PEOPLE'S STORE.

**NEW WALL PAPERS.**—We have all the newest American designs and colorings, something that will interest any one that expects to do any papering this Spring. It will pay you to give our papers attention. Ask to see them.

**BEDROOM TOILET SETS.**—We have a large assortment of them. Ask to see ours at \$4.00. They are beauties.

**DINNER SETS,** with heavy gilt, 97 piece for 7.50.

**POTTERY and STONEWARE.**—We handle all lines and at prices that will open your eyes. Don't forget to bring this to your memory and ask to see them.



Our special offer this week in Men's Waterproof Coats for \$1.75, you can get something to keep you dry, fashionable and warm, and that means a dollar bill if you don't buy one.

**MEN'S OVERALLS.**—We have the Braceless Overall, something that has never been shown before. Best quality. Prices, 65c., 75c., \$1.

The B. & I. Corsets, one of the highest grade corsets made, sold at this store only and warranted to fit.

The D. & A. Corsets are also standard and have a reputation of their own.

The Crompton Corsets are always reliable and sell themselves.

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Skirts, all new styles, prices \$1.50 to \$9.50.

New Spring Prints, Gingham, Muslins, Dress Duckings, Tickings, Cottonades, Art Muslins, Cretonnes, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, etc. These will all interest you when buying.

## GROCERIES.

It will be to your interest to ask for quotations of Sugar per barrel.  
Crown Brand Syrup, 6 lb. tin, 25c.; 10 lb. pail, 45c.; 20 lb. pail, 90c.  
Currants, 4 1/2 lbs. 25c. 3 lbs. Mixed Cakes, 25c. 2 Brooms, 25c.  
Yellow Sugar, 27 lbs. for \$1.00. White Sugar, 22 lbs. for \$1.00.  
3 cans Vegetables for 25c. Yeastine Baking Powder, 25c.  
Nail Brushes, 3 for 10c. Diamond Dye for sale here.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## Suppose a Government Bank Offered To Set Aside a Sum of Money for You

to be secured at the end of a term of years upon payment of small instalments, and with the guarantee that the whole sum would go to your heirs, in case of your death prior to that time, when your payments would immediately stop. WOULD YOU NOT TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THAT OFFER?

This is exactly what the **MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of Canada** offers with dividends guaranteed.

Through its popular Endowment Policies it is worthy of your immediate investigation.

**BURROWS,**  
of BELLEVILLE, will be glad to furnish particulars.

Agents wanted.

## The NEWS-ARGUS PRINTERY

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF FINE PRINTING AT SHORT NOTICE.

A Large stock of Fine Note Papers, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, etc.

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, etc., at very low rates, and better than you get from City Jobbers.

**WEDDING INVITATIONS IN THE BEST STYLE.**

A large stock of "In Memoriam" Cards just to hand.

### Neglect of Education.

The admonition given by Solomon to "Train up a child in the way he should go," and the inference drawn therefrom, "that when he is old he will not depart from it," are as true to-day, and as worthy of recognition as they were in the days of the wise King. The habits and principles inculcated in the child in his youth are those which will either make or mar his future existence. It is to the youth of our land that we look for the future of our country, and unless these youths be trained to think clearly and act intelligently, we cannot rationally expect from them any marked development or originality of thought. Realizing this fact, the inhabitants of our land have reared schools and colleges in which the work of education is carried on. But fearing lest there might be those who would be indifferent and careless regarding the welfare of their children, and who would therefore not take advantage of these institutions, we have framed for us a law, which states that the child under fourteen years of age, unless legally prevented, shall be compelled to attend school. If this law be broken with impunity there is still another resort, "The Reformatory." Notwithstanding the fact that education is free to all in the common schools, there are those among us who will not take advantage of it, and who allow their children to absent themselves. Why all this needless expense of engaging teachers when we will not send our children to them? Or, if we feel that the school is a beneficial thing, why do we not compel our children to attend? We are sparing the rod and spoiling the child. Would it not be very much better to say to our children "You may go to school if you like," than to say by an established law "You shall go," and then allow them to break this law with impunity? We have at the head of our schools trustees, whose duty it is to look after these institutions, and to administer the laws in connection therewith. But if they allow the children who are unwilling to go to school to "play truant" continually; and if they allow them to run the streets acquiring those bad habits which are sure to follow from such a course of conduct, it surely cannot be said of them that they are doing their duty. Truly it is time for the people to demand that this wilful truancy be stopped, even if it requires a course at the Reformatory to bring about such a desirable change. In the whirl and rush of business in this present age, we overlook the most important duty in life, that of moulding character. What can we expect from the boy or girl who loaf about the street all day? Do they learn those things which we desire that they should learn? Nay, verily, but they form those habits which in due time will make them a detriment to society, to be shunned almost as a leper. To those then who are indifferent regarding this matter I shall quote those words which are intended for them, of all men: "When I say unto the wicked, thou shalt surely die; and thou givest him not warning, nor strivest thou the wicked from his way, to save his life; the same wicked one shall die in his iniquity; but his blood will I require at thine hand."

H. M. PAULIN.

### Presentation and Address.

On Thursday evening, Mar. 5th, Mr. and Mrs. Will Warren were surprised by a host of friends, and presented with a beautiful silk quilt and many other presents. Mr. R. Hoard, of Anson, read the address:

MR. and MRS. WARREN.—Will you please accept these presents as a token of the love and sympathy we all have for you in so great a loss as you sustained last season. My dear friends, I believe what is given is dear with warm hearts. Our prayer is that in years to come you may be abundantly blessed; that your last days may be perfect happiness, and that you may not go away, but remain with us many years yet. We do not wish to exchange good old neighbors for new ones.

Mrs. Emma Ross, hostess, and her helpers.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren were completely surprised, and thanked their many friends in a few well chosen words. Then followed tea, with music and games, the party breaking up at twelve amid the sweet strains of Auld Lang Syne, ably rendered by Mr. E. Russell, of Rednersville.

A large party of single women and girls will sail for Canada by the Bavarian on April 23. They are sent by the Society for the Promotion of Christian Knowledge. A matron and a chaplain accompany the party.

### Rawdon Council.

Minutes of a regular meeting of Rawdon Township Council held March 2nd. Council met pursuant to adjournment, members present, Wm. Rodgers, J. R. Cook, Paul Kingston, T. H. Matthews. Minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

German Bailey asked to be allowed to perform his statute labor on the 7th con. in the rear of his farm. The road surveyor was instructed to look after this matter, and report at the next meeting of the Council.

John Bateman applied to have the road opened and extended in the centre of the 11th con. across the balance of lot No. 12 and part of lot No. 13. The Clerk was instructed to notify Mr. G. L. Burkitt of the application. It was laid over until the next meeting of the Council.

The auditors handed in their report, both in detail and abstract form. Moved by Mr. Kingston, seconded by Mr. Cook, that the auditors' report be adopted. Carried. Mr. Rodgers, on behalf of the Council, thanked the auditors, Messrs. Scott and Meiklejohn, for their continued interest in municipal affairs as shown by the splendid manner in which the auditors' report was rendered.

The following amounts were ordered to be paid:

Wm. Johnson, building culvert.	\$ 2.00
John Farrell, gravel \$5, drawing same \$15.	20.00
Jas. Sutherland, cedar bought 1900.	100.00
J. S. Sprague, prof. services re reported smallpox, T. Johnson.	16.50
Wm. Rodgers, telephoning re small pox.	1.00
Wm. Hargreavy, gravel.	3.75
John Barlow, gravel.	.45
Municipal World, auditors book.	3.00
Byron Heath, com. C.P.R. statute labor.	6.00
Donald Bell, rebate of taxes.	5.50
L. Gordonier com. statute labor.	7.00
John Bateman, right of way and cutting out same at sink hole.	41.00
Thos. Johnson, support.	10.00
Mrs. Orser, support.	10.00

Council adjourned until Monday, April 6th.  
THOS. C. McCONNELL, Clerk.

### A Long Step.

The reproach that Canadians receive most of their cable news from United States journals is being steadily removed. An important step in this direction is indicated by the announcement of the Montreal Herald that it has in collaboration with a Toronto contemporary made arrangements for a daily cable service from London. An experienced journalist will act as the Herald's representative, and all events of importance to the Empire, and particularly to Canada, will be recorded daily. These despatches will certainly read better to Canadian eyes than those saturated with American sentiment that too frequently appear in our Canadian papers.

### Anson News

(From an Occasional Correspondent.)

Miss Winnie McMichael, of Belleville, and her niece, Miss VanAllen, were visiting at Mrs. R. Hoard's on Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Anson Cummings is seriously ill.

Mr. Wilbert Cummings is confined to the house with bronchitis.

Mrs. Wm. Weaver was called to Colborne on Friday last to attend the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Johnson.

Mr. Albert Phillips and family have moved to Thrasher's Corners.

### Madoc Junction Items.

(From our Correspondent.)

The rains of the past few days have just about cleared the snow away, and the farmers are talking seriously of tapping.

While Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ross were returning home from Stirling one day last week, they drove a little too close to the ditch between Mrs. Jas. Clarke's and Hiram Ashley's, in order to keep on the snow. The cutter upset, throwing the occupants out into the snow. The horse took fright and ran away, smashing the cutter and cutting itself somewhat about the legs. The old people escaped being hurt, but were badly frightened.

Miss Mary Juby was visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Cosby of Stirling, last week.

Mrs. J. Palmer, of Blessington, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. Juby.

Mr. J. M. Clark spent a couple of days in Toronto last week. Messrs. S. and B. Clarke, of Carmel, were visiting friends in town last week. There was no service in the church here last Sunday on account of the bad weather.

## The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament.)

Capital Authorized	\$2,000,000.00.
Capital Paid Up	\$1,263,764.00.

H. S. HOLT, Montreal, President. DUNCAN M. STEWART, General Manager.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

### To Encourage

Savings we accept deposits of One Dollar and upwards and allow interest from Day of Deposit.

### Our Assets

Immediately available are maintained at such figures as to insure Absolute Security to the Depositor.

To some people banking is always a mystery. We take pleasure in explaining to our customers anything they may not understand.

WE TRANSACT BUSINESS BY MAIL. No trouble, red tape or delay.

**STIRLING BRANCH.**

W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

## "Sterling Hall."

"Headquarters for Reliable Goods at Reasonable Prices."

### RAINCOATS.

For March and April showers provide yourself with a Stylish Raincoat. We show a full line for Men, Boys, Women and Misses.

Men's Waterproofs at	\$2.00 to \$10.00.
Sanford made Raincoats for Men and Boys at	\$5.00 to \$10.00.
Northway's Raincoats for Ladies,	\$7.00 to \$12.00.

### CORSETS.

If in search of a new Corset idea have a look at our B. & I. bias filled, at \$1.00 and \$1.25.

A full line of Crompton's popular lines always on hand as well.

### RIBBONS.

Bright New Spring Ribbons that ripple with color like moonlight on the lake. Be prompt if you want them they will go off quick at Sterling Hall. In all widths, at little prices.

### Petticoat Prettiness.

NORTHWAY made them, hence they are well made. You can wear them profitably at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

**BE SUITED**—If others have not suited you, try us.

SPECIAL, Black and Navy Blue Clay Worsted Suits, the keep shape, finely tailored kind, well worth \$15.00 for \$10.00. Sizes 34 to 42.

### GROCERIES.

Art Baking Powder, with Granite and Tinware prizes, 50c. can.	
4 lbs. Fine Sweet Biscuit, 25c.	Maple Syrup in quart jars, 30c.

**W. R. MATHER.**

## Shoe Specials for Women and Girls.

Girls' Fine Dongola Button, \$1.25 for	75c.
Girls' Fine Dongola Button, \$1.50 for	\$1.00.
Women's Fine Dongola Button, \$2.10 for	\$1.50.
Women's Fine Dongola Button, \$1.50 for	\$1.25.

The above lines are all first-class goods. The toes a little pointed. Will clear them out as we require the room for our large Spring Stock.

Ladies wear the EMPRESS SHOES. Well sized stock of RUBBERS.

Leave your order for a pair of Hand Made Boots, as you will soon need them.  
Wood, Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

**J. W. BROWN,**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

### Harold Cheese Factory.

A special general meeting of the stockholders of Harold Cheese Factory will be held at the Factory, on Friday, March 20th, at 7 o'clock, p.m. As business of importance will come before the meeting, all stockholders are requested to be present.

JOHN TANNER, Pres.

### Massey-Harris Implements.

We have on hand a full line of Seeding Machinery samples. Notice our new Combined Drill.

N. LANKTREE, Agent, STIRLING.

P.S.—Also agent for McLaughlin's Carriages. Horse for sale.

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having secured a first-class horse shoer and general blacksmith, I am prepared to do a general blacksmith trade. Also, well stocked with Wagon, Buggies, Mikados. Your trade is solicited.

WM. MONTGOMERY.

### LOST

On March 11th, somewhere between Stirling and Beulah Church, either on the Ridge Road, or on the road leading through by way of Salem Church, a pocketbook containing a sum of money, and papers, was lost. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to GEORGE H. JONES, Stirling, or leaving at NEWS-ARGUS Office.

### FOR SALE

About 3 1/2 acres of land being north-west corner of Lot 10, in the 9th Con. of Sidney, near C.O.R. For terms and further particulars apply to

JAMES LAKE, Stirling.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

**Settlers' One-Way Excursions**

To Manitoba and Canadian North-West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during March and April, 1903, if sufficient business offers. Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m. Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 8:00 p.m. Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train. For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," Western Canada or "British Columbia" apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 71 Yonge St., Toronto.

## SEEDS.

We are receiving our FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS. Get our prices and examine our stock of

**ALSIKE, RED CLOVER, and TIMOTHY** before buying.

### GROCERY SPECIALS:

5 lbs. Wine Biscuit for 25c.  
3 lbs. Lemon Biscuit for 25c.  
8 lbs. Quaker Oats for 25c.

Given away with each lb. of Baking Powder, one of the following articles—Granite Kettle, Bread Pan, Dish Pan, etc.

SYRUP—We have a few 5, 10 and 12 lb. pails of Light Table Syrup, which we will sell very cheap.

Flour and Salt always kept in stock.

**S. HOLDEN.**

## NOTICE to CREDITORS

In the Estate of HUGH MORTON, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R.S.O. 1897, Chap. 127, Sec. 38, that all creditors of Hugh Morton, late of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, farmer, who died on or about the 20th day of February, 1903, and all persons having claims against the estate of the said Hugh Morton are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to Robert N. Morton at Sina, P. O. Ont., one of the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the

18th day of APRIL, 1903, their christian and surnames addressed, and description and a statement, and full particulars of their claims and of their security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and the persons failing to comply with the above notice will be peremptorily excluded from participation in the property and assets of the said deceased to be divided.

Notice is further given that after the said 18th day of April, 1903, the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, they shall then have notice, and that they thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have notice.

Dated at Norwood, this 6th day of March, 1903.

GEORGE J. SHERREY, Solicitor for the Executors, R. N. Morton and Alexander Morton.



## Egerton's Will

"You are brutally frank, Heriot."

"Well, my dear Fred, what is the good of mincing matters? You are absolutely a physical wreck. You have just been examined by one of the best doctors in Liverpool, and he declares that you have not got four weeks to live."

"Well, you needn't rub it in. When I met you four years ago I was a silly fool, but you have got me the silly fool, but you have got me the money. A delightful sponge you have been, and I am going to peg out, it doesn't matter much; but I can't help thinking of my sister—dear little Mary; I wonder what will become of her."

"To revert to our discussion, my dear Denman, you have not yet given an answer to my proposition."

"Have I not? Well, here it is in a nutshell. I have been your partner and dupe for four years. I have lived like a weak and lunatic, but I am going to die a clean death."

"Then you refuse?"

"Your perspicacity is amazing."

"Then I'm off to London to-night, and you can die when you like, how you like, and where you like."

"You will desert me?"

"I have stuck to you for the last two years—when you have been practically a pauper. You have lived on my charity—my sister."

"Ah, you will let me have that £25 to send her to-night, Heriot; you won't refuse me that?"

"Not a farthing; I have done with you."

"Look here, Roger, I—I—well, you know all my circumstances; you will let me have that £25 for Mary. She has nobody but me, and she still thinks that I am rich. I haven't seen her for four years, but I have always managed to send her money. You will do it, old chap?"

"Listen to me, Fred, and don't be a fool. Your sister, I understand, looks upon you as a noble brother. What is she going to do when you are dead?"

"Heaven knows."

"Would it not be better to keep her in ignorance of the fact that her brother lived the life of a gambler and died a pauper? Now, look here; agree to my proposition, and I will allow her £200 a year while you are alive, and if you carry things through properly, £500 a year when you are dead."

Fred Denman was silent for a few seconds, and then a fit of coughing seized him that completely exhausted him.

"That is pretty bad," remarked Heriot; "you had better make up your mind before it is too late. What is it to be?"

"What are the details?"

"Simply that you change your name to Philip Egerton, and before you die you send for a lawyer, make a will, and leave everything you possess to me."

"And Philip Egerton?"

"Is dead. You remember the row in Rafferty's saloon?"

"When the lights were put out and a stranger was shot?"

"That stranger was Philip Egerton."

"And you killed him?"

"An accident, my dear Fred. He had quarrelled with his father in London and was living in Australia under an assumed name. No one knew who he really was, so you see everything is quite safe. His father died twelve months ago, and there you are."

"And what am I, as Philip Egerton, supposed to be worth?"

"Hard to say. Perhaps £4,000 a year."

"All right, I'll do it. But what about my dear wife, Sophie?"

"She must know nothing about it. It is two years since we set eyes on her."

"Exactly; but you know my dear Sophie. She smells money as a vulture smells blood, and I wouldn't mind wagering that she'll be knocking at the door before the breath is out of my body."

"All right, he knoek. Now, here are the details. An old certificate of the birth of Philip Egerton, a photograph of his mother, a gold watch with his name on, the Bible his mother gave him, a few books, and several specimens of his hand writing."

"You have got things fixed up?"

"Now, you must remove to other lodgings, practise the signature of Philip Egerton, and rehearse your last earthly tragedy. Scatter these things about your room to establish your identity, and when you have made the will everything will be plain sailing."

"Twenty-four hours later Captain Roger Heriot had arranged everything to his satisfaction and took train to London, there to await the speedy demise of the poor wreck of a man who had once been respected as Fred Denman."

He had not long to wait, for it was but ten days later when he received a communication from a firm of lawyers in Liverpool announcing the death of Philip Egerton, and begging the captain to journey north without delay.

The dead man lay in the darkened room, and a woman sat by the bedside. She glanced curiously at the picture of a smile and the sun-mouth. The door opened, and Captain Roger Heriot entered. At the sight of the woman he started back in amazement.

"Sophie! I! You here?"

"Yes, Roger; is not a woman's place beside her husband?"

"Hush! be silent! This is not your husband."

"Oh, I beg his pardon, May? I inquire the name of this late gentleman?"

"Be quiet and don't be a fool. The lawyer is here now. Remember that this man, is Philip Egerton; stick to that, do you hear?"

"On one condition."

"And that is?"

"Further talking was precluded by the arrival of the lawyer, who after various preliminaries proceeded to read the will which Fred Denman had executed before his death."

"This will is short, sir," quite short, but in perfect order."

This is the last Will and Testament of me, Philip Egerton, of Hyde Park Lane, London, in the County of Middlesex, and Dalling Lodge, Little Willoway, in the County of Surrey, Gentlemen. Whereby I bequeath, Miss Mary Denman, of Oak Cottage, Barnes, in the County of Surrey, sister of my friend Frederick Denman, an Annuity of £3,000, and I make this Annuity a first charge upon my estate. The residue of my property I leave to my friend Captain Roger Heriot, of Albany, London, and appoint him sole Executor of this my Will.

"That is the will, sir, duly signed and attested in the presence of witnesses."

"Do I understand that this Miss Denman receives an annuity of £3,000 a year, and that I am simply residuary legatee?"

"That is the situation, Captain Heriot."

"And until this annuity is provided I handle nothing?"

"Exactly."

The lawyer, after undertaking to see matters straightened out, and Sophie immediately indulged in a peal of laughter.

"Oh, Roger, this is splendid. Who would have thought Fred so cute? Three thousand pounds a year to his sister, and what do you get, my poor deluded friend?"

"A house in Hyde Park Lane, a lodge in Little Willoway, and £400 a year to keep them up."

"We?"

"Yes, either I share or you get nothing."

"I get precious little as it is. But I suppose it must be halves. I must stay here until to-morrow and see the late lamented put under."

"Right you are. I suppose that fool of a lawyer will communicate with Miss Mary Denman."

"I suppose so, unless I do so first. By Jove! I see a way out of it. If I marry Mary Denman that £3,000 a year is safe."

"And if there was no Mary Denman there would be no need for an annuity. Dead men tell no tales, nor women either."

"You mean—?"

"Exactly."

Tap, tap, tap.

The blind beggar crept slowly along Hyde Park Lane, feeling the railings carefully with his iron-shod stick. Outside a certain house he stopped, and leaning against a pillar gazed vacantly through his heavily-rimmed glasses. The house door opened, and Captain Heriot and Sophie came out.

"You know the address, Roger?"

"Yes, Oak Cottage, Barnes."

"Well, pass your cards, carefully and meet me at the Trocadero at nine."

"All right. Here's that confounded blind man again."

"Pity the poor blind."

"Oh, confound you; be off."

He hailed a hansom and drove off. The cab was no sooner out of sight than the blind beggar halted another woman and driven rapidly to Barnes. Taking up his position a short distance from Oak Cottage he waited, and an hour later Captain Roger Heriot made his appearance.

The captain knocked and was admitted. The blind beggar crept to the porch and sat down. A faint murmur of voices reached him, but he did not hear the conversation. When the captain left the beggar was walking along the Station Road—tap, tap, tap with his stick.

As soon as he was out of sight the blind beggar took off his spectacles, and a young man with a tattered coat was removed and thrown over his arm, and the erstwhile object of charity became a very presentable young man.

"And now for home and little Mary."

He opened the door of Oak Cottage with his key, but Mary Denman had seen him coming, and as soon as he entered a pair of arms were thrown around his neck.

"Oh, Jack—Jack, such good news. Guess I am an heiress, £3,000 a year, Jack—just think of it."

"Good news, indeed, little girl; but tell me all about it."

"I can't understand it yet, Jack, but someone has died and left it to me. A gentleman named Captain Roger Heriot called just now to tell me. I am to have all the money and Captain Heriot the houses, and—oh, Jack, it is so funny! It appears he hasn't got enough money to keep up the two places, and he wanted me to think about marrying him."

"Oh, ha! I very funny!"

"Oh, Roger, I told him that I was going to marry you."

"But you haven't told me who left you the money."

"Oh; how stupid of me; I never knew, Roger, but his name is Philip Egerton."

"Philip Egerton!"

"Yes, Jack, a friend of Fred's, I believe."

"And—is Philip Egerton dead?"

"Of course he is, you stupid; how could he leave me the money if he was alive?"

"Why, certainly. But listen, little woman, are you quite sure that you want to marry me now that you are going to be so rich?"

"Don't be an old goose, Jack."

"Well, have I told you any circumstances. My name is not John Castle; I have an enemy, that enemy is occupying my place; I am

waiting patiently to track him down and until I have done that I cannot reveal myself."

"You have told me all that before, and I love you. I trust you."

Two days later the blind beggar took up his position in Hyde Park Lane. It was late in the afternoon; the autumnal wind swept the road in boisterous gusts, and the sky gave evidence of a tempestuous evening.

He had been at his post for an hour, Sophie Denman had entered the house, opening the door with her own key, but of Roger Heriot he had seen nothing.

But half an hour later his vigil was rewarded. Captain Roger Heriot drove up to the door and handed a lady from the hansom. They passed the steps together and the captain tumbled in his pocket for the key.

"Here we are at last. You are not afraid to trust yourself in a hansom, are you?"

"Afraid! A woman will do much for the love of—"

The concluding words were lost as the door closed upon them, and the blind beggar stood as if turned to stone, for the voice was the voice of Mary Denman, his betrothed wife.

The twilight deepened into night, and hour after hour passed, but the blind man stood immovable. The inmates of the house made no sign and the street was deserted. Then a carriage drove up to the door, and the driver waited with the dismounting from the vehicle. Then Roger Heriot came out and peered up and down the road, and the voice of Sophie called to him from the doorway.

"Is all clear?"

"Yes."

Sophie came down the steps with her arms wrapped warmly enough, but the girl walked with a stupid expression on her face. She helped her into the vehicle; Sophie and Heriot followed, and they drove rapidly away.

Mary Denman lay back in the carriage and appeared to sleep. Presently she opened her eyes.

"To where are you taking me, my dear?"

"I am taking you to see your brother."

"Ah, yes I remember."

She closed her eyes wearily, and Heriot and Sophie exchanged glances of satisfaction. The drug which they had administered was just sufficient to make her stupid and obedient.

After half an hour's ride the carriage pulled up before a dilapidated house sandwiched between two tall warehouses. Heriot opened the door and the three entered, after dismissing the vehicle.

The house was in darkness, but Heriot lit a lantern and led the way upstairs, and Mary noted wonderingly that the house was unfurnished. At the top storey Heriot opened a door at the back of the house and motioned the others in.

It was a low room with a window reaching from floor to ceiling. The blind beggar upon the panes, and a tumber of disturbed rats ran to their holes in the dilapidated flooring.

"What does this mean? Why have you brought me here?" asked Mary.

"To make you listen to reason, you little fool."

"Hush! Sophie, you must not talk to her like that."

"Take me to Fred—oh! where is Fred?"

"Fred! I'll tell you where Fred is; he has gone out of this world into the next, and in a few minutes you are going to follow him."

"Silence, Sophie; there is no need for violence. Mary will agree to marry me and everything will be arranged comfortably."

"Mary? Roger Heriot? I have shared your crimes and I have shared your poverty; do you think that you are going to give me up now that wealth is in your grasp?"

She threw open the window as she spoke, and the roar of the running river came up from below.

"The night is dark, your body will be found miles from here," she said to Mary.

"But why do you wish for my death?"

"Your fool of a brother before he died assumed the name of Philip Egerton, he left you £3,000 a year in the name of Philip Egerton, and that sum we have to pay you while you live."

"Take the money and let me go. I want nothing that is obtained by fraud."

"No, no, you know too much. Now Roger, waste no more time; we must get away."

"No, I will not do it. Mary will marry me, and then—stand back."

"You love-sick idiot, will you allow her pretty face to rob you of a fortune? Out of the window with her and have done with it."

She seized Mary and commenced to drag her to the window. With an oath Heriot sprang forward and threw her off.

Sophie spun round with his violence and reeled against the low doorway and with a wild scream disappeared into the river.

Heriot stood appalled at what he had done.

"It was an accident—an accident!"

"You said that you saw it, didn't you? We must get away—but no, you know too much. Two men must die to-night. What is that trust you—I—Hush! Tap, tap, tap."

Tap, tap, tap. Heriot watched the door, and Mary was no less fascinated.

Slowly it swung open. Tap, tap, tap, and the blind man stood on the threshold of a blind beggar of Hyde Park Lane.

"No, I am not a blind beggar."

"Jack, Jack, what a Jack Castle!" he replied, and he threw his arm round Mary.

"Who are you, then?" asked Heriot.

The heard, wig, and spectacles

## Earth at the Centre of All

And Man the Chief End and Purpose of the Universe.

The attention of the thinking world will be attracted by a remarkable article in the *Fortnightly Review* for March, by Dr. Alfred Russell Wallace, entitled "Man's Place in the Universe." The eminent writer has assembled all the latest astronomical and other scientific discoveries and knowledge bearing upon the subject. He deduces therefrom this marvelous theory:

First—That the earth or solar system is the physical centre of the stellar universe.

Second—That the supreme end and purpose of this vast universe was the production and development of the living soul in the perishable body of man.

It is impossible in a brief review to do more than indicate the chief features of Dr. Wallace's great contribution to modern thought. He first reminds us that to the early astronomers the earth was the centre of the visible universe, the sun, moon, planets and stars all revolving around it in eccentric and complex orbits. After that as progressive knowledge showed us the utter insignificance of our solar system, we were driven to the other extreme. The tendency of all recent astronomical research has been to give us wider views of the vastness and variety and marvellous complexity of the stellar universe, and proportionately, to reduce the importance of our little speck of earth almost to nothing.

Modern scepticism, in the light of this knowledge, point out the irrationality and absurdity of supposing that the Creator of all this unimaginable vastness of suns and systems should have any special interest in so pitiful a creature as man, the degraded or imperfectly developed inhabitant of one of the smaller planets attached to a second or third-rate sun, while that He should have selected this little world for the scene of the tremendous and necessarily unique sacrifice of His Son, in order to save a portion of these miserable sinners from the natural consequences of their sins, is, in their view, a crowning absurdity too incredible to be believed by any rational being.

It must be confessed, he says, that theologians have no adequate reply to this attack, while many of them have felt their position to be untenable, and have renounced the idea of special revelation and a Supreme Saviour for the exclusive benefit of so minute and insignificant a speck in the universe.

Dr. Wallace then adduces the evidence of the sun, and of the facts and observations made within the last quarter of a century that the earth's position and probably unique, is special and probably unique. He first asks, Are the stars minute in number? Then he points out that with every increase of power in telescopes until recent years there had been a proportionate increase in the number of stars visible. There are about 200,000 stars between the first and ninth magnitude, the number at each lesser magnitude being about three times that of the next higher. Now, if that rate of increase were continued down to the seventeenth magnitude, there would be about 1,400,000,000 stars. In the best modern photographic charts, the number of stars shown does not exceed 100,000. As the instruments reach further and further into space they find a continuous diminution in the number of stars, thus indicating an approach to the outer limits of the stellar universe.

This conclusion is further enforced by the fact that the numerous dark passages in the heavens, where stars are visible, and hardly any projected on an intensely dark background, continue to present the same features in telescopes of the highest powers as they do in those of moderate size. This could not possibly happen if the stars were infinite in number, or even if they extended in greater than those into spaces much as can reach, be which our telescopes can reach, but that case these dark backgrounds would be illuminated by the light of millions of stars visible, and as in the case of the Milky Way, the only other explanation would be that the star system is penetrated in several directions by perfectly straight tunnels of enormous length as compared with their diameter, in which no stars exist, and this is considered to be so improbable as not to be worthy of consideration.

Dr. Wallace next considers the most striking proof of the limited extent of the stellar universe, which consists in an analysis of the laws of light. He quotes Prof. Newcomb and other physicists, who affirm that the combined light would be fully equal to the sun at midday, whereas starlight is only one-fourth as powerful as moonlight. This proof, which cannot be elaborated here, Dr. Wallace regards, when taken in connection with telescopic research, as altogether conclusive of the limited extent of the stellar universe.

The writer then proceeds to discuss in clear and convincing detail the distribution of the stars in space, the latest knowledge of their movements and, finally, the position in the universe of the solar system. His conclusions are:

"The result so far reached by astronomers as the direct, logical conclusion from the whole mass of facts accumulated by means of powerful instruments of research, which have given us the new astronomy, is that our sun is one of the central orbs of a globular star cluster, and that this star cluster occupies nearly the central position in the exact plane of the Milky Way, but I am not aware that any writer has taken the next step and, combining these two conclusions, has stated definitely that our sun is thus near if not actually at the centre of the whole visible universe, and therefore, in all probability, in the centre of the whole material universe."

"This conclusion no doubt is a startling one, and all kinds of objections will be made against it, yet I am not acquainted with any great inductive result of modern science that has been arrived at so gradually, so legitimately, by means of so vast a mass of precise measurements and observations and by such wholly unprejudiced workers. It may not be proved with minute accuracy as regards the actual mathematical centre, but that it is substantially correct there seems to be no good reason to doubt, and I therefore hold it right and proper to have it so stated and provisionally accepted until further accumulations of evidence may show to what extent it requires modification."

"This completes the first part of our inquiry, but an equally important part remains to be considered: Our position in the solar system itself as regards adaptability for organic life. Here, too, I am not aware that the whole facts have been sufficiently considered, yet there are facts that indicate our position in this respect to be as central and unique as that of the sun in the stellar universe."

It is not possible to follow Dr. Wallace's cogent arguments in detail on the question of the adaptability of our planet for life, and of the higher forms of intellectual beings. Writers on this subject, he says, have usually been content to show that certain planets may possibly now be in a condition to support life, but they have not considered the present question: Could such developed organisms be sustained on these planets? This is the real crux of the problem, and Dr. Wallace believes that full consideration of the required conditions will satisfy us that no other planet can fulfil them.

Dr. Wallace observes that materialists will object that the want of a proportion between the means and the end condemns the theory that the universe was created for the production and development of man, but he asks if there is any such want of proportion. Given infinite space and infinite time, there can be no such thing as want of proportion, if the end to be reached were a great and worthy one, and if the particular mode of attaining that end were the best or perhaps the only one possible one; if even the end were fairly presume that it was so by the fact that it has been used and has succeeded.

Dr. Wallace's conclusion is: "The three startling facts that we are in the centre of a cluster of suns and that this cluster is situated not only at precisely in the plane of the Milky Way, but also centrally in that plane, can hardly be looked upon as chance coincidences without attributing significance to the relation to the culminating fact that the planet so situated has developed humanity. Of course, the relation here pointed out may be a mere coincidence, but it is a coincidence which is a result of one yet have arisen as million chances occur in a thousand almost infinite time, and on the other hand, those thinkers who are right who, holding that the universe is a manifestation of mind and that the orderly development of living souls supplies an adequate reason why such a universe should have been called into existence, believe that we ourselves and its sole and sufficient reason that nowhere else in the universe which has been called into existence could that result have been attained."

## NEW AND STRANGE

The "lead" of black lead pencils is now made from coke. It is ground and mixed with iron ore and chemicals, and subjected to pressure under great heat.

Broughams and other vehicles of aluminium, and even a steel-clad Victoria, are now to be seen in Paris. They are lighter than the old styles of wood and metal combined, are more elegant, and safer in cases of breakdown.

The newest cure for anaemia is to take the sufferer up in a captive balloon, and let him stay at a certain altitude for two hours. Half a dozen ascents of this kind during a few weeks will effect a marvellous cure, and are equal to a three months' sojourn at a health resort.

Locomotives, propelled by electricity drawn from the air without cost, and ocean liners racing over the sea by the agency of the electric current drawn inexpensively from the same source, are promised for the future by Tesla. It is to be done on the principle of wireless telegraphy.

A French doctor has invented a harmless bullet, which ought to be very useful to French duellists. It is made of a chalky compound, and when it strikes a person it merely marks the spot without doing the least mischief. With a mask over the face, men can practice revolver shooting at each other just as they now practice fencing.

Molten wood is a new invention. By means of high distillation and high pressure, the escape of developing gases is prevented, thereby reducing the wood to a molten condition. When cool, the mass assumes the character of coal. This new body is hard, but can be shaped and nicely polished. It is impervious to water and acids.

When the fire of a heating apparatus is lighted for the first time at the beginning of the cold season, one sometimes notices a most unpleasant smell of ammonia and the like. It seems that large numbers of microbes gather in the pipes during the season, and that the warmth causes the organisms to vegetate, and thus a quantity of ammonia is produced.

A new calling device is being introduced in hotels, where guests require to be awakened at special times to catch more or less trains. A clock is set up in the office and so constructed that it can be made to give a calling ring in any room at any time; it can be set to the required times, and it will do its duty faithfully, without oversleeping itself as porters and others sometimes do.

A bar magnet arranged in connection with the handle of the razor is the newest device for keeping that useful instrument sharp for a long time. As you pass the razor over your face, the magnet draws the edge, and so prevents it from becoming blunt so soon as it otherwise would do; when at rest, the edge lies along a magnet, so that the cutting part is always under magnetic influence.

A French postal clerk has evolved a simple apparatus for dispensing with the postage stamp and enabling any one to get his mail franked after office hours. The apparatus can be affixed to any pillar box; a coin is dropped into a slot, the corner of the letter is inserted, and the machine stamps the envelope with the amount paid. All you have to do, then, is to drop the letter into the pillar box for collection.

A novel device is being tried for automatically stopping a train. A dial is attached to one of the driving wheels; this registers the number of miles. Another dial, of the same size, is fitted with a series of stops, arranged so that the distance of the preceding one. As the train runs into the station zone, the "stop" acts on a throttle valve, and pulls up the train within the specified limits. The inventor adds that it will be useful in case of carelessness on the part of the driver, or lessness on the part of the driver, or if he should fall asleep.

The latest mechanical arms on animals are attached to the crank of a rotating shaft; the arm of the child sets the shaft in motion, and the child looks through the doorway to catch a glimpse of the animals, which it cannot see properly till the shaft stops. Only one animal can be seen at a time at each stoppage, and the same animal chances opposite the doorway twice stopping opposite the finest peaks, in any given time are very small. Thus the child is always wondering how many animals are in the box.

## INQUIRED THE PRICE.

He—"Then everything is fixed and we can be married in May, can't we?"

She—"There is only one thing I have not spoken of, and mamma insisted that I must."

He—"Certainly, my angel. What is it? Bid me get through any trial for your dear sake, and I'll do it. Ask for a thing in existence I'll get it—aye, even though I must swim the seas, climb the loftiest peaks, or search in the fuming craters of mighty volcanoes, I'll do it."

She—"It isn't much, my dear. Mamma said I must ask you how much you intended to allow me a week for pin-money."

He—"Um—er—how much are pins a paper now?"

## SCHOOL MOTORS.

To school by motor-car is a decidedly novelty. It has been experimentally in use in Paris for some months. An accordion-like device, to be propelled by the school, and to bring pupils to the school, and to take them home again. Altogether the daily run has averaged about sixty miles, and the results have been so good that the system is to be extended to other schools.















# BURNED TO WATER'S EDGE.

## Steamer Montreal Destroyed and Spectators Killed and Hurt.

A despatch from Montreal says: The magnificent new steamer Montreal, which was built last year by the Bertram Company, of Toronto, for the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company and which was engaged during the coming season, was burned to the water's edge here on Saturday night, and the destruction of the steamer by fire was attended by a lamentable accident as a result of which one man is dead, several more are likely to succumb at the hospitals to their injuries, and over 50 received more or less serious injuries. That is the saddest record as given out at the hospitals to-night. The dead man is N. Groulx, an Italian laborer, employed by the Grand Trunk, who died from a fractured skull a couple of hours after being admitted to the General Hospital. The most seriously injured are at the Royal Victoria Hospital where six patients are being attended to.

### A FLOATING PALACE.

The steamer was lying in the Custom House basin, close to the Allan wharf, awaiting the opening of navigation, when workmen had been engaged on her for some time completing the interior work. The steamer was being fitted up in the finest manner, the intention being that she should eclipse anything yet seen on the St. Lawrence route. The fire originated in the engine room, which had been in a mystery. The workmen who were engaged by the contractors to complete the elaborate woodwork, which was to make the Montreal a veritable floating palace. Paints and oils and varnishes were on board in quantities. Each evening work ceased on the steamer, and left the vessel in charge of a watchman. In the after part of the main deck there was to have been the great main dining saloon. Temporary heat was furnished by a big Quebec heater and by an open "Bencon" grate, such as is sometimes used in new buildings to dry out plaster. It was from this part of the vessel that the fire seems to have started. The fire was discovered by the night watchman shortly after eight o'clock, who turned in a general alarm. In an incredibly short space of time the steamer was in flames. The whole brigade was soon on the scene, but owing to the position in which the steamer was it was almost impossible for the firemen to do anything. All that remained of the splendid steamer after a couple of hours was the steel hull and the engines, which it is hoped may be saved.

The burning steamer made an immense bonfire, which lit up the whole water front, and the central portion of the city, and a great scene was seen for miles. Thousands of people from all parts of the city were attracted to the scene. The

throng crowded on to the revetment wall, and thousands poured over on to the wharves.

### BUILDING FELL WITH CROWD.

The workmen had already been getting up the framework for the big sheds, but the framework was temporarily held in place by strips of timber, and when the hundreds began to climb upon this structure, with a blind faith in its stability, the framework began to sway and shake. Beneath the heavy beams people were streaming in, their number being added to every moment as the crowds poured down on to the scene.

The swaying became greater. The boards began to crack. The people far enough away to get a comprehensive view of the situation, and near enough to understand the danger, shouted to those who were under the framework of their danger, but it was too late. There was a mighty crash, and the whole structure was down upon the thickly packed crowd beneath. There was an awful moment of suspense, then cries and groans of the injured rose above the roar of the conflagration. Several doctors who happened to be on hand gave their attention to the wounded while ambulances were summoned. Stretches were improvised from the pieces of the wrecked building, and on them the wounded were carried away from the scene. Willing hands aided in the removal of all who were hurt.

Hundreds who simply received cuts on hands and faces, but were able to get about, had their injuries dressed as well as possible near the scene of the trouble, and were assisted to their homes.

### BIGGEST BUILT IN CANADA.

The destroyed steamer was built by the Bertram Company, of Toronto, and was launched early in November of last year. She was the biggest and finest steamer ever constructed in Canada, and valued at nearly \$400,000. Her dimensions were: Length, 240 feet; width, 43 feet; draft over guards, 75 feet 6 inches; moulded depth, 15 feet. Engines, 3,000 horse-power. The electric light plant, furnished current for 1,200 sixteen candle-power lamps.

The dining-room was on the main deck, and was built to seat 130 passengers. The total number of state-rooms was 266, including six in the upper saloon, parlor rooms with bath-rooms attached.

The stair and gallery railings were of bronzed leaf work, surmounted with mahogany hand rails. The furniture was of dark mahogany and plush, and it, as well as the general ornamentation, was in Louis XV. style. The dome ceiling was richly ornamented with heavy scroll work, and its leading features were large allegorical paintings, representing the periods of the day.

The preparation is known as the anti-streptococcal serum, and while the principle is based upon a European discovery, Dr. Charlton has improved upon it so that a much smaller dose is necessary, while the salutary effect makes its appearance much sooner. At all events the doctor is the first to introduce it as any form on this side of the Atlantic, and the new Ottawa Isolation Hospital is foremost in the experiments which have been conducted.

### CHOKED TO DEATH.

#### A Little Girl Dies in Her Mother's Arms.

A New York despatch says: While trying to swallow a small piece of hazel nut on Wednesday, Annie Voriseuk, two years of age, choked to death, dying in her mother's arms as the agonized woman was rushing through the street to a physician. The child was the last of three, all of whom have died since Christmas. The mother is in a serious condition from the shock.

### MORPHINE CAUSED DEATH.

#### Verdict of Jury on Decease of Dr. Alexander.

A Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., despatch says: "Died from an overdose of morphine taken by accident" was the verdict rendered on Monday night by the jury empanelled to investigate the death of the late Dr. Alexander, the dentist, who died on Saturday under suspicious circumstances. The post-mortem showed the presence of morphine in the stomach.

## KILLED BY BURNING OIL.

### Tank Cars Collided and Have One Was Fruitful.

An Olean, N. Y., despatch says: A score or more people were killed, and a large number injured by an explosion of oil near here on Monday night. A freight train on the Erie, made up principally of tank cars filled with oil, broke in two north of the city at about nine o'clock. The two sections of the train came together with a crash, and one of the oil tanks was smashed. Fire broke out almost instantly, and the sky was lighted up for miles. A large crowd of people left this city for the scene of the fire. While they were lined up along the tracks a terrific explosion occurred. The flames spread to the other tank cars, and a second and third explosion followed each other in rapid succession. Sheets of flame shot out in all directions. Scores of persons were caught within the zone of the fire and enveloped in flames. Men and boys ran screaming down the tracks with their clothing burning. Others fell where they stood, overcome by the awful heat. Just how many were killed is not definitely known, as many bodies were incinerated.

### AN AWFUL SCENE.

Sydney Fish, a prominent business man, returned from the scene of the fire at midnight. He said: "I was attracted to the scene of the fire at ten o'clock. When I was within a quarter of a mile of the scene of the accident there was a terrific explosion. Flames shot outwards and upwards for a great distance. I saw several persons who started to run away down the railway tracks, and they never moved again. Others who stood close to the tank cars were hurled through the air for hundreds of feet. The scene was awful. Half a dozen young boys were running about, with their clothing a mass of flames. They resembled human torches. I could hear their agonized screams distinctly from where I stood. They ran some distance down the track and then threw themselves to the ground, grovelling in the ditches in their efforts to extinguish the flames. Then they lay still, some of them unconscious, others dead. I don't know how many were killed, but I counted twenty bodies, then I came away."

Every doctor and ambulance in the city was summoned. Grocery wagons and carriages of all kinds were pressed into service, and everything possible was done to bring the wounded without delay to the city hospitals for treatment. At midnight the first of the wounded arrived at the hospital. Their injuries were frightful.

### NEW DAIRY INVENTION.

#### Swedes Push New "Milk Flour" Machine.

A Stockholm despatch says:—It is authoritatively stated that the "excisiator," the newly-invented machine for extracting "milk flour" from skim-milk, has withstood all tests in the dairy, and is now being put into service. The machine is a separator as an article of utility. It is estimated that the invention will yield a profit to the Swedish dairy industry of \$2,000,000 annually. A machine capable of working through 2,000 quarts of milk in ten hours will cost from \$1,000 to \$1,200. A limited company of Swedish capitalists has obtained patents in most foreign countries.

### BULLET IN HER NECK.

#### London Woman Victim of Erratic Target Practice.

A London despatch says: Mrs. A. R. Simpson, of York street, was standing in the pantry of her home on Thursday morning, when she was shot in the neck by a bullet from a 32-calibre revolver. She was only slightly wounded, but had a very narrow escape, a jagged wound being made over the jugular vein. Were it not that the window was of heavy plate glass it is believed that a fatality would have occurred. Spencer R. Stone, of Chicago, was arrested, charged with wounding. He was bailed. Stone claims that the shot was fired by a young lady friend, and that they were firing at a target in an adjoining back yard for practice.

### 50,000 SETTLERS COMING.

#### Syndicate Would Make Arrangements to Locate Them.

A Toronto despatch says: Mr. J. Coley-Brownfield, of Brighton, England, representing the big English immigration syndicate, has forwarded an amended proposition, which is now before the Commissioner of Crown Lands. The offer made is along the lines of the contract entered into with the syndicate, which was not actually signed, and conforms closely to the regulations of the Crown Lands Department. The company contemplates settling 50,000 people in Ontario, but it is not likely that the surveys and other details can be completed in time for any settlement this year.

### STORMS IN RUSSIA.

#### Hundreds of Deaths Due to Severity of Weather.

A London despatch says: The St. Petersburg correspondent of the snowstormers have been signing during the last week in the Government of Samara, and have caused hundreds of deaths. Horses drawing sledges have returned to villages with the village folk are run right to shelter. Many persons have been frozen to death, and the villages while searching for the doors of their own homes.

# THE MARKETS.

## Prices of Grain, Cattle, etc. in Trade Centres.

Toronto, March 10.—Wheat.—The market is dull, with prices unchanged. No. 2 white and red quoted at 70 1/2 middle freights. No. 2 spring nominal at 70c on Midland, and No. 2 goose at 66c on Midland. Manitoba wheat steady; No. 1 hard, 85c all rail, grinding in transit; No. 1 Northern, 86c all rail, grinding in transit; No. 1 hard, 87 1/2c North Bay; No. 1 Northern, 85 1/2c North Bay.

Oats.—Trade is quiet, with No. 2 white quoted at 31c, low freights to New York, and No. 1 white at 32 1/2 to 33c east.

Barley.—Trade is quiet, with No. 3 extra quoted at 40 1/2 middle freights, and No. 3 at 43 1/2 to 44c, middle freights.

Peas.—No. 2 white is quoted at 71c high freights, and at 72c east.

Corn.—Market dull, with Canadian yellow quoted at 45c west, and mixed at 44c west. No. 3 American at 52 to 53 1/2c on track, Toronto.

Flour.—Ninety per cent. patents unchanged at \$2.67 middle freights in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$3.25 to \$3.40 in bbls. Manitoba flour steady. No. 1 hard, \$4.20 to \$4.40, and second, \$3.80 to \$4.20. Strong bakers, \$3.80 to \$4, bags included, Toronto.

Millfeed.—Bran, \$16 here, and shorts, \$18. At outside points bran is quoted at \$16.50, and shorts at \$17.50. Manitoba bran in sacks, \$19, and shorts, \$21 here.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans.—Trade continues quiet. Medium, \$1.65 to \$1.75 per bushel, and hand-picked, \$1.90 to \$2.

Dried apples.—Market continues very dull, with the price nominal at 3 1/2c per lb. Evaporated, 6 to 6 1/2c.

Honey.—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. Strained sells at 8 to 8 1/2c per lb., and comb at \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Hay, baled.—The market is quiet at unchanged prices. Choice timothy, \$10 on track, and mixed at \$8 to \$8.50.

Straw.—The market is quiet for car lots on track at \$5.50 to \$6 a ton. Maple Syrup.—Five gallon cans, \$1 a gallon; one-gallon cans, \$1.10, and half-gallon, 60c.

Onions.—The market is dull at 40c per bushel for French onions.

Poultry.—Offerings are very small. We quote: Fresh killed dry-picked turkeys, 14 to 17c; geese, 9 to 11c per lb; ducks, 10 to 12 1/2c; chickens (young), 85c to \$1; old hens, 60 to 70c per pair.

Potatoes.—Market steady. Cars on track, \$1 to \$1.05, and small lots, \$1.25 per bag.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, March 10.—Everything offered was sold to-day. The local butchers' and exporters' continued about the same as before. A choice load or two of the latter brought \$4.75, but this marks no advance. Space for transportation across the Atlantic continues scarce, and the English market shows no signs of improvement. Prices in the United States have been a little firmer lately, but nevertheless a few buyers are still going to Chicago for cattle.

Butchers' cattle sold well, the offerings were light and the quality fairly good. Sheep and lambs were still active and strong. Milch cows continued firm, and veal calves were steady. The market for hogs continued fairly steady, without any change in prices.

The total run was about 60 cars, containing 864 cattle, 244 sheep, 1,400 hogs, and 18 calves.

The quotations for export cattle were as follows: Exporters' fat to \$4.25 to \$4.60 per cwt. Light descriptions sold at \$4 to \$4.25. Mixed butchers' and exporters' were worth \$4 to \$4.25 per cwt. for the best. Butchers' cattle continued unchanged at \$3.90 to \$4.20 for good to choice heifers and steers; \$4 to \$4.40 for picked lots; \$2 to \$2.75 for medium to fair, and \$2 to \$2.75 for canners. Steekers and feeders continued in active demand. We quote: Feeders, 900 to 1,100 lbs., \$3.90 to \$4.15 per cwt.; stockers, \$3.25 to \$3.75 per cwt. Butchers' bulls remained unchanged at \$3 to \$3.50 per cwt. Milch cows were scarce, 10 or 15 selling, and the prices were firm at \$30 to \$50.

Lambs were all sold. The prices were steady all round. We quote: Export ewes, \$3.75 to \$4.25 per cwt.; bucks, \$3 to \$3.50, and lambs, \$4.50 to \$5.75 per cwt.

Good veal calves are in active demand. We quote: \$2 to \$10 each, and 4 1/2 to 6c per lb.

Hogs were unchanged at \$6.10 for select, and \$5.85 for fat and select. Hogs to be select, must weigh not more than 200 nor less than 160 lbs.

The following is the range of quotations:—

Exporters'— Per 100 lbs.

Choice ... .. \$4.25 \$4.65

Medium ... .. 4.00 4.25

Light ... .. 4.00 0.00

Bulls ... .. 3.75 0.00

Butchers'—

Choice ... .. 4.00 4.35

Medium ... .. 3.40 4.00

Heifers ... .. 3.57 3.90

Cows ... .. 3.00 3.50

Bulls ... .. 2.50 3.40

Feeders ... .. 3.75 4.00

Stockers ... .. 3.50 3.65

Canners ... .. 2.00 2.50

Sheep—

Lambs ... .. 4.50 5.00

Ewes ... .. 3.75 4.25

Bucks ... .. 3.00 3.50

Calves, each ... .. 2.00 10.00

Calves, per 100 lbs ... .. 4.50 6.00

Hogs—

Stags ... .. 4.50 5.00

Stags, 160 to 200 ... .. 6.10 0.00

Thick fat ... .. 5.85 0.00

Lights ... .. 5.85 0.00

## THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter.—The receipts are fair and prices are unchanged. We quote: choice dairy tubs, 17 to 17 1/2c; 1-lb. prints, 18 to 18c; secondary grades (rolls and tubs), 13 to 15c; creamery prints, 22 to 25c; solids, 19 to 20c.

Eggs.—The demand is good for new laid eggs, prices firm at 15 1/2 to 16c per dozen, cold storage, 9 to 10c.

Cheese.—Market remains unchanged. We quote: Finest September, 13 1/2c; seconds, 13c; twins, 14c.

### HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are nominally unchanged, with few cars offering. Western quoted at \$7.50 to \$7.65, and Northern at \$7.65 to \$7.75. Cured meats firm, with demand fair. We quote: Bacon, clear, 10 to 10 1/2c; corn and case lots, Pork, mess, \$21, do, short cut, \$22.50.

Smoked hams, 13 to 15c; rolls, 11 1/2c; shoulders, 11c; backs, 14 to 14 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 14 to 14 1/2c.

Lard—Market steady. We quote: Tierces, 10 1/2c; tubs, 10 1/2 to 11c; pails, 11 1/2c.

### BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 10.—(Special).—The local markets continue quiet and unchanged. Grain—No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 73c; March delivery, No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; No. 2 yellow, 74c; No. 2 white, 74c; No. 2 mixed, 39c. Barley—56 to 60c, in store and on track. Rye—No. 2, 58c.

Bulwag, March 10.—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; May, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 73c; May, 77 1/2 to 77 3/4c; July, 76c. Oats—May, 34c.

Minneapolis, March 10.—Wheat—May, 74 1/2 to 75c; July, 74 1/2 to 75c; on track, No. 1 hard, 78 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 76c. Flour—First patents, \$3.90 to \$4.20; second patents, \$3.80 to \$3.90; first clears, \$2.55; second clears, \$2.10 to \$2.20. Bran—in bulk, \$15 to \$15.25.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, March 10.—Flour—Firm. Wheat—Winter, nominal; No. 1 white, 80c; No. 2 red, 80c; spring, No. 1 hard, 88c; No. 1 Northern, 86c. Corn—East, No. 1 Northern, 52c; No. 2 corn, 51c. Oats—Quiet and weak; No. 2 white, 41c; No. 2 mixed, 39c. Barley—56 to 60c, in store and on track. Rye—No. 2, 58c.

Bulwag, March 10.—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; May, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 73c; May, 77 1/2 to 77 3/4c; July, 76c. Oats—May, 34c.

Minneapolis, March 10.—Wheat—May, 74 1/2 to 75c; July, 74 1/2 to 75c; on track, No. 1 hard, 78 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 77c; No. 2 Northern, 76c. Flour—First patents, \$3.90 to \$4.20; second patents, \$3.80 to \$3.90; first clears, \$2.55; second clears, \$2.10 to \$2.20. Bran—in bulk, \$15 to \$15.25.

### CANADA'S BRITISH TRADE.

Imports Into Old Country Show Large Increase.

A London despatch says:—The imports from Canada during February were made up as follows:—7,641 cattle, valued at \$135,552; 4,024 sheep, valued at \$6,817; 33,974 cwt. bacon valued at \$58,429; 8,514 cwt. of ham valued at \$21,824; 1,735 cwt. of butter, valued at \$28,236; 37,182 cwt. of cheese, valued at \$112,642; 2,333 great hundreds of eggs, valued at \$229, and 35 horses, valued at \$1,040.

Compared with the same period of 1902, the past month's imports show a very large increase.

### SYRUP FROM SUGAR BEETS.

A Discovery Which May Have Important Results.

A Toronto despatch says: Mr. J. A. Snell, Principal of the Winton High School, writes Hon. John Dryden that a discovery has been made by which a delicious syrup can be made from sugar beets, closely resembling in appearance and taste the ordinary maple syrup of this country. He thinks there is a good future in this enterprise if it is pushed. He also thinks it forms a good opportunity for farmers, as the necessary machinery would not be expensive.

### HANGED HIMSELF.

#### Westminster Farmer Takes His Own Life.

A London, Ont., despatch says:—William Carruthers, of con. 3, Westminster, hung himself with a halter in his barn on Thursday; when found he was dead. The deceased, who was much respected, was 67 years of age, is supposed to have been driven insane through brooding over illness in his family.

### FENIAN RAID MEDALS.

#### Applications Will Not Be Considered After This Month.

An Ottawa despatch says: Applications for Fenian Raid medals will not be entertained after this month. Lieut.-Col. Henry Smith, of the Medals Claims Board, stated this morning that quite a number of applications for medals were coming in. He said the present there have been something over 17,000 medals issued, and about 1,000 long service medals.

### FOR FAST SERVICE.

#### Tenders Called For By the Dominion Government.

An Ottawa despatch says:—A meeting of the Treasury Board was held on Saturday, at which an advertisement was prepared calling for tenders for a fast Atlantic service. Steamship owners are asked to bid upon an 18-knot and 21-knot service respectively. When the figures are known the Government will decide which service to accept. A prominent steamship man here yesterday said the Government should drop the 18-knot idea altogether, for the time was opportune for asking bids, as the shipbuilding industry in Great Britain is somewhat slack at present.

# NEWS ITEMS.

## Telegraphic Briefs From All Over the Globe.

### CANADA.

There were 40 births, 10 marriages and 15 deaths in Brantford last month.

Employees of the Winnipeg post office want a 25 per cent. increase in wages.

The value of the mineral products of Canada for 1902 is estimated at \$64,970,732.

The De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company of Canada has obtained an Ontario charter.

The Canadian Northern will build a very fine station at Winnipeg or Fort Garry Park.

During February, 2,860 emigrants registered at Winnipeg in February, 1902, there were 1,675.

Notice has been given of 148 private bills to come before the House of Commons this session.

Mathurin, the wife murderer, of Montmagny, was condemned to be hanged on the 24th of April.

It is said the Deering Harvesting Company are negotiating for the Hamilton Steel & Iron Co.'s plant.

Fred Thibadeau, a noted burglar, was sentenced to 17 years' imprisonment by Judge Landry at Bathurst, N. S.

The Dinwidge, Man., Hotel and post-office were burned. The hotel occupants escaped in their night clothes.

The lumber cut in the Georgian Bay district has been most exceptional and will amount to 550,000, 000 feet.

Rev. I. I. Trebitsch, a converted Hebrew, in a lecture at Ottawa, estimated the Jewish population of Canada at 22,000.

Alton teamsters for the demand of Hamilton teamsters for \$4 per day, the city proposes establishing a civil scavenger department.

The live stock and poultry interests are anxious to have the Dominion Government make an exhibit of these lines at St. Louis.

Negotiations are pending between British Columbia and the Dominion Express, which result in largely increased shipment from the coast to Manitoba.

The directors of the Brantford fair are making arrangements for cultivating an experimental plot on the fair ground, and giving the fair a domestic science instruction will be present to give lessons in cooking.

Postmaster Johnson, of Dalhousie N.B., has been arrested on suspicion of robbery, it being alleged that evidence against him was found in letters in possession of Chiffertown the Rat Portage man connected with the poison candy case.

Prince Rupert, Saskatchewan. Board of Trade has passed a strong resolution urging upon the Government the necessity of affording encouragement to new railways. It points out that, while in Saskatchewan there is an area of 114,700 square miles, there are only 100 miles of railway.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

In nine and a half hours the police saw 118 men, 71 women and 25 boys and girls enter a Kirkdale, Liverpool, public-house.

It has been decided in England that newspaper proprietors are manufacturers, and that the law does not prevent them publishing Sunday papers.

Lord Lyveden, organizer of the proposed excursion of members of the British Parliament to Canada next autumn, says many members have already agreed to go.

For not vacating his house for six months after the expiration of due notice to quit, a Stourbridge man has been ordered to pay "double rent" under an Act of George II.

The suggestion was made in London that a committee should be formed to report upon the desirability of training sixty of the city police to act as firemen. This system is being practiced in Liverpool, under Captain Nott-Bower, and has been found to work very successfully.

### UNITED STATES.

Robbers opened a switch at Washington, Ind., derailed a train, killing three train men.

An infection of formalin cured Joseph Chappaux of hydrophobia, at Williamsport, Pa.

Ira D. Sanker, the famous singing evangelist, who has been seriously ill, is recovering.

Because she couldn't buy coal Magdalena Spies, a woman worth \$75,000, was arrested at La Crosse, Wis., for stealing wood.

J. Pierpont's new library and art gallery, adjoining his mansion, at Gallitzin, will be built at a cost of \$800,000.

While the supplied choir marched up the center aisle in Trinity church, at New Haven, Conn., Sunday night, the vicar declared: "If they sing 'Requiem'!"

A retired builder, lay under Page, died of disease in the vestibule.

John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, is the vice-presidential probability on the Democratic ticket for 1904, the prominent Democrat who is said to have the confidence of the leaders of his party.

### GENERAL.



Are the Ones Which Cause the Greatest Amount of Suffering.

It is every day that distress most—those which seize you suddenly and make you irritable, impatient and fault-finding. The root of these troubles lies in the blood and nerves, and you cannot get rid of them until the blood has been made rich and pure, and the nerves strengthened. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do this, and will do it more speedily and with more lasting results than any other medicine. In proof of this, Mrs. James Patterson, Chillsick, B.C., says: "My daughter had poor health, and her system badly run down. She was pale, suffered from severe headaches, and very nervous. We decided to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after using six boxes, she is a strong, healthy girl. I gladly recommend the pills in similar cases. These pills cure all blood and nerve troubles, such as anaemia, neuralgia, indigestion, heart trouble, rheumatism, St. Vitus' dance, partial paralysis, kidney troubles and the weaknesses which afflict women. Be sure you get the genuine with the full name 'Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People,' printed on the wrapper around the box. If in doubt, send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed, post paid, at 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50."

## UNKNOWN LANGUAGES.

The aborigines of the Malabar Islands employ a means of which they can communicate with each other over long distances. A stranger wandering over the islands is frequently surprised to hear from a hill top the sound of loud whistling, which is quickly repeated on the next hill, and so is carried from summit to summit, until it dies away in the distance. But perhaps the most curious means of communication in the world is the drum-language of a Congo tribe. These queer people can talk to each other with large drums made of bamboo hoops, over which the skin of some animal is stretched. The drum, however, is used only on important occasions.

## TAKE A MOTHER'S WORD.

Thousands of mothers in all parts of Canada have written to say that Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine they have ever used for the cure of the little ills that afflict all children. It is impossible to publish all these letters, for they would more than fill a newspaper, but the following extracts are a fair sample of what all mothers say about this medicine.

Mrs. Jas. Hopkins, Tobermory, Ont.: "The Tablets are a blessing to both mother and child."

Mrs. John Dobbie, St. Andrews East, Que.: "I consider it my duty to recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all my friends who have children."

Mrs. A. Burns, Minotona, Man.: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets do all you claim for them."

Mrs. F. J. Como, New Brandon, N. B.: "The Tablets are just the thing for children; they make them well, cheerful and happy."

Mrs. H. H. Pitts, Ashcroft, B. C.: "I have found the Tablets a most satisfactory medicine for children. I always keep them in the house."

Mrs. A. W. Higgins, North River, N. S.: "I cannot praise the Tablets too much. They are the best medicine for children I have ever used."

You can take the words of these mothers with every confidence, and you have a positive guarantee that the Tablets contain no opiate or harmful drug. No other medicine gives a similar guarantee. Sold by druggists or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Liverpool corporation is considering a scheme for building workmen's dwellings, to let at a shilling a room per week. The idea is to make the houses so comfortable and pleasant that the workmen will be induced to build it up brick by brick. The fronts, sides, floors, and roofs, are all to be made in single parts, hoisted into position, and then bolted together.

## PRESCRIPTIONS UTTERLY FAIL

To cure itching and disfiguring skin diseases. But

**DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT CURES**

no matter what other or how many other applications have failed. Madam used it and got well, and she keeps it for her friends and her children, having learned it is a never-fail in the treatment of piles, and in tetter, salt rheum, ringworm, eczema, barber's itch, and all skin eruptions. Price, 35c.

The Sisters at St. Joseph's Infant Home, South Troy, N.Y., state: "Many children come to our home covered with eczema. We would like to buy your ointment by the pound."

**Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills** are the most effective pills—while milder in action, more quickly setting free the digestive canal. 40 doses, 40c.

## SALADA

Ceylon Tea is the finest Tea the world produces, and is sold only in lead packets.

Black, Mixed and Green.

For tea drinkers try "Salada" Green tea.

There is nothing, medicinally speaking, so useful in cases of nervous prostration as the poor and humble onion, says "What to Eat." They are almost the best nervous known, and may be used in coughs, colds and influenza, in consumption, scurvy and kindred diseases. White onions overcome sleeplessness, while red ones are an excellent diuretic. Eaten every day they soon have a whitening effect upon the complexion.

## ST. JACOBS OIL

POSITIVELY CURES

Rheumatism  
Neuralgia  
Backache  
Headache  
Footache  
All Bodily Aches  
AND

## CONQUERS PAIN.

## SMOKELESS LONDON.

The curious suggestion that it may be practicable to remove the smoke of great cities in a manner somewhat resembling that in which their sewage is disposed of has been recently made by Dr. W. N. Shaw. He calculates that about 7,000,000 tons of smoky air would have to be removed from London every day in order to keep its atmosphere clean. It takes 1,000,000 tons of water a day to carry off the sewage of London. Five hundred electrically-driven fans, each delivering 200,000 cubic feet of air per minute, would carry off all the household smoke.

## THE CEMENT INDUSTRY.

Plenty of Room in Canada for More Mills.

A few weeks ago there appeared in these columns an article relating to the Portland cement industry in Canada. That article was reprinted from the Peterboro Examiner, where it appeared as a letter to the editor of that paper, and was not signed by the writer's proper name. It now transpires that there were many misleading statements in the article referred to as would appear from the following which is clipped from the Monetary Times:—

"The writer evidently had not the courage to sign his name, and certainly could not be prompted by his interest in the investing public, but is apparently interested in the cement business; and seeks to mislead the public by the statement of untruths and malicious references to well known business men, who are connected with the cement industry at Durham, Ont. His data are not correct as to the production, and consumption of cement in Canada, or the number of plants and their outputs. Of the ten concerns named in that article as producing mills in 1903, not one of them is a producing mill for this year, and three of them are not even incorporated, while several of the others have not got beyond the paper stage."

"His reference to the gentlemen of the Durham enterprise is clearly libelous, and insults the intelligence and honesty of business men in Canada, who have built a splendid modern cement mill, and who know that it has been honestly and economically built and every dollar properly accounted for. We have good reason to believe that the organization that built the mill at Durham are in no way interested in the promotion of any other cement mills in Canada, except the Durham and Hull plants."

"This article refers to the Monetary Times' article on the same subject, published in December, but fails to call attention to the more recent article published by us after a thorough investigation, which was given to our readers in the issue of January 16th. We are as anxious as anybody that the unlikely industrial projects shall be discouraged, and 'fake' ones exposed, but we have no sympathy with writers who indulge in personal abuse or who make mountains of untruth out of molehills of probability in order to gain a point. We see no reason to doubt that the organization which has built the cement mill at Durham, besides several other successful ones in the United States, are entitled to the confidence of the public. And we consider that there is room enough for more cement mills than now exist. What is essential, however, is that such mills should be properly placed, properly built, and economically managed."



There are very few cleansing operations in which Sunlight Soap cannot be used to advantage. It makes the home bright and clean.

## SCHOOLBOYS MAY DRINK.

One of the masters in a German school recently addressed the following query to the fathers of twenty-one of his pupils, whose ages range from fourteen to fifteen: "Will you allow your son to smoke and drink during the two days' gymnastic excursion?" Ten parents replied that on no account were their boys to smoke, while eleven answered that they might do so. In regard to drinking, all but one of the parents replied that they would allow it.

The Mayor of a French town has issued an order that all cats are to be kept indoors for six weeks. This is owing to several people having been bitten by cats in the district. The inhabitants are perplexed as to how the order is to be obeyed.

## PORTLAND CEMENT

Everyone interested in Portland Cement will be interested in a pamphlet issued by Mr. Thomas Mclaughlin, 16 King St. west, Toronto. A copy will be sent free of charge on request.

Glycerine has the property, extraordinary among liquids, of not evaporating.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

During the nineteenth century London grew from 800,000 people to nearly 5,000,000. In the same period New York increased from a town of 60,000 to a city of over 3,000,000. At present London is growing 17 per cent. in a decade, and New York 35 per cent.

## SHUBENACADIE'S FAMOUS CURE; STORY OF ALICE M. PARKER.

How Bright's Disease was Vanquished by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mother of the Girl Tells the Story in Full.

Terrible Struggle With Most Deadly of Kidney Diseases.

Step by Step the Monster was Driven Back Till Medical Science Triumphed.

From Mail and Empire.

Shubenacadie, Hants Co., N.S., Feb. 6.—(Special).—This little town, which has been brought out of obscurity by the public notice of a young girl of Bright's Disease, takes its new-found fame with a sort of mild surprise. All the village knows Alice Maud Parker, all thought that a few months ago she was sick beyond the hope of recovery, that Bright's Disease had her in its clutches, and once that monster had fastened on a victim the only release was death; and all know that to-day she is a comely maiden of fifteen, with health beaming from every feature and speaking in her every movement. And all have heard time and again that this remarkable change was brought about by that old reliable Canadian remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills. Yet it is with something like surprise that they hear the news of the cure has made in the outside world. The thing that has come as a revelation to the world has come on them day by day, so gradually that they fail to grasp its magnitude.

## BEYOND ALL DOUBT.

But as to the cure itself. Of that there is no possible doubt. The facts are all easily obtained and can be sworn to, not only by the Parker family, but by a hundred other people who watched the girl gradually sinking into the grave, and saw her snatched from its very mouth.

It was Mrs. T. G. Parker that your correspondent found at home when he called. Mrs. Parker is a bright, intelligent woman, one whose brave and honest face tells that she could act quickly in an emergency, and whose every word and action show her honesty of purpose. Her face brightened when spoken to of her daughter's remarkable case. "Yes," she said, emphatically, "my daughter had Bright's Disease in its worst stage. Two of the best doctors in this vicinity gave her up to die. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her."

## DOCTOR'S COSTLY ERROR.

Hearing of the efficacy of the Bouterbaya for the removal of hairs from the upper lip, a lady in Hanover, aged thirty-five, applied to Dr. Bruno Schurmayer, a properly qualified doctor and Röntgen ray specialist, for treatment. It operated twice, but instead of removing the superfluous hairs the operation resulted in the skin of the face becoming red and the lips swollen. The latter thereupon brought an action against the doctor and was awarded \$75 damages, against which he appealed, but the decision has just been upheld.

## How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. P. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING & LINDSAY, & McVICK, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. 50c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Midger—"Is it true that Pidge is financially embarrassed?" Pidge—"He is awfully in debt, but it doesn't seem to embarrass him."

## NO. 4 SOON CLEANED IT UP.

Fordwich, Jan. 5, 1903. Massey-Harris Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dear Sirs,—The No. 4 Binder worked through thick and thin this last season. The grain was badly tangled and lying down, but the No. 4 soon cleaned it up. I am more than pleased with it, as I did not expect it could do the work so clean this season the shape the grain was in, but it made no difference; the reel brought all lying stuff to the elevator. I wish you a most prosperous New Year.

WM. H. EITINGER.

The pulse of that rat-like animal, the hamster, beats 150 times to the minute in summer, but in winter, when the creature hibernates, this rate decreases to 15 times a minute.

Quality first means healthy food. Blue Ribbon Tea. Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green.

## Fresh Frozen Sea Herrings

In cases of about 650 Herrings; \$1.60 per 100 by the case, or \$1.70 per 100 in smaller quantities. Labrador Herrings in half barrels, \$3.00.

THE DAWSON COMMISSION CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

## A Venezuelan railway, from Caracas to Valencia, has 86 tunnels in 55 miles.

822 ACRES WITHOUT A HITCH.

Wolfe Island, Sept. 4, 1902. Massey-Harris Co., Limited, Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I purchased one of your No. 4 Binders, 7 ft. cut, from Agent R. J. Spoor, and am well pleased with it, having cut my crop of 322 acres without a hitch or mistake with a span of horses of medium size. The binder worked so easy and handled the crop so perfectly that I would not hesitate to purchase a similar one 8 ft. cut, if such were built. I can recommend a Massey-Harris 7 ft. Binder to any of my neighbors.

JAMES W. O'BRIEN.

The first strike in the United States was that of 300 shoemakers in Philadelphia in 1786.

Nothing is more certain than that the blood can be purified by the use of Dr. Koenig's Hamburg Drops. They strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels, cure liver complaints, dyspepsia and constipation.

Germany has 1,420 daily papers. Of these 760 are published in Prussia, and 218 in Bavaria.

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal.

An engine-driver working from Crewe to London and back has to notice no fewer than 570 signals.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

The peat bogs of Ireland could give an annual output of 100,000 electric horse-power for the next 1,250 years.

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale.

All the people use it.

HARLON FULTON, Pleasant Bay, C.B.

8-59

Oysters are very expensive in Berlin. Seventy-five cents a dozen is the ordinary price.

AN ADMIRABLE FOOD

FOR MAINTAINING ROBUST HEALTH

EPPS'S COCOA

IN GOLD CLIMATES.

1-18

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best and your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."

Look for agents in your town, or send direct.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

1-44

Brass Band

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.

EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND

Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogue, 60 illustrations, mailed free. Write for any thing in Music or Musical Instruments.

WHALEY ROYCE & CO., Limited.

Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man. 1-30

RUBBER GOODS

Latest Novelties, all styles.

Correspondence invited. Enclose 2c stamp for circular.

THE UNIVERSAL SPECIALTY CO.,

P. O. Box 1112, Montreal.

6-57

Wanted to Purchase

Any quantity of dry, mixed wood, suitable for brick burning, for only delivery. State only price. Send 2c. Money order or cash. Write to: BRICK CO., 1 Toronto St., Toronto. Telephone Main 197.

7-19

Have You Seen It? What?

Leaves Prices Reduced—3000 Receipts for the Home Farm and every department of human endeavor, 300 pages. Send 2c. Money order or cash. Write to: BRICK CO., 1 Toronto St., Toronto. Telephone Main 197.

2-14

Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool, Boston to Liverpool, Portland to Liverpool. Via Queenstown.

Large Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and cabins for smoking and dining. Dining saloons and restaurants. Second and Third-class accommodations. Free rates of passage and all particulars. Write to any agent of the Company, or

Richards, Mills & Co., Toronto and Montreal.

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# Special Spring Prices — IN — WALL PAPERS

The **FINEST, BEST ASSORTED,**  
and **LARGEST LINE**  
of WALL PAPERS ever shown in Stirling.  
PRICES MARKED VERY CLOSE.

We can save you at least 25 cents on every dol-  
lars' worth of Paper you buy from us.

Everything in Paints, Oils, Var-  
nishes and Brushes.

CHAS. E. PARKER,  
**PARKER'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE.**

**The F. T. Ward Co.**

"All Ads. Look Alike to Me."

The person who says that—or thinks it—is the  
person who is very apt to get the worst of it in the  
search for values.

We intend our ads.—and they are an index of  
what's occurring in our store.

Just a few prices:—

## WHITE WEAR.

NIGHT GOWNS, \$1.75 and \$1.50 now \$1.00.  
" " \$1.25 now 90c.  
" " \$1.00 now 75c.  
" " .75 now 50c.

UNDERSKIRTS, \$1.25 now 90c.  
" " \$1.00 now 75c.  
" " .75 now 50c.

DRAWERS, \$1.00 now 75c.  
" .50 now 30c.  
" .25 now 19c.

See our East Window.

Get the DELINEATOR.

The F. T. WARD CO.

P. S.—Bring us your Fresh Eggs, Butter, etc. Highest price paid.

\$\$\$  
**THERE'S MONEY IN IT.**  
If you do not believe it write to us.  
We pay good wages to active men.  
**CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY**  
Nurserymen, Colborne, Ont.  
Established 1857.  
\$\$\$

## 3 Feeds for One Cent.

International  
Stock  
Food.

An illustrated 160 page  
Stock Book given free. Call  
and get one.

SOLE AGENTS.

**H. & J. WARREN,**  
Hardware, Stoves & Tinware,  
MILL ST.

## FOR SALE.

Orders taken for Lumber, in car lots,  
delivered at any station on C. O. R.  
A quantity of plank at Anson.  
R. N. BIRD,  
Con. 8 Sidney, Stirling, P. O.



## Gray's Syrup

soothes  
and heals  
the sore  
throat  
and weak  
lungs. After a few  
doses the cough is re-  
lieved, and the soreness  
passes away.  
Gray's Syrup cures  
to stay cured.  
At all Druggists 25cts.

**Gray's Syrup  
of  
Red Spruce Gum**

## WOOD WANTED.

Bring on your wood, the brickyard near  
Both hard and soft, and have no fear  
that you are doing something rash.  
For that's the place you get the cash.  
Is there a man with soul so dead  
That after he this ad. hath read,  
That will not seize this wooden charm  
And wipe that mortgage from his farm.  
EDWIN NAYLER,  
Stirling Brickworks

## PARKER BROTHERS BANKERS, STIRLING ONTARIO.

A General Banking Business  
transacted.  
4 per cent. allowed on Deposits.  
Drafts bought and sold on all parts of Canada,  
United States and Great Britain.  
Money to let on Mortgages at low interest.  
Office hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.  
F. B. PARKER. R. PARKER, M.D.  
Reference—Merchants Bank of Canada.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE.**  
Transit at Stirling station as follows:—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.27 a.m. Accom. 10.35 a.m.  
Accom. 6.43 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3.43 p.m.

## The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1903.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Mr. Jas. F. Cooney has purchased a  
fine young team from Mr. John Gould,  
Seymour east.

Go to J. W. Brown's for good Footwear.  
There has been some exceedingly mild  
weather for the time of the year, and  
the robins and other spring birds have  
come.

We have your New Hat at Ward's.

We have heard of several farmers  
having made maple syrup, but have not  
seen any offered for sale in the village  
as yet.

Buy McCready's Footwear from J. W.  
Brown, sole agent.

The young people of St. Andrew's  
Presbyterian church, Stirling, are pre-  
paring to give an Easter entertainment.  
See particulars later.

Mr. Jas. McCann who was appointed  
by the village council to light the street  
lamps, etc., has given up the position  
and Mr. Archie Godfrey has now been  
appointed.

Try a Tookie Shirt from Fred. Ward's.

Mrs. D. G. Platt, of Picton, President  
of the Bay of Quinte branch of the W.  
M. S., will speak in the interest of the  
W. M. S. in the Methodist church on  
Sunday morning next.

All goods guaranteed to give satisfaction  
or money refunded, at J. W. Brown's.

Miss Hawken, teacher in the primary  
department of the Public School, met  
with an accident one evening last week,  
in falling down stairs at her boarding  
house. She was so severely injured  
that she was unable to teach this week,  
but we are pleased to learn that she is  
recovering, and expects soon to resume  
her duties again.

Come and see our New Spring Suitings  
and Trousers at Fred. Ward's.

A correspondent sends us the follow-  
ing:—On Thursday evening last a cro-  
kinole party was given at the home of  
Mr. Wm. Wallace, Glen Ross, in honor  
of Miss Cora McConnell. There were  
about fifty invited guests from Mt.  
Pleasant, Anson and Glen Ross present.  
Many thanks to the young gentlemen  
who furnished the oysters, and also to  
the one who was so kind as to bring his  
gramophone. Having decided that all  
who were present were "belles of the  
evening," yes, all, "gentlemen included,"  
they took their departure for their var-  
ious places of abode.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

## Spring Assizes.

The spring assizes of the High Court  
opened at Belleville on Tuesday after-  
noon, before the Chancellor, Sir John  
Boyd.

The shooting case, in which James  
Oliver is charged with shooting Albert  
Skelton, will be tried at this court.

## Fatal Accident.

One Person Killed and One Badly  
Injured.

A terrible accident occurred last Sat-  
urday afternoon on the Belleville road,  
near Foxboro. A horse driven by Aus-  
tin Snider took fright and ran into R.  
Lithgow's wagon, which started his  
team, throwing he and his sister-in-law,  
Anna Johnston, out with great violence.  
Miss Johnston died a few minutes after  
being picked up, and Mr. Lithgow is  
very badly hurt, probably fatally. They  
were both brought home that night. It  
was cast a gloom over the whole neigh-  
borhood.

The Ontario of Tuesday says:—The  
condition of Mr. Robert Lithgow, in-  
jured in the accident at Foxboro on  
Saturday afternoon, is still very serious,  
and slight hopes are entertained for his  
recovery. It appears that the ribs of  
the unfortunate man are completely  
broken off from the back bone, while his  
spine is injured to a great degree.

Do not fail to read E. Naylor's unique  
adv't. in this issue, "Wood Wanted."

Canadians are being honored in the  
old land. Mr. Chas. R. Devlin, late  
Canadian agent in Ireland, has been  
elected member of Parliament for Gal-  
way without opposition. Mr. Hamer  
Greenwood, of Whitby, Ont., and a  
graduate of Toronto University, has re-  
ceived the unanimous invitation to be-  
come the Liberal candidate for York,  
England.

## School Reports for February.

S. S. No. 7, RAWDON.  
Sr. III.—Coza Bateman 69.  
Jr. III.—Earl Scott 62, Charlie Drew-  
ry 53, Pearl Demill 48.  
Sr. II.—Maggie Bateman 71, War-  
ren Hawley 64.  
Jr. II.—Carrie Potts 64.  
Sr. Pr. II.—Lillie Potts 71.  
Jr. Pr. II.—Earl Drewry 65.  
Total attendance 217. Average at-  
tendance 10.85.  
C. E. GREEN, Teacher.

S. S. No. 1, RAWDON.  
Sr. IV.—Bertha Mosher.  
Jr. IV.—Edna Eggleton, Ada Mc-  
Curdy, Emma Kennedy.  
Sr. III.—Rosa Keegan, Myrtle Eg-  
gleton, Volney Richardson.  
Jr. III.—Sarah Wilson, Arthur  
Richardson.  
Sr. II.—Irvine Eggleton, Percy Ken-  
nedy, Alfred Rodgers.  
Jr. II.—Bessie Kennedy, Gladys  
Lyons, Bessie McGee.  
Pr. II.—Sofia Hoskins, Emma Mc-  
Gee, Sandy McCurdy.  
Pr. I.—Annie Mosher, Wilmet Lan-  
igan, Raymond Reid, Lorne Lanigan.  
Aggregate attendance 554. Average  
attendance 27.  
M. MacKENNA, Teacher.

S. S. No. 4, RAWDON.  
FOURTH CLASS.—Mae Williams 885,  
Pearl McAdam 675, Ernie Jeffs 554,  
Tom Horst 464, Charlie Mills 322, Cyrus  
Summers 307.

THIRD CLASS.—Etta Johnson 119,  
Myrtle Potts 115, Burley Emmons 114,  
Leonard Sharp 109, Dan Derry 105,  
Lila 100, Alice Rennie 73,  
Blackie Sharp 46.

SR. SECOND.—Russell Wescott 88,  
Earl McAdam 62, Frank Johnson 29.

JR. SECOND.—Edith Derry 93, Em-  
ma Glenn 85, Russell Emmons 69, Eva  
Rennie 52, Ethel Wescott 47.

Pr. II.—Lottie Williams 49, Flossie  
Hubble 40, Ernie Spencer 22.  
B. TONKIN, Teacher.

## WELLMAN'S CORNERS.

FORM IV. Max. 60.—Jessie Wat-  
son 36.

FORM III. Max. 70.—M. Pounder 68,  
Clara Sharp 59, Lizzie Wallace 59, Clif-  
ford Sharp 58, Mary Sharp 56, Arthur  
Sharp 52, Bert Anderson 39.

FORM II. Max. 70.—Nellie Pounder  
64, M. Wallace 57, B. Dracup 52, Roy  
Walker 47, Carmel Pauley 41, P. Jack-  
man 35.

FORM I. Max. 30.—Alice Bartley 24,  
Vernon Mathews 18, Edgar Mathews 18.  
Average attendance 58.  
JOS. KEEGAN, Teacher.

A little nonsense now and then  
Is foolish by the best of men,  
And sometimes does a pile of good  
Especially when it's mixed with wood.  
—E. NAYLER.

The peat works, situated in Prince  
Edward county, in the vicinity of Pic-  
ton, which have been idle for over two  
years, have been leased by Mr. Dickson  
of Toronto, and will be operated at once  
with the installation of new additional  
machinery, and will render fuel more  
plentiful.—Belleville Ontario.

## PERSONALS.

Miss Sarah Lewis, of Toronto, is the  
guest of Miss Eliza Kennedy.

Mr. H. Armstrong, of Napanee, is spend-  
ing a few days at Mr. Wm. McCann's.

Mr. M. W. Sine is attending the Spring  
Assizes at Belleville, being one of the  
Grand Jury.

Mrs. Finley Osborne, of Belleville, is  
visiting at the home of her nephew, Dr.  
Oliver.

Miss McDaniels, of Teeswater, has re-  
turned to take her position as milliner  
with C. F. Stickle.

Miss Hattie Arthurs left on Monday for  
Deseronto to accept a position with a  
millinery house in that town.

Mr. L. Gihrist, of Hastings, has been  
managing the grocery and liquor store of  
Wm. English, during the latter's illness.

## Auction Sale.

TUESDAY, MARCH 24.—On Lot 15, in the  
6th Con. of Rawdon, the Farm Stock and  
implements belonging to the late Hugh  
Morton. Sale at 12 o'clock, sharp. Wm.  
Rodgers, Auctioneer.

## Married.

SEELEY-MACK.—At the residence of the  
bride's father, on March 10, 1903, by Rev.  
D. S. Houck, Geo. W. Seeley, to Alice, daugh-  
ter of Samuel Mack, all of Rawdon.



SCHOOL BOOTS for Boys and Girls. We have the best. See the  
"Ironclads" before buying.

What About a pair of Hand-Made Boots for Spring?  
Our steadily increasing trade in this department is best evidence  
that we are successful. Every pair is guaranteed to fit and give the  
best of satisfaction.  
Just received this morning an order for our WORLD-RENOVED  
HAND-MADE BOOTS, from White Horse, Yukon, also another from  
Pilot Bay, British Columbia. We are filling orders from all over the  
globe. This is good evidence that we make the best boots.

**GEO. REYNOLDS,**  
SHOE KING.  
P.S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

## Virgin of the Year.

Everything points to the Spring time, the season of loveli-  
ness, and life-giving to plant and flowers; the season of bright  
anticipations. Lovely Spring-time we welcome thee.  
Furs will soon be out of sight until another winter. Spring  
and Summer Clothing will now have our attention—a little  
premature yet. Hope our old friends of the past will always  
remember that Tailor-Made Clothing is our special, to which  
all our attention is given in this store. Lots of choice in new-  
est goods.

**J. BOLDRICK & SON.**

## THERE ARE TWO PAPERS THAT OUGHT TO BE

In every home in this district

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

Will supply you with the latest and most interesting Local  
Home and Foreign News, and

## THE WEEKLY SUN

Its special features are—Market Reports that are un-  
equalled for FULLNESS and RELIABILITY.  
Regular contributions by "Bystander" on current events.  
Reports of Conventions, Associations and meetings of in-  
terest and value to all farmers, dairymen and stockmen.  
Practical talks each week on Live Stock, Dairying, Farm  
Crop Culture, Feeding for Profit, and other subjects.

**SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR**  
**THE NEWS-ARGUS**  
**and THE WEEKLY SUN ONLY \$1.80.**

And we will send The Sun free for the balance of 1903.  
Leave your order at \_\_\_\_\_ office.

**DROP A POST CARD TO THE WEEKLY SUN, TORONTO, AND  
THEY WILL SEND SAMPLE COPIES, FREE.**

## HARDWARE.

I have purchased a large number of  
**Fairbanks' Scales,**

Farmers' Platform, Dairy and Cheese Fac-  
tory Scales.

These are all fine steel bearings, and  
beautifully finished in natural wood.

No other scale equal to FAIRBANKS.

My prices on these scales are right.



**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**

## Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the  
following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.75  
The Weekly Mail & Empire,  
with one premium picture... 1.75  
The Weekly Sun..... 1.80  
The Family Herald & Weekly  
Star, with two premium pic-  
tures..... 1.80  
The Farmers' Advocate (new  
subscribers)..... 1.80  
The Toronto Star (Daily)..... 2.20  
The Toronto Globe (Daily)..... 4.50

Specially low clubbing rates with  
the Montreal Daily or Weekly Witness.

## THE CELEBRATED EYE SPECIALIST

Prof. J. H. De Silberg, Ophthalmic Special-  
ist from Germany, will be in Stirling, at  
the Stirling House parlors, three times  
weekly. Watch for dates. All consulta-  
tions free. Those having weak or imper-  
fect eyes should not fail to consult the  
professor. Next visit will be in June.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

## JOB PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS, AT

LOWEST RATES,

At News-Argus Office

## THE Stirling News-Argus

is published every Thursday morning at the  
office of publication, North street, Stirling,  
first door north of Parker's drug store, by

**JAMES CURRIE.**

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year,

If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will

Correspondence invited on all legitimate  
subjects, the real name of the writer to be  
furnished the editor in every case. This rule  
can have no exception.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:  
Charge PER INCH per week  
when inserted for

1 year, 50c. 2 mos. 30c.  
3 mos. 20c. 4 mos. 15c.  
5 mos. 10c. 6 mos. 5c.

If inserted less than three months 1 cent ex-  
tra on above rates. If less than two months  
extra on above rates. If less than one  
month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary  
business of the commercial houses, and for  
which they will not be held to include Auction  
Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Pri-  
vate Advertisements of individual names,  
or firms, property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$6 for six months;  
\$4 for three months; \$3 for two months;  
\$2 for one month. One inch, \$6 per year.  
For one month, one inch, \$1.50; for one  
month, one inch, \$1.00; for one month,  
one inch, \$0.50.

Advertisements may be changed at the op-  
tion of advertisers without extra charge.  
Transient advertisements, 2c. per line first  
insertion, 1c. per line each subsequent inser-  
tion.

Advertisements without specific instruction  
long inserted till forbid, and charged accord-  
ingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free  
of charge.

FOR PRINTING of every description, and on  
short notice.

## PATENTS (PROMPTLY SECURED)

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book  
"Inventors' Help," and "How you are enabled"  
we have extensive experience in the United States  
and of 30 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or  
description for free advice. **MARION & MARION**,  
Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and  
Atlantic Building, Washington, D. C.

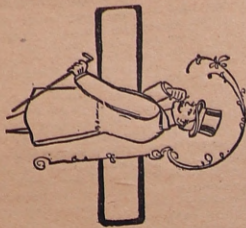


# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1903.

Vol. XXIV, No. 27.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.35 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.



## WE STAND or FALL

on the merit of the goods we sell. Our Spring Goods are opening up better than any previous season in every department. Our Scotch, English, Irish and Canadian Suitings are the newest patterns in the market. The prices will blend with the amount you can invest, as we have Suitings that we make to your order for \$10, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15,—real up-to-date patterns and the best investment you can make. You may pay more elsewhere for these goods, but we don't say so.

We have your New Spring Hat among the 55 dozen New Hats of new styles just received. Come and see if you like it.

New patterns in new arrivals of Tooke's Shirts. To see them is to buy one. Everyone says they are the best fitting Shirt in the trade to-day. Try one.

**FRED. T. WARD,**  
TAILOR & MEN'S OUTFITTER.

## Words of Interest.

Spring Prices for everything. All your wants can be had here at the PEOPLE'S STORE.

**NEW WALL PAPERS**—We have all the newest American designs and colorings, something that will interest any one that expects to do any papering this Spring. It will pay you to give our papers attention. Ask to see them.

**BEDROOM TOILET SETS**—We have a large assortment of them. Ask to see ours at \$4.00. They are beauties.

**DINNER SETS**, with heavy gilt, 97 piece for 7.50.

**POTTERY and STONEWARE**—We handle all lines and at prices that will open your eyes. Don't forget to bring this to your memory and ask to see them.

Our special offer this week in Men's Waterproof Coats for \$1.75, you can get something to keep you dry, fashionable and warm, and that means a doctor bill if you don't buy one.

**MEN'S OVERALLS**—We have the Braceless Overall, something that has never been shown before. Best quality. Prices, 65c., 75c., \$1.

The B. & I. Corsets, one of the highest grade corsets made, sold at this store only and warranted to fit.

The D. & A. Corsets are also standard and have a reputation of their own.

The Crompton Corsets are always reliable and sell themselves.

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Skirts, all new styles, prices \$1.50 to \$9.50.

New Spring Prints, Gingham, Muslins, Dress Duckings, Tickings, Cottonades, Art Muslins, Cretonnes, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, etc. These will all interest you when buying.

## GROCERIES.

It will be to your interest to ask for quotations of Sugar per barrel.  
Crown Brand Syrup, 6 lb. tin, 25c.; 10 lb. pail, 45c.; 20 lb. pail, 90c.  
Currants, 4½ lbs. 25c. 3 lbs. Mixed Cakes, 25c. 2 Brooms, 25c.  
Yellow Sugar, 27 lbs. for \$1.00. White Sugar, 22 lbs. for \$1.00.  
3 cans Vegetables for 25c. Yeastine Baking Powder, 25c.  
Nail Brushes, 3 for 10c. Diamond Dye for sale here.

## C. F. STICKLE.

## Suppose a Government Bank Offered To Set Aside a Sum of Money for You

to be secured at the end of a term of years upon payment of small instalments, and with the guarantee that the whole sum would go to your heirs, in case of your death prior to that time, when your payments would immediately stop. Would You Not Take Advantage of That Offer?

This is exactly what the  
**MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of Canada**  
offers with dividends guaranteed.

Through its popular Endowment Policies it is worthy of your immediate investigation.

**BURROWS,**

of BELLEVILLE, will be glad to furnish particulars.

Agents wanted.

## The NEWS-ARGUS PRINTERY

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF  
**FINE PRINTING**

.....AT SHORT NOTICE.....

A Large stock of Fine Note Papers, Envelopes,  
Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, etc.

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, etc., at very low  
rates, and better than you get from City Jobbers.

**WEDDING INVITATIONS IN THE BEST STYLE.**

A large stock of "In Memoriam" Cards just to hand.

## To The Public School Teachers of North Hastings.

The annual Uniform Promotion Examinations will be held on June 24th, 25th and 26th. The examination for admission to High Schools will be held on the same days. The school term will not, however, close until June 30th. The promotion examinations will be for the Senior First, Second and Third Classes.

Not a few intelligent parents have complained of the insufficient attention given to the teaching of penmanship in many of our schools. My own observations have convinced me that such complaints are, in many cases, too well founded. I would again, therefore, urge all teachers to show by the manner in which writing is taught and by the attention given to it in their schools that its great importance is intelligently recognized.

For many years our teachers have been asked to teach penmanship daily to all classes. I have no hesitation in saying that this can be done in every school but the few which have Fifth classes, or an unusually large number of classes and pupils. In almost all our rural schools and in every graded school, there is no good reason for not carrying out these instructions.

Much intelligent and persistent attention should be given to the posture of the pupil, the holding of the pen, the formation of the letters, and the neatness and cleanliness of the copy-books. The instructions to be found on the covers of the copy-books will be of service.

In connection with all monthly and promotion examinations the penmanship exercise should be marked (valued) very closely. There should be careful supervision of all the writing done by pupils, not only in the copy-books but in "pencil" and exercise books. No scribbling should be permitted. Especially should the most careful and intelligent attention be given to the writing of the First and Second classes. It is much less difficult to prevent the formation of bad habits than to get rid of those when formed.

In the greater number of our schools there are good dictionaries. I hope soon to be able to say that every school has one.

Let me urge all teachers to have these dictionaries used by the pupils. There is too much carelessness in the matter of pronunciation. In connection with every subject and every class special attention should be given to it. Of course the teacher's own pronunciation must not be neglected.

Education as given in the schools is too bookish. It deals too much with words and too little with things. At present, we cannot introduce manual training. Ere many years I hope this can be done. Nature study, however, if intelligently and sympathetically dealt with, will do much to remedy the evil complained of. It should be introduced into every school.

During 1902 in a number of schools there was no public examination. The welfare of the school, the advancement of the teacher, and the school law make these examinations obligatory (one in each term).

The committee appointed at the Teachers' Convention held in May, 1902, to select a place and date for the next convention, met recently and selected Bancroft as the place and October 15th and 16th as the time.

**W. MACKINTOSH,**  
Inspector of Schools,  
North Hastings.  
Madoc, March 13, 1903.

Havelock is soon to be lighted by electricity. The power house is to be erected at Crowe River, and from there the electricity will be transmitted to the village. The scheme is being carried by a joint stock company, composed of the chief business men and citizens, and promises to be a grand success. It is thought that Norwood will unite with her sister village in carrying out the plan as there is enough power obtainable at Crowe River to light both villages with less expense than is done at the present time.

Mr. Davidson, the new Archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England, is a Scot, and in this connection it has been pointed out that a Scotsman is now Prime Minister; the leader of the Opposition is a Scotsman; the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Attorney-General, Secretary of Board of Trade, Lord Chancellor, the Solicitor-General, the Secretary for India, the Foreign Secretary, the Chief Secretary for Ireland are of Irish origin. Where does poor England come in?

## Growth of the West.

A western member of the Dominion Parliament says there is a "present lack of adequate transportation facilities and the prospect of matters becoming even worse than they are as crops grow larger. The transportation commission which the government is appointing will serve a useful purpose, but we need the application of an immediate remedy. People in the east do not realize what our farmers lost, for instance, by not getting their grain carried to market in the fall and winter. I am personally aware of instances where the loss is as much as seventeen cents on every bushel. In another month the rush of new settlers will be upon us, and I am convinced that the carriage of these people and their effects will result in one of the ugliest congestions we have yet experienced in the west."

At the Assizes at Belleville last week the suit of McComb vs. Wellman was transferred to the next assizes.

The ownership of the Central Ontario Railway is involved in an action brought by the Toronto General Trusts Co. against the railway company, which was commenced at the non-jury Assizes at Toronto on Monday.

Robert Mackie, who was sentenced to a term of imprisonment in connection with the Napanee bank robbery case, has been granted a full pardon by the Governor-General. Mackie was out on parole from September 4th, and had to report once a month to the local magistrate and was not allowed to leave Canada. Now he is free, as the Governor-General has granted a full remission of the sentence.

The town of Oshawa is to have another large factory. The ratepayers on Saturday voted to grant a land and cash bonus to the T. Eaton Company, Toronto, who are to establish an industry for the manufacture of whitening goods. The vote stood 435 for and 42 against the by-law. The company will begin the construction at once of a large brick factory, and expect to employ three hundred hands as soon as available.

Farmers in Sidney are complaining of the ravages of field mice. Lieut-Col. Ponton has two fine hedges ruined by the little pests. They eat around the roots of the shrubs. Some farmers are also complaining of the work of the mice in their orchards. It is estimated that 500 trees in Sidney have been ruined by the mice. The grass was long last season and enabled them to build nests and they multiplied rapidly. —Belleville Ontario.

Winnipeg is now recognized by the C. P. R. as the centre of Canada.

The population of China is placed by the Board of Revenue at 426,447,000.

The first farmer was the first man and all historic nobility rests on possession and use of land.—Emerson.

Many a man who goes through life bemoaning the fact that he is misunderstood ought to be thankful that such is the case.

Another railway accident occurred on the Grand Trunk between Guelph and Elora yesterday. A passenger train left the track and ran into the ditch. Thirty persons were injured.

Mr. Justice Armour, of the Supreme Court, and Sir Louis Jette, Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, have been appointed to act with Lord Alverstone as commissioners on the Alaska boundary tribunal.

It is announced in militia orders that hereafter when troops are called out to aid the civil power in the quelling of riots or other disturbances, they are to be supplied with gallery-practice cartridges, and not with the .308 ammunition, which might kill innocent parties a mile away.

The Missouri House of Assembly has passed the Senate bill prohibiting the sale or giving away of cigarettes, cigarette papers or cigarette wrappers to persons under 18 years of age, under a penalty of \$100 fine for each offence. The bill now goes to the Governor, and with his signature it will become law.

The private bill legislation of the present session of the Dominion Parliament promises to be the heaviest on record. Notice has been given of 148 bills, or nineteen more than last session. There are 44 applications for new railway charters and 43 amendments to railway charters. The miscellaneous applications which cover bank charters, transportation companies, loan companies, etc., number 32. Four new banks are seeking incorporation, viz., the bank of Winnipeg, City and County Bank, Home Savings Bank, and Bank of Canada. There are nine divorce applications, a larger number than usual.

## The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament.)

Capital Authorized - - - - - \$2,000,000.00.

Capital Paid Up - - - - - \$1,263,764.00.

H. S. HOLT, Montreal,  
President.

DUNCAN M. STEWART,  
General Manager.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

## To Encourage

Savings we accept deposits of One Dollar and upwards and allow interest from Day of Deposit.

## Our Assets

Immediately available are maintained at such a level as to insure Absolute Security to the Depositor.

To some people banking is always a mystery. We take pleasure in explaining to our customers anything they may not understand.

WE TRANSACT BUSINESS BY MAIL. No trouble, red tape or delay.

**STIRLING BRANCH.**

W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

## "Sterling Hall."

"Headquarters for Reliable Goods at Reasonable Prices."

## RAINCOATS.

For March and April showers provide yourself with a Stylish Raincoat. We show a full line for Men, Boys, Women and Misses.

Men's Waterproofs at \$2.00 to \$10.00.  
Sanford made Raincoats for Men and Boys at \$5.00 to \$10.00.  
Northway's Raincoats for Ladies, \$7.00 to \$12.00.

## CORSETS.

If in search of a new Corset idea have a look at our B. & I. bias filled, at \$1.00 and \$1.25.

A full line of Crompton's popular lines always on hand as well.

## RIBBONS.

Bright New Spring Ribbons that ripple with color like moonlight on the lake. Be prompt if you want them for they will go off quick at Sterling Hall. In all widths, at little prices.

## Petticoat Prettiness.

NORTHWAY made them, hence they are well made. You can wear them profitably at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

**BE SUITED**—If others have not suited you, try us.

SPECIAL, Black and Navy Blue Clay Worsted Suits, the keep shape, finely tailored kind, well worth \$15.00 for \$10.00. Sizes 34 to 42.

## GROCERIES.

Art Baking Powder, with Granite and Tinware prizes, 50c. can.  
4 lbs. Fine Sweet Biscuit, 25c. Maple Syrup in quart jars, 30c.

**W. R. MATHER.**

## Good Shoes at Reasonable Prices

Our Spring Stock is about complete. We have some fine goods to come yet. We have the best goods that can be manufactured.

For staples we handle the McCready Boots. These goods are made to stand the wear.

Ladies wear the EMPRESS Shoes—the finest on earth for Women.

Leave your order now for a pair of Hand-Made Boots. They always give satisfaction, and the price is right on every pair. We do the neatest repairing in town.

**J. W. BROWN,**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT.

20¢ Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs.

## SEED OATS FOR SALE.

One hundred bushels of "New Century" Oats for seed. Price 45c. per bushel. Perfectly clean.

T. J. DOAK,  
Lot 7, 4th Con. Rawdon.

## EGGS FOR HATCHING.

I have a flock of pure bred Silver Grey Dorkings. Any person wishing to get eggs to set, I can supply them at 50c. doz.

WM. H. MINCHIN, Stirling.

## Harold Cheese Factory.

A special general meeting of the stockholders of the Harold Cheese Factory will be held at the Factory, on Friday, March 20th, at 7 o'clock, p.m. As business of importance will come before the meeting, all stockholders are requested to be present.

JOHN TANNER, Pres.

## Massey-Harris Implements.

We have on hand a full line of Seeding Machinery samples. Notice our new combined Drill.

N. LANKTREE,  
Agent, Stirling.

P.S.—Also agent for McLaughlin's Carriages. Horse for sale.

## NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having secured a first-class horse shoer and general blacksmith, I am prepared to do a general blacksmith trade. Also, well stocked with Wagons, Buggies, Milkchairs. Your trade is solicited.

WM. MONTGOMERY.

## FOR SALE

About 31 acres of land being north-west corner of Lot 10, in the 4th Con. of Sidney, near C.O.R. For terms and further particulars apply to

JAMES LAKE, Stirling.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Stirling House, Stirling, at 2 p.m., on

**Saturday, 11th day of April,**

1903, the following Farm Property, viz:—

The south quarter of Lot No. 30, and the west one-third of the south three-quarters of Lot No. 19, both in the 11th concession of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings. These two parcels each contain 50 acres and adjoin each other.

J. EARL HALLIWELL,  
Vendor's Solicitor.

## SEEDS.

We are receiving our FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS. Get our prices and examine our stock of

**ALSIKE,  
RED CLOVER,  
and TIMOTHY**  
before buying.

**GROCERY SPECIALS:**  
5 lbs. Wine Biscuit for 25c.  
3 lbs. Lemon Biscuit for 25c.  
8 lbs. Quaker Oats for 25c.

Given away with each lb. of Baking Powder, one of the following articles—Granite Kettle, Bread Pan, Dish Pan, etc.

**SYRUP**—We have a few 5, 10 and 20 lb. pails of Light Table Syrup, which we will sell very cheap.

Flour and Salt always kept in stock.

## S. HOLDEN.

## NOTICE to CREDITORS

In the Estate of HUGH MORTON, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R.S.O. 1897, Chap. 129, Sec. 98, that all creditors of Hugh Morton, late of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, farmer, who died on or about the 20th day of February, 1903, and all persons having claims against the estate of the said Hugh Morton are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to Robert N. Morton at Stine, P. O., Ont., one of the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the

18th day of APRIL, 1903,

their christian and surnames addressed, and description and a statement, and full particulars of their claims and of their security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and the persons failing to comply with the above notice will be precluded from participating in the property and assets of the said deceased to be divided.

Notice is further given that after the said 18th day of April, 1903, the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim they shall not then have notice.

Dated at Norwood, this 6th day of March, 1903.

GEO. J. SHERRY,

Solicitor for the Executors, R. N. Morton and Alexander Morton.



# Red Heart and Black Arrow Rolling Wave

A Tale of the Rolling Wave

CHAPTER VIII.—Cont.  
It was quickly seen that Aline's companion was indeed the cause and object of the dipman's singular demonstration. Pushing up to her, he commenced a flood of incoherent abuse, from which, before Waldo and I laid hands on him, it was only possible to gather that he meant to imply that she was a divorced wife. Realizing that the wretched creature was not master of his actions, we handled him gently, and, taking an arm each, led him to the garden gates. There I gave him to understand that he would be allowed to go to the police if he returned to annoy the ladies, further adding that his baggage and his manservant would be sent ashore the moment I got back to the ship, as it was impossible that I could risk a repetition of his outrageous conduct by permitting him to continue his voyage. I was very much surprised to find that he did not stop to consider whether the owners would approve a course which would entail their refunding the price of his ticket.

Orlebar went cursing away toward the town, and Waldo and I walked back to the others. We had collared the drunken man so promptly that we had had no time to note how the victim of his diatribes received them, and it was reassuring to find that, though still very pale, Mrs. Brinkworth was quite composed. Aline, with generous vigor, had taken up the cudgels on her companion's behalf, and was explaining to the other ladies that, far from Orlebar having divorced his wife, she had in truth divorced him for gross cruelty and misconduct.

"Ella has shown me copies of the Times containing the report of the trial," the fair young champion was saying as we resumed our seats. "She has nothing to be ashamed of or to conceal."

"Perhaps it would have been better if I had let it be known that my late husband was on board," said the injured woman, sadly, "but I was aware that he had married again, and I thought that he would have been the last to keep our former relations secret."

"And so he would, I guess, if he could have controlled himself," said Waldo. "It is the condition he is in that we have to thank for today's outbreak. I can't think what our usually astute doctor is up to, leaving him on the rampage about the town."

The ladies of the party, as indeed all throughout the ship, were already prejudiced against Orlebar, and Aline's advocacy effectually nipped in the bud any tendency they might have had to look askance at Ella Brinkworth because of the unpleasant occurrence. In fact they treated her with the greatest sympathy, and when the poor thing began to explain that the name she was known by was really her maiden name, they begged her not to distress herself by referring further to the matter.

We had arranged to return to the ship for dinner, and the scene in the public gardens having rather damped our ardor, I do not think that any one was sorry when it was time to go down to the boats. In taking a short cut to the landing place I piloted the party through one of the narrow streets in the lower town where every other house was a sailors' drinking-den either under the pretentious title of wine-shop or as an evoked cabaret, and we had nearly reached the end of the not very reputable thoroughfare, when a man hurrying out of an open doorway almost ran against me. His apologies were short and the very commencement by mutual recognition. It was Doctor Zaverl, and I had a pretty good inkling of what he was up to.

"Pray don't think that I am on the spree, ladies," he laughed, "in response to the looks of punishment cast at him. I must hope to be able to clear myself later, but—just

a word with you, Captain," and he drew me aside, while the others, in obedience to my gesture, went slowly towards the landing-place. "You are looking for Orlebar?" I said.

"Yes," he replied. "I fully expected to find him at Saccone's, but he must have got among the less respectable boozing dens. I am sure to unearth him somewhere hereaway, though."

"I shouldn't waste time on him," I replied, and then I briefly recounted what had happened, concluding with my determination to send Orlebar's luggage ashore, together with his valise, and to leave the lot behind. Zaverl listened with every appearance of genuine annoyance to the story of the wretched man's behavior, but the moment I mentioned the course I was going to take I felt that he disapproved of it, though his face expressed nothing more than respectful concern.

"You have quite made up your mind that this will be best?" I asked. "You are quite sure, Captain Forrester?"

"Certainly," I replied. "We can't have a drunken blackguard on board insulting people with reckless lies. What other best, as you call it, can there be?"

"Come," I said, looking significantly up the street to the corner round which Aline and the rest had now disappeared, "have you any objection, Doctor Zaverl?"

"As you ask me the direct question, sir," he said, "it is my duty to say that I have the very gravest objection to leaving Mr. Orlebar behind. He has been entrusted to me by his relatives, as a patient in serious danger of his life. How can I reconcile myself to leaving him stranded here, where he will probably die? What shall I say to his people on my return—and what of my professional reputation? I do not see how you can expect me to endorse your decision, and I trust sincerely that you will reconsider it. And surely, sir, the credit of the ship as a safe resort for invalids should weigh with you."

From his point of view I quite saw the force of his argument. His appeal, too, was couched so strongly and yet so modestly, that almost before I knew it I was debating whether I could yield to his wishes without loss of dignity. I remembered Nathan's instruction to defer to him in all matters affecting the passengers, and I was the more ready to do so as he had made no attempt to conceal his feelings, and his authority which he doubtless knew he possessed. Moreover, if I held out and he cabled home to the owners for confirmation of his wishes, I should look a good deal more foolish than if I gave in now, in the very probable event of their backing him up.

"We appear to be both working to the same end, Doctor—the welfare of the passengers," I said. "Supposing that I cancel the arrangement to oblige you, can you give me any sort of assurance that the man shall not repeat his conduct?"

"You shall have my personal guarantee that nothing of the sort shall happen again," was the reply. "I cannot engage to cure the low, either of his disease or of his propensities, but you shall have my entire co-operation in putting any restraint upon him, that may be necessary. I don't care so long as I have him on the ship for treatment, and between you and me, sir, I think that death will relieve us of his presence before long."

"So, let it be then," I said, and leaving him to continue the search I hurried down to the boat, to find the others embarked, and waiting for me in some curiosity as to the result of my delay. I said nothing, however, during the pull out to the boat, out of consideration for Mrs. Brinkworth, but confided the change of plan to Waldo as soon as we

were on board and the ladies had gone to their cabins. To my satisfaction he abstained from chaffing me on my being overruled by the doctor, and he even assented that "second thoughts were often best."

Orlebar was brought on board by Zaverl while dinner was being served, and, being taken straight to his state-room to bed, he gave rise to no further uneasiness that night.

We weighed anchor the next morning at ten o'clock, and shortly afterwards he appeared on deck, to the surprise of everybody seeming better rather than worse for the escapade of the previous night. He was seated in his usual position in the lounge placed in its usual position under the lee of the smoking-room, but, instead of perpetually sending to the bar for "pegs" according to his habit, he amused himself quietly with a novel. Aline and Mrs. Brinkworth naturally gave him a wide berth, but he gave no sign of noticing his former wife's presence on deck.

There was a good deal of shipping about in the Straits, and, in consequence, for several hours after leaving the Rock I remained upon the bridge, where I had a clear view of all that went on below. Eight bells had just announced that when I saw Aline and Mrs. Brinkworth gathered up their books and work and go down the saloon stairs. A few moments later Doctor Zaverl, who had been paying great attention to Orlebar all the morning, came out of the surgery, and, going aft, felt his patient's pulse carefully, then he came away immediately, his face very grave, and then he too disappeared down the saloon stairs, after stopping on the way to answer some remark which General Waldo, whom he met, made in passing. After parting from the doctor, Waldo went on to the fore-cabin, or two with Orlebar, somewhat to my surprise, considering the man's conduct of the day previous—and then joined a group of passengers further aft.

At the end of five minutes Enriquez, the stowaway, now serving as an assistant steward, came on deck with a tray on which was a glass of dark liquid that looked like port wine. He took it to Orlebar, who drank it in a gulp and replaced the glass on the tray. Enriquez then started to return below, but as he was nearing the companion-way he tripped and fell, dropping the tray on the deck with such violence that the empty glass was smashed into half a dozen pieces. Regaining his feet in an instant, he collected the bits of broken glass and tossed them overboard, after which he proceeded on his way and disappeared down the stairs.

During the next few minutes I was occupied with the navigation of the vessel, and paid no attention to what was happening on deck. When I again turned my eyes that way I saw that there was a commotion in the neighborhood of Orlebar's lounge. Zaverl was pushing his way through a number of male passengers who were gathered round him, and the ladies were all looking that way with frightened faces.

A minute later a messenger came to me from the doctor to say that Mr. Orlebar was dead.

## CHAPTER IX

The stir caused by Desmond Orlebar's death soon quieted down, but, lasting, in fact, longer than the end of luncheon, which was luckily announced shortly after the occurrence. Zaverl saw to all the necessary arrangements for the funeral, which, he advised, for excellent reasons, should take place the same afternoon; and as he professed himself able to certify that death was of natural causes, it was not for me to put obstacles in the way. I myself conducted the short ceremony with which the body was committed to the sea from the fore-cabin, well away from the passengers, very few of whom knew what was going on forward.

Orlebar's habits had made him so unpopular on board, that the only sentiments which I heard expressed about his decease were of the "serve-him-right" order. All the sympathy evoked was reserved for the unfortunate woman who, by a strange coincidence, had been brought face to face with the miserable creature whom she might reasonably have expected to have gone out of her life for ever. Mrs. Brinkworth kept to her state-room for the rest of the day, but Aline, who was constant in her kindness, told me that she did not pretend to feel regret for a man who had ceased to be anything to her but a shameful memory.

A musical entertainment had been arranged for in the saloon that evening, and, true to the policy which our philosophic bosun had suggested, the event of the morning was regarded rather than postponed. It was held rather than postponed in his opinion by a great majority of passengers. I offered no objection, though I cannot say that I had a pleasure-cruiser before, it seemed a little callous. However, as the affair was to come off, I thought it would be foolish to excite curiosity by absenting myself, and, confessing that I was in the absence of Aline, who was sitting with Mrs. Brinkworth in her cabin, I passed a very festive evening.

After the improvised curtain had fallen on the last "turn," I spent an hour or two on the bridge. When at length I went to my room to turn in, the passengers had all retired for the night, and, save for the throbbing of the engines, the ship was as quiet as a church. The electric arc in my cabin had been switched off as usual the last thing by my steward, and such light as there was came from an oil lamp in which I caught a glimpse of light. My table stood almost beyond the reach of the lamp's feeble rays, and, therefore, it was not till I had partially closed my eyes that I noticed a sealed letter lying on the top of my

blotting-pad. The envelope itself was enough to pique curiosity, being addressed to me in large printed capitals, that suggested a desire for disguise. Tearing it open, this is what I read, written in the same obviously unnatural hand:—

"To Captain Forrester:—  
"Dear sir, I am not one who believes in anonymous letters except in exceptional circumstances. It is because that the circumstances in which I write are so exceptional that I adopt a mode of communication that I ordinarily despise. I am more ready to do so, since in a few days I may have the pleasure of confiding in you personally."

"At present my object is to warn you against the man Enriquez who was found hidden on board on the third day of the voyage. I can give no reasons for my warning as yet, but I am sure that in my belief you will have serious cause for regret if you disregard it. If a certain theory which has been forced upon me turns out to be correct, this man's presence on board may mean the difference between life and death to some of those entrusted to your charge. The next port of call in the programme of this is Genoa. I would suggest that en route you should suddenly make some excuse for running into Barcelona, and there put Enriquez ashore without first giving him any hint of your intention. In order to secure the full advantage of my proposal, it is also imperative that you preserve absolute silence with regard to this letter and its subject, trusting in no one, however worthy to be consulted on such a matter any one may appear. One of my reasons for not speaking to you in person about it is the necessity—the vital necessity—of my interference being kept secret from certain persons on board the ship, and that end would be defeated if we were seen putting our heads together. There are sharp eyes and ears on the Queen of Night."

"In conclusion, you will see that if I am wrong in my theory—hunting a mare's nest, in fact—no harm will have been done by landing the stowaway. If, however, which I profess to be anxious to go. If his account of himself is true he will be the first to thank you. On the other hand, if my conjectures are correct, you will have at least thrown obstacles in the way of cruel and designing men."

(To Be Continued.)

## THE TORONTO NEWS SAYS:

"The Massey-Harris Company not only occupies a foremost place among Canadian manufacturing houses, but the amount of capital invested in the business, the number of men which it employs, and its vast operations, entitle it to a place among the great industrial concerns of the Dominion. Outside of the United States, where the high tariff makes it practically impossible for a foreign company to do business, the Massey-Harris binders and mowers are known and appreciated wherever agriculture is carried on under modern conditions. The company has had, and yet, no keen rivals, yet, in the trade of the Dominion, and it is entirely owing to the merit of the implements which it turns out that it has been able to build up the world-wide trade which it now possesses. The heads of the Company are among the most experienced and enterprising business men in the Dominion, and the success which has attended their enterprise is no doubt, largely owing to the fact that they have always been on the alert for improvements, and have never rested satisfied with their agricultural machines, no matter how well they might work, while they remained any chance of increasing their efficiency. Those who remember the old factory in which the company conducted its business for a number of years, have only to look at the immense workshops of today, covering acres of ground on the edge of the city, to realize the enormous development of this business. But, besides the Toronto factory, there is one in Brantford as well, and the two employ nearly twenty-five hundred men. It will be readily seen that the enormous, so much labor must be enormous, especially when the fact is taken into consideration that the machinery used in the manufacture is of the very highest grade, and that every time-saving and labor-saving invention, which tends to cheapen or hasten production, is at once adopted. In Australia and Africa the Massey-Harris binders are nearly as well known as in Canada, and the annual increase in the trade with those colonies shows conclusively that they are making their way very generally. The Massey-Harris implements have built up Manitoba able part in the North-west, and have done a magnificent service out there in lightening the labor of the pioneer and softening the hardships of the settler. It is not to be feared by those making homes in a new and unsettled country."

## UNWORTHY.

A child's innocent question may "set the table in a row." "I never went to a circus when I was a little boy," said the rather awkward parent. "Was that because your father wouldn't let you go, or because you wouldn't go?" asked the youngsters.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE... 25c. Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the improved Blunt's Catarrh Cure, which cleans the air passages, stops droppings in the throat, and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers in medicine and hardware. "What do you think of it?" "I don't know," said the doctor. "No five on \$5 a week." "No, Arthur, I don't believe it can be cured, but I will gladly be a sister to you."

## ON THE FARM.

### STABLE AND YARD MANURE.

We hear a great deal about it being impossible to produce enough on our farms to keep them fertile, even if we replace the whole amount removed by crops of manure, writes Mr. E. F. Brown. The trouble is that the majority of those who make this complaint are the ones who are manure that accumulates on their farms during the period of stable and yard feeding. They allow large amounts of the best manure to waste in one way or another and then complain about it being impossible to keep the soil in a good state of fertility. Everyone knows that it is a study to keep the soil producing good crops year after year, but there are those who accomplish this, and they are our most successful farmers.

### CARE OF YARD MANURE.

Nearly every farmer has a method of his own when it comes to the care and handling of his yard manure. Some that have come under my direct observation have been good, while others were far from being anything like a saving method. Those who have their yards either cemented or well bedded in the fall are not going to lose very heavily. Those who turn their stock to their yards when it comes feeding time without some such foundation are going to lose more or less of the liquid manure during the course of the winter. They are not only going to lose a large portion of the liquid manure, but the washings through the natural fall of the rain will carry away many dollars' worth of plant nourishment that under the other method of handling would be saved.

Every farmer must have more or less yard manure, for no one keeps his stock confined to the stable all the time. It is neither healthful for the stock nor profitable for him to do so. This being the case, we all have to contend with this problem.

Probably one of the best methods to follow is to make our yards small as will be convenient to feed in during the winter and at the same time large enough for the stock to take plenty of exercise without being crowded. Where the yards are too large, the waste comes from so much surface being exposed to the storms, and when the manure gets a little dry the stock will punch it up. If it is spread over a large surface, it will allow more of the plant food to be taken up by the soil, and in a place where it will never do any good to the crops. This is something we should look after, as it will be impossible to keep the farm in its natural state of fertility if part of the manure is lost instead of being put back on the field from which it was taken.

### THEN THE SOIL VARIES

so much in different localities that one has to judge for himself just what method is the most practical for his individual convenience. For instance, if one has sand or loose soil of any kind upon which to build his yards, he will not require the amount of bedding he would if he were going to build them on heavy clay soil. On clay soil the straw rots much quicker than on sandy soil, from the fact that the water gets in and dries out so readily, and one uses plenty of bedding at the very start, the yards will soon become very muddy and disagreeable. If straw is to be used for this foundation on clay soil, not less than four feet deep should be put on, as the straw will soon pack it down to the bottom, very little liquid manure will be lost, even if it is not hauled from the yards till late in the summer.

Some farmers are more fortunate than others in this part of their management, as they have large sheds for their stock to be taken out for exercise and outdoor feed. This is certainly the best way to do it, only protect the yard manure from waste, but the stock from unlooked-for storms. While we cannot have all the conveniences for outdoor exercise, we can have some kind of a shelter for the protection of a building for the stable manure, and wheel it from the stables to such a place over the yard manure.

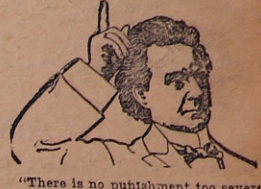
### ADDING TO THE YARD MANURE.

This can be easily done when one has taken the trouble to fix his yards to save what he would ordinarily lose. There is always a more or less coarse fodder to feed out to the farm, and the outdoor yard is the place to feed it. Then what roughage is not cleaned up by the stock can be spread around on the yard and tramped in. You may not pile for use later on to keep your pile, but it will do no harm. If this is the case, someone in your neighborhood will have more straw than he will use. One can usually buy at a very reasonable rate. This makes just as good bedding for the yards as any, but in case one has to buy the best straw and pay the highest price, it will pay to do so, as this absorbs the liquid manure and distributes it evenly through the pile. If a farmer's desire is to build up his farm, then he may as well buy straw and other kinds of coarse material for stock feed as to buy commercial fertilizer, thus getting the benefit from both the feed and the manure. All the straw possible should be used in the bedding, so as to enlarge the manure pile, which will take the place of commercial

## Rheumatism Cured.

Mrs. Moffat Had to Take Hypodermic Injections to Relieve Her Pain.

PERMANENTLY CURED BY MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE.



"There is no punishment too severe for those who deceive the sick."—MUNYON.

"I would have spools of rheumatism and at times it would give me great distress in my back and side. Many a time I have had to take an injection to relieve the pain. I obtained a vial of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure at the free distribution, and I am now feeling quite well. I have had no pains since, and can move around freely and naturally. I am very glad to give my experience, for the benefit of anyone who may be suffering in a similar manner."—Mrs. F. Moffat, 128 Mutual street, Toronto.

### MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

Munyon's Pile Ointment cures piles price 50c.  
Munyon's Eye Cure cures weak eyes price 50c.  
Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost power to weak men. Price 50c.

### FREE MEDICAL ADVICE.

Personal letters addressed to Prof. Munyon, Philadelphia, U.S.A., containing details of sickness, will be answered promptly and free advice as to treatment will be given.

fertilizer. There is no denying the fact that barnyard manure is superior to any other.

### RAISING FINE CATTLE.

The secret of success in the breeding of fine cattle lies in starting with the right ideal, and sticking to it. The active years of a man's life are sufficient for his acquiring fame, if not fortune, in breeding one distinct breed if he starts right, breeds right, and feeds right. It is the fixed, determined purpose that will bring him to the desired goal, and without this it is never reached.

To the beginner I would say, deliberate long in the selection of a breed and an ideal. Having once adopted them, persevere to the end in the work of their better development. Choose a breed you would choose a wife, and if I remember rightly, I married a good one. A breeder must like his cattle best, and like his business if he expects time and money to produce something superior, and demands and receives a price that pays well for the extra pains taken.

This rule applies to the raising of cattle as well as anything else, like produce. Get and produce the best, and you will receive prices accordingly. My experience in many years in cattle buying leads me to know that the best breeders get the best prices. Let me say to the breeders of fine cattle, breed nothing but the best, and you will have no cause to complain of a dull market or low prices.

### THE EWE AND LAMB.

The feeding of winter lambs is a business which requires more thorough attention than is usually paid to it. It should be commenced in many instances months before it is, and many think it is not worth the trouble to commence feeding until you have the lamb a week old. That in my opinion is where they make the mistake. Commence when your ewe goes to the buck. See that the ewe from that time is never allowed to fall off in flesh. Let her be in a good condition, so that an improving she will be in a good condition when she is a lamb, and when she is a lamb, she will bring a big fat lamb. The lamb has a good start.

If your lambs come thin and weak it will take long time to fill them up than the fat lambs. There is also more loss and trouble. It seldom happens that a strong lamb will not take all the milk the ewe has, while with a weak lamb you may have first-class lambs from poor weak ewes is a most unsatisfactory business, both as to profit or pleasure.

### A CURIOUS OFFER.

Mr. Richard Moss, formerly M. P. for Winchester, England, has made a curious offer to that ancient and famous borough. He desires to set aside \$500 a year in perpetuity to defray the expenses of a banquet, or other entertainment, to be given each year on his birthday, May 30, to such members of the corporation, citizens, and visitors as the mayor for the time being may invite. The corporation propose to accept the offer with thanks to Mr. Moss, who is a Freeman of Winchester.

"I sent a postage stamp for a pamphlet which was to tell me how to succeed." "What did it say?" "It said: 'Make better use of postage stamps.'"

## Pains in Chest The Danger Signal

That Tells of Approaching Pneumonia or Serious Lung Trouble—Prevent Further Trouble by Using Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

When it hurts to cough, when coughing or a long breath causes pain, or a feeling of soreness in the chest, when the linings of the throat and bronchial tubes feel raw and sore, when you feel that the cold which you expected to wear away is getting the better of you, turn to Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and you will get prompt relief and cure.

Mr. John Clark, coachman, Port Hope, Ont., writes: "Being exposed to all sorts of weather, I frequently catch cold. Last winter I was so bad with a cold I could not speak above a whisper, and had great pains in the chest. At last I feared it would develop into consumption. It did not succeed in getting better preparation."

"A friend advised me to try Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and I began to improve before I had taken half a bottle. One bottle cured my cold, which, I believe, would have proven very serious if I had not used this medicine."

Mrs. F. Dwyer, of Chesterville, says: "My little girl, of three years, had an attack of bronchitis and pneumonia. My husband and I thought she was going to leave the world as her case resisted the doctors' treatment. I bought a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine from our popular druggist, W. G. Bolster. After the first two or three doses the child began to get better, and we are thankful to say is all right to-day after seven weeks' sickness."

As a prompt cure for croup, bronchitis, whooping cough, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is wonderfully effective. It is not a mere cough mixture, but a thorough and far-reaching medicine, which acts on the whole system, and drives out disease. 25 cents a bottle, family size (three times as much) 75 cents at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.







### The Gamey Bribery Charges.

Nothing in political affairs in Canada has for many years created such a sensation as the charges which were made in the Ontario Legislature on Wednesday afternoon, against the Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary.

While the charges of attempting to buy up the Legislature of Ontario nineteen years ago created an immense sensation, it is doubtful whether it was as great as that just created by Mr. Gamely's allegations. The charges in that instance were made against private members of the House, and in this instance they are preferred against a Minister of the Crown. It is this that gives them the greater seriousness.

If Mr. Stratton is guilty, his guilt is greater than could possibly be that of a private member of the House. He says emphatically that he is not guilty. Mr. Gamely just as emphatically declares that the \$4,000, which he received and alleges to have shared with Frank Sullivan, came from the hands of Mr. Stratton.

We have no desire until the guilt of Mr. Stratton has been established, to pronounce him guilty, but there must be an investigation, and an investigation that will satisfy every one. Premier Ross has promised this investigation, and proposes that it shall be made by two judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature or by the president of that court and two other officials to be appointed by the Government without reference to the House.

It is to be regretted, indeed, that the leader of the Opposition has declared against the proposal to submit the charges to a commission of judges. His proposal that the charges should be referred to a committee of the House will, we are convinced, not appeal to the sense of justice which we believe prevails in the country.

If the commission is to be impartial its members must be taken from the Judiciary and not from the Legislature. If the latter course were adopted, the commissioners would, of course, be selected from both sides of the House with in all likelihood a majority of one or more from the Government side. And no matter how impartial the gentlemen composing it might be, it is only natural that where a point could be strained either in favor of or against the accused Minister, it would be, for the fate of the Government as well as the guilt or innocence of Mr. Stratton depends upon the verdict of the commission. For this reason it must be insisted upon that the commission shall be selected from the Judiciary.

In the meantime it is not a time for the exaltation of one party at the expense of another. It is a time for serious reflection. It is quite true that Mr. Stratton is a party man, but it is equally true that he is a member of a legislative body whose very existence is a symbol of justice and freedom, and besides, is a Minister of the Crown.

If, therefore, he is as guilty as the charges against him allege, it is not the party to which he belongs that would alone suffer, but the reputation of the Ontario Legislature in particular and that of the Parliamentary system of the country in general, as well.

### Meeting Departmental Store Competition.

The article in last week's issue in regard to the invasion of the territory of the local merchants in Manitoba by the department stores in the eastern cities has naturally attracted a great deal of attention, particularly on account of specific cases given in regard to the way this trade is secured.

It is obvious to everyone that these department stores are largely cutting into the field of the local merchants, not only in Manitoba and the Northwest, but in every part of the Dominion, through the medium of advertising. Besides advertising in the ordinary way, the department stores are always looking about for ways and means of reaching customers. We know of an instance of a daily paper in a certain town which supplied a department store in Toronto with a list of its subscribers, the list being required by the department store for the purpose of mailing circulars and catalogues to that particular paper's readers. The price paid for the list was \$150.

There is no more effective way for minimizing the influence of the department store than by the local merchants giving all publicity that is within their power to the goods which they carry in stock. The department stores frequently advertise bargains, but the great majority of the prices they quote would not be sufficiently attractive to get the business if they were compared with the figures at which the local merchants can sell their goods.

It is this fact that needs to be impressed upon the consumer, and the only way that this can be done is by means of publicity. One of the best mediums for this purpose is the local newspaper. An advertisement in the local newspaper, as a rule, is the cheapest thing which the country merchant gets.

Besides advertising in the local papers, merchants should elicit the sympathy and co-operation of the local publishers in educating the consumers to the fact that their requirements can be supplied just as cheaply, if not more so, than by the large departmental stores in the chief trade centres of the country.—Hardware and Metal.

It is announced that on April 1st seventy-one navy British warships will be under construction, and that twenty-one obsolete warships were withdrawn during the past year.

Conservatives have decided to protest Hon. E. J. Davis' election in North York.

The heaviest snowfalls of the present winter were reported from parts of England yesterday.

For the first time on record St. Patrick's Day was observed as a general holiday throughout Ireland.

The United States Senate ratified the Panama Canal treaty without amendment, by a vote of 73 to 5.

A Detroit despatch says there are a large number of people going from Michigan to Western Canada.

The tannery owned by Hon. E. J. Davis at King was burned on Saturday. Loss \$100,000; insurance \$60,000.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice of a motion in Parliament to impose a tax of \$200 on every Chinaman entering Canada.

In the Dominion estimates submitted to the House on Monday last, the sum of \$450,000 is put down to be expended on the Trent Valley Canal.

Official returns give Mr. Geo. D. Grant a majority over Hon. Geo. E. Foster, in North Ontario of exactly 200. The total vote was the largest ever polled in the riding.

A collision between two freight trains on the C.P.R., near Toronto, caused the death of two persons, and another is supposed to be fatally injured. Two engines and six cars loaded with freight were destroyed.

About six hundred persons left Toronto on Tuesday for Manitoba and the Northwest. For the first three excursions this year about 1500 people have departed for the West against 900 for first three last year.

On Tuesday last a special train of twelve coaches left Montreal for the Northwest, containing some seven hundred of the finest English, Irish and Scotch immigrants who have ever been sent into this country. The officials of the C.P.R., together with the immigration officers, were loud in their expressions of admiration. The party was composed chiefly of young men, all of whom had ample means. There was not what could be called a poor man in the seven hundred. All were bound for the North-West to take up land. The immigration boom is on in the Old Country at last.

A despatch from Milwaukee, Wis., says:—The excursion season to the Canadian Northwest is on in full force, and the number of most desirable people going there to locate is far in excess of anything anticipated by the most sanguine. The movement from Wisconsin is very heavy, and is largely made up of the best class of well-to-do farmers, with large and grown-up families, numbering six to ten members, all taking ample means and full supplies of farming and household effects. There is little doubt that railways entering the Northwest will be taxed to the utmost limit to handle the business during April. The work of peopling the Canadian Northwest with a most desirable class of settlers is going on beyond all precedent.

The English blacklisting law, which recently went into force for the restraint of drunkenness, is said to be working fairly effectively in the lower orders of English society at all events. It is not the only novel experiment that is being tried with the object of restraining habitual drunkards, for Iowa passed a law last year permitting the confinement of confirmed drunkards in the lunatic asylums. It made little stir, but within eight months three hundred alcoholic patients were under restraint and treatment. An Iowa despatch, quoted by "Harpers Weekly," says that inebriates continue to flow into the State asylums at the rate of about fifty a month, and an Iowa court has just ruled that their constitutional rights are not violated by their detention. Some of the inebriates don't like to be shut up, but the treatment they get seems to be humane and salutary. Their liquor is stopped, and they have to work on farms, and are encouraged to improve their habits. When they seem to be cured they are discharged, and report says that so far about seventy-five per cent. of the cases have so resulted.

A number of Canadians who were in the South African Constabulary are returning home. They are very outspoken in their condemnation of the management of the South African Constabulary. Private J. McGuin, of Moosomin, acting as their spokesman, said that the service was unbearable for Canadians. Life for them had been made miserable by the officers. The Canadians always got the hardest and most disagreeable duty and the poorest of anything that was served out. The fourteen hundred Canadians in the Constabulary have dwindled down to three hundred, and these, too, would be out of the service if they could get the money to buy their discharge. The places of the Canadians are being taken by Boers. Boer officers are being appointed. These Boer officers added to the indignities inflicted on the Canadians. The men leaving the Constabulary now are compelled to pay their passage from the point in Africa where they get their discharge all the way home to their Canadian destination. If they choose to stay in the service for five years from the time of signing their second attestation papers they would get a free return, but not otherwise.

The most popular air with the average girl is the millionaire.

Nature restores a man's health and his physician pockets the fee.

Courts are merely the preliminary skirmish before the regular battle begins.

A man has the right to express his opinion of the weather, but what's the use?

Strength and wisdom are not always found together. Remember Samson's finish.

The best place to get good plain board is at a saw mill.

The painless filling you get at a restaurant is more satisfactory than the one advertised by a dentist.

A woman is really seriously ill when the bargain advertisements in a newspaper fail to interest her.

When fortune knocks at the door of a lazy man the chances are he is somewhere trying to borrow a pipe of tobacco.

### MEN'S FIVE SENSES.

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT THEM NOT GENERALLY KNOWN.

The Nerves of Taste Are Paralyzed by Either Very Hot or Very Cold Liquids—The Ear Is a Wonderful Organ—The Eyes Easily Deceived.

For some unknown reason different parts of the tongue are assigned for the perception of different tastes. With the tip we taste sweet substances and salts, with the back we taste bitter things and with the sides we taste acids. The middle part of the tongue's surface has scarcely any sense of taste at all.

The long named substance parabrombenzoic sulphide produces a most remarkable effect, for it gives a sense of sweetness to the point of the tongue and of bitterness to the back. Pure water tastes sweet after sulphate of magnesia.

We can only taste things in solution; hence if the tongue were perfectly dry it would not be affected by the strongest flavored substance in a dry state.

The taste nerves are paralyzed by very hot or very cold liquids. After drinking very hot or ice cold water we could not taste even such a substance as quinine. This fact supplies a useful hint for consumers of ill flavored medicines.

Smell, though the least useful, is the most delicate of all our senses. We can smell the three-hundred-millionth part of a grain of musk. No chemical analysis can detect such minute quantities. The most powerful microscope would not render a particle ten thousand times as large visible. We could not taste it were it many thousand times as large.

While we taste liquids, we can smell only gases. Fill your nostrils with eau de cologne, and you will experience no odor whatever. Fine as our sense of smell is, it has deteriorated immensely since the time when our forefathers were wild men. The Calmucks can smell an encampment twenty miles away; the Peruvians can distinguish all the South American races by their odor.

But smell is a sense highly susceptible of cultivation even by the modern white man. Dealers in tea, spices, perfumes and drugs, in consequence of their training, can distinguish the faintest differences in odors.

The organ of hearing is one of the most marvelous pieces of mechanism in the body. In animals the external ear acts as a trumpet to collect the sound waves; in man it is little more than an ornament, but the internal ear is alike in both. So wonderful is its construction that we can distinguish sounds varying from forty to 4,000 vibrations per second. This feat is performed by a portion of the ear called the organ of Corti. What a wonderful organ that is may be understood from the fact that it consists of 5,000 pieces of apparatus, each piece being made up of two rods, one inner hair cell and four outer hair cells—that is, 35,000 separate parts. In some mysterious manner the rods, with other things, are tuned to different notes, and when they vibrate they cause the hairs to transmit an impulse to the nerve of hearing. To be musical, therefore, is to have a good organ of Corti.

Why is it that scratching a piece of glass with metal causes such an unpleasant sound? Because it is what is called the fundamental tone of the ear, which is very high. What the fundamental tone exactly is would take too much space to explain, but if you blow across the mouth of a bottle, a hollow globe, etc., you get its fundamental tone.

The ear is a deceptive organ, and it is often a matter of guesswork to tell whence a sound comes. Indeed, if you place the open hands in front of your ears and curve them backward sounds produced in front will appear to come from behind.

Human beings and monkeys see most things with both eyes. Our whole field of vision extends over 180 degrees or half a circle. The middle half of this we see with both eyes together, but the quarter at each side is seen only with one eye.

All other animals see most things with one eye only. Scarcely ever can they fix both eyes on anything at the same time. But there are considerable variations. A bulldog, for instance, somewhat closely approaches the condition of a monkey. The larger the pupil the greater the quantity of light which enters the eye. Large pupils people, therefore, see the world in a brighter and more cheerful state than those with small pupils. They can see things better in the dusk or at night.

As every one knows from the optical illusion pictures, the eyes are easily deceived. A white square on a black ground appears larger than a white square of the same size on a white ground. Red near green looks redder; blue near yellow looks bluer; white near black looks whiter.

Touch really includes several senses. Thus there are spots on the skin which feel heat only, spots which feel cold, spots which feel only pain, spots which feel only pressure and spots which feel tickling. These spots are supplied with nerves capable of doing only one particular duty. The sensations of the skin are grouped by physiologists into three kinds—touch, pain and temperature. The skin which covers a scar has only one kind of sensation. It can feel neither pressure (touch) nor temperature, but perceives pain very acutely. The tongue is the most sensitive of all parts to touch, the forehead and elbow to heat or cold.

We only dream sights and sounds. We never dream tastes or smells. If we dream of a flower garden, we see the flowers, but do not smell them. If we dream of a dinner, we see the dishes, but do not taste them.

# Millinery Opening

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MARCH 19 & 20.

On and after these dates we will be pleased to have the Ladies call whenever they find it convenient. All the latest and prettiest of Parisian Styles are here—purchased direct by our buyer—and combined with the none the less pretty work of our own artists, make a display that is sure to please you.

## Ready-to-Wear Clothing.

Our new stock of Men's and Boys' Ready-to-Wear Garments is now opened and we are prepared for Spring Business. Although one of the newest, this department is not by any means the smallest—you will find everything you want in clothing here—good clothing at lowest cash prices.

Perhaps you have been buying tailor-made goods? We would like you to compare one of our \$10.00 Suits with any \$20.00 custom made, as to fit, style and workmanship. You will agree with us that you have been paying too much.

Write us for our new Spring catalogue of Men's and Boys' Clothing.

# The RITCHIE COMPANY Limited.

BELLEVILLE.

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS,

To 1st of Jan. 1904, for 75c.

**Benefits of Foreign Travel.**  
"How did your husband enjoy his visit to the Alhambra?" inquired the friend of the family.  
"He was tickled most to death," replied Mrs. Gaswell. "He killed a snake there."

**Knew What He Wanted.**  
Politician—I'll do what I can to get work for you.  
Citizen—I don't want work; what I'm after is a city job.

**Poverty.**  
He—But poverty is no disgrace.  
She—Um-m, no; but there are no medals connected with it either.—Judge.

A man never knows what a conscience he has until asked to tell a lie to shield some one he never liked very well anyway.

## PERMANENT PASTURES

are highly recommended. If you wish to set one, we can fill any of the standard formulas. First-class samples of

RED CLOVER,  
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WHITE CLOVER,  
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To Manitoba and Canadian North-West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during March and April, 1903. If sufficient business offers. Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m. Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train. For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' One-Way Excursions" apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN,  
Assistant General Passenger Agent,  
71 Yonge St., Toronto.

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News-Argus to Jan. 1, '04, 75c.







# THE MARKETS

## Prices of Grain, Cattle, etc. in Trade Centres.

Toronto, March 17.—Wheat—The market is quiet, with prices steady. No. 2 white and red are quoted at 69c middle freight. No. 2 spring nominal at 69c on Midland, and No. 2 goosie at 69c on Midland. Manitoba wheat in transit, No. 1 Northern, 85c all rail, grinding in transit; No. 1 hard, 84c North Bay; No. 1 Northern, 84c North Bay.

Oats—Trade is quiet, with No. 2 white quoted at 30c middle freight and at 30c high freight; No. 1 white, 32c. Barley—Trade is quiet, with No. 3 extra quoted at 46 to 46c middle freight, and No. 3 at 43 to 44c middle freight.

Peas—No. 2 white is quoted at 69c high freight, and at 70c east. Corn—Market dull, with Canadian yellow quoted at 45c west, and mixed 44c west. No. 3 American yellow at 53c on track Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 is nominal at 51c middle freight.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents unchanged at \$2.65 mill freight, in changed at \$2.65 export. Straight buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers of special brands for domestic trade quoted at \$3.20 to \$3.35 in bulk. Manitoba flour steady. No. 1 patents, \$4.20, and second, \$3.90. Strong bakers', \$3.80, bags included, Toronto.

Milled—Bran is very scarce, and quoted at \$17 here. As outside points bran is quoted at \$16.50 to \$17, and shorts at \$18. Manitoba bran, in sacks, \$19, and shorts, \$21 here.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Trade continues dull; medium, \$1.65 to \$1.75 per bush, and hand-picked, \$1.90 to \$2. Dried apples—Nothing doing, with prices nominal at 34c per lb. Evaporated, 6 to 6c.

Honey—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. Strained sells at 8 to 8c per lb., and comb at \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Hay, baled—The market is quiet, at unchanged prices. Choice timothy, \$10 on track, and mixed, \$8 to \$8.50.

Straw—The market is quiet for car lots on track, at \$5.50 to \$6 a ton.

Maple syrup—Five-gallon cans, \$1 a gallon; one-gallon cans, \$1.10, and half-gallon, 60c.

Onions—The market is dull at 40c per bush for Canadian.

Poultry—Market dull, with prices firm. We quote:—Fresh killed dry-picked turkeys, 14 to 17c; geese, 9 to 11c per lb.; ducks, \$1 to \$1.25; chickens (young), 85c to \$1; old hens, 60 to 70c per pair.

Potatoes—Market steady. Cars on track, \$1 to \$1.05, and small lots, \$1.25 per bag.

## THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Local trade continues quiet, and without feature. We quote:—Selected dairy, tubs, 16 to 17c; choice large rolls, 17 to 18c; finest 1-lb prints, 19 to 19c; creamery prints, 21c to 22c; solids, 19 to 20c.

Eggs—Market is easier, with demand good. We quote:—Strictly new laid, 15c to 16c; held stock (picked and cold store), 9 to 10c.

Cheese—Market is firm. We quote:—Finest September, 13 to 13c; second, 12c to 13c; twins, 13c to 14c.

## HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are nominal. None offering. Cured meats firm, with demand fair. We quote:—Bacon, clear, 10 to 10c, in ton and case lots. Pork—Mess, \$21; do short cut, \$22.50.

Smoked hams, 13 to 13c; rolls, 11c; shoulders, 11c; backs, 10 to 14c; hams, 12 to 14c. Lard—The demand is better. We quote:—Tierces, 10c to 10c; tubs, 10c to 11c; pails, 11c.

## BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 17.—Grain—No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, 73c; No. 1 Northern, 71c; March delivery; No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 72c; ex store, May delivery; peas, 69c high freight; oats, No. 2 in store here, 37c to 37c; 34c high freight; rye, 49c east; buckwheat, 48c to 49c east. Flour—Manitoba patents, \$4.20; second, \$3.90; Ontario straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.65; in bags, \$1.70 to \$1.75; patents, \$3.70 to \$4.10. Rolled oats—Millers' prices, \$2 bags, and \$4.15 per 100 lb. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$19 to \$20; shorts, \$21 to \$22; bags included, Ontario bran in bulk, \$18 to \$18.50; shorts in bulk, \$20 to \$21. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$24 to \$25; short cut backs, \$23.50 to \$24; light short cut, \$23 to \$24; pure Canadian lard, 11c; finest lard, 12 to 12c; hams, 12c to 13c; bacon, 14 to 15c; dressed hogs, \$8.25; fresh killed abattoir hogs, \$8.50 per 100 lbs. Honey—White clover, in sections, 12 to 13c per section; in 10-lb. tins, 8 to 8c; in bulk, 7c to 8c; dark, 4c lower. Cheese—Ontario, 13 to 13c; Townships, 12c. Butter—Townships, 20 to 20c; second, 17c; Western rolls, 16c. Eggs—New laid, 17 to 17c; second, 11c.

## UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Duluth, March 17.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 74c; May, 74c; No. 1 Northern, 72c; May and July, 75c. Oats—Minneapolis, March 17.—Wheat—May, 74c; July, 74c; on track, No. 1 hard, 74c; No. 1 Northern, 70c; No. 2 Northern, 66c. Flour—First patents, \$2.70

to \$3.80; second patents, \$3.00 to \$3.70; first clears, \$2.70; second clears, \$2.40 to \$2.10. Bran—In bulk, \$14.25 to \$14.50. Buffalo, March 17.—Wheat—Spring No. 1 hard, 87c; winter, nothing offered. Corn—Dull and lowing offered. No. 2 yellow, 50c; No. 2 corn, 49c; Oats—Quiet. No. 2 white, 41c; No. 2 mixed, 39c. Barley—56 1/2c. In store, Rye—No. 2, 58c. Milwaukee, March 17.—Wheat—Higher; No. 1 Northern, 79c; No. 1 Northern, 77c to 78c; May, 75c. Rye—Steady; No. 1, 51c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 62c, sample, 47 to 52c. Corn—May, 47c.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, March 17.—A fairly active business was transacted at the Western Cattle Market to-day in butchers' cattle. Exporters were not offered plentifully, and the demand for them was not brisk. Space is still scarce on the trans-Atlantic steamers, and several more delays in their departure for England have been reported. Fairly good prices were paid, however, by many of the buyers—for choice descriptions of these. Butchers' cattle sold well, but it is doubtful if the present prices would have been maintained had there been of more abundant than usual, about forty or fifty being brought forward, and but for the presence of a large buyers' sales would have been effected with considerable difficulty. The markets for hogs were steady.

The receipts were 56 cars, containing 726 cattle, 212 sheep, 2,000 hogs, and 28 calves.

The following is the range of quotations:

Exporters' cattle—	Per 100 lbs.
Choice.....	\$4.25 \$4.65
Medium.....	3.85 4.20
Light.....	4.00 4.00
Bulls.....	3.75 3.85
Butchers'—	
Choice.....	4.00 4.35
Medium.....	3.40 4.00
Hefers.....	3.50 3.90
Bulls.....	3.00 3.50
Feeders.....	2.50 3.10
Stockers.....	3.00 3.65
Canners.....	2.00 2.50
Sheep—	
Lambs.....	5.00 5.85
Ewes.....	3.75 4.25
Bucks.....	3.00 3.50
Calves, each.....	2.00 10.00
Hogs, per 100 lbs.....	4.50 6.00
Cows—	
Stags.....	2.00 4.00
Selects, 160 to 200 lbs.....	6.35 6.00
Thick fats.....	5.10 0.00
Lights.....	5.10 0.00

## IN BRITISH MARKETS.

Canada's Produce in Demand, Says Lord Strathcona.

An Ottawa despatch says:—Lord Strathcona has just sent his annual report to the Department of Trade and Commerce. He says the number of Canadian cattle imported into Great Britain was 5,400 head, whilst there was a decrease in the number of cattle imported from the United States. The cattle showed a decided improvement over those of last year, and when slaughtered were found to be freer from disease, and healthier than the British cattle. His Lordship does not doubt but that the embargo against the entry of Canadian cattle into the United Kingdom will be raised, notwithstanding the agitation in favor of its maintenance. He anticipates that there will in the near future be improved markets for imported meats, and urges that more attention should be paid to this subject at the Canadian end. The quantity of chilled meat imported from the United States last year equaled in bulk the weight of 342,000 head of cattle.

He notes with gratification that Canada is the second largest shipper of wheat to Great Britain, not exceeding 10 per cent. of the wheat importations. Canadian grain is well spoken of, whilst its splendid quality insures a large trade in the future. There is a gratifying increase in the quantity of flour imported from the Dominion, and it now occupies the second place in the returns after the United States. The sale of Canadian butter in the United Kingdom has more than doubled in the last three years. Last year the sales amounted to \$6,730,000, whilst the total import was \$102,000,000. There is still a large opening for Canadian butter, especially in view of the disposition to favor butter from this country over that from foreign countries. Canada sold in Great Britain last year \$21,500,000 worth of cheese, being 67.5 per cent. of the total import or 8 per cent. more than the year before. The cheese was of the best quality on record, and the importations are increasing. A feeling prevails that an effort should be made by Canada to prevent the exportation of raw materials, and to increase the industry of the Dominion. The matter is largely in the hands of Canada, as competition from other sources is decreasing from year to year.

## CHECK TO WHITE PLAGUE.

Austrian Savant Claims He Has Discovered Serum.

A Vienna despatch says:—Medical men here are eagerly anticipating a promised lecture by Prof. Behring, the renowned inventor of diphtheria serum, who has announced the discovery of a serum by means of which calves can be made perfectly immune to tuberculosis, and which, he confidently expects, will prove similarly applicable to human beings.

# SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

## OPENING OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

In the Ontario Legislature on Tuesday of last week, Chief Justice T. M. M. in the absence of the Lieutenant-Governor, delivered the following:

## SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Mr. Justice Moss then delivered the following address from the throne after which the House adjourned until 3 o'clock to-morrow. Legislative Assembly: I have much pleasure in welcoming you to your duties at this the first session of a new Parliament. In common with all his Majesty's subjects throughout the British Empire we rejoice at the coronation of Edward VII. as "King of Great Britain and Ireland and the seas," and as loving subjects we sincerely pray that he may long be spared to the throne of his ancestors as the sovereign of a loyal, contented and prosperous people.

On the 18th of December last a conference of Provincial Premiers and Ministers was held in the city of Quebec for the purpose of considering the financial relations of the provinces to the Dominion. The conference, after coming to certain conclusions, subsequently met at Ottawa and submitted their conclusions to the Dominion Government. A full report of the proceedings will be laid before you.

During the past year a greater area of the arable land of the Crown was located by settlers than in any recent year in the history of the Crown Lands Department. The immigration from the United Kingdom was exceptionally large; the arrivals reported to the Department in Toronto being nearly double those of any previous year.

Under the legislation providing land grants for military service, about six thousand certificates have already been issued. A large number of them are awaiting settlement, and will be disposed of as soon as their validity is established. An amendment to the act enabling the more recent contingents to South Africa to share in these grants, will be submitted.

The progress which is being made in the leading branches of mining is a matter for congratulation. The output last year was the largest in the history of the industry. Special attention is being given to the deposits of nickel-copper and iron ore, which constitute so important a part of the mineral wealth of the Dominion.

The number trade continues active, the revenue for Crown dues for the past year being the largest in the history of the province. I am pleased to notice that the past year has been one of exceptional prosperity in every department of agriculture, not the least significant evidence being the improved quality of our dairy produce, bacon, beef, and poultry.

The thanks of the country are due to the estate of the late Sir Hart A. Massey for the timely gift of a new building, and also to William Macdonald for his generosity in providing for a building on the campus of the Agricultural College devoted to domestic science. These munificent gifts show the growing interest of influential citizens in agricultural education, and will greatly assist in the work of the college.

The work of the Farmers' Institutes has grown steadily; special fruit institutes, held in the orchard, have been very helpful; the Women's Institutes have increased in number, and are so promising that you will be asked for special assistance to carry on this work.

The vote polled on the 4th of December last in favor of the Disturbance Act of 1902, though not large enough to bring the Act into force, nevertheless, he taken as an expression of the electors favoring further legislation with respect to the liquor traffic. A measure with this object in view will be submitted for your consideration. It is greatly to be regretted that, notwithstanding the liberal provision heretofore made for the insane, the accommodation is still inadequate, and that the destitute are unable to meet fully the necessities of this unfortunate class of the people.

It is gratifying to notice that many County Councils have provided for the indigent of their own counties by the establishment of Houses of Refuge. Some counties, however, have no other refuge for destitute persons than the county jail, and it is the intention of the Government to submit legislation for the extension of this system of public charity.

In order to better suppress contagious diseases in many parts of the province, it appears to be necessary to secure more effective co-operation of the municipalities with the measures adopted by the Legislature. Your attention will be called to a bill for this purpose.

I have been pleased to notice the highly beneficial results that have attended the creation in 1893 of the branch of the public service charged with the care of neglected and dependent children. Under its operation foster homes have been provided for over two thousand children, assuring them a better future, and a good citizenship. The legislation of 1897 providing for supervising and regulating the importation of children from the British Isles, has, as a result, been more careful selection of children intended for settlement in this province, and in the greater comfort and security of the infants of all children for whom you will be pleased to know that

great progress has been made during the year in the development of technical education and manual training in the Public and Normal schools of the province. The growth of the Provincial University shows the increased interest taken in higher education, while the demand for the better training of teachers in Public and Separate schools, calls for the extension of the Normal school term. You will be asked to consider legislation with regard to these matters.

In view of the great demand for electrical energy for industrial and other uses, it is desirable that the utmost facility should be afforded, through municipal control or otherwise, for the utilization to these ends of the water powers of the province. A bill to provide for this object will be laid before you.

Bills will be submitted for the consolidation of the Municipal Act and for the revision of the Assessment Act.

The reports of the various departments of the public service will be laid before you, including the first report of the commission for the reconstruction of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway.

The estimates for the current year will, at an early date, be submitted for your approval. They will be found to have been prepared with all the economy consistent with the efficiency of the public service.

## ENORMOUS INCREASE.

Dominion Trade Increasing by Leaps and Bounds.

An Ottawa despatch says:—Judging from the trade returns for the first eight months ending Feb. 28th, it is estimated that at the close of the present fiscal year the aggregate trade of the Dominion will approach the total of \$460,000,000, or \$35,000,000 more than in the previous year. During the past eight months the aggregate trade, on the basis of imports for consumption and domestic exports, amounted to \$291,284,240, or a gain of \$27,808,956 compared with the same period of the preceding fiscal year. Imports for consumption were exceeded by domestic exports by \$12,885,000. In round numbers exports increased as follows:—Manufactures, \$7,000,000; farm products, \$7,000,000; forest products, \$3,000,000. Decreases of \$2,000,000 in exports of fisheries, mainly due to the falling off in British Columbia salmon canneries, and \$2,000,000 in products of the mine. Returns for the past month give the imports as \$15,545,478 and the exports as \$11,441,957, as compared with \$13,499,531 and \$8,367,227, the respective amounts for the same period of 1902.

## THREE EXPERTS WILL SIT.

Commission on Transportation Terminal Facilities.

An Ottawa despatch says:—It is understood that the commission to inquire into the report upon the transportation question and the terminal facilities in Canada, which was foreshadowed in the speech from the throne, will consist of three members. The merchants, steamship and railway interests will each be represented by an expert. The railway expert referred to is understood to be Sir William Van Horne. The Government intends getting the commission under way at once. They recognize the paramount importance of the transportation and terminal problem. Special attention will be given to the prompt handling of goods, especially grain, at the Canadian terminals. The commission will doubtless report as to the improvements under way at Port Colborne, which is to be a point of transshipment for grain brought down on the glants which navigate the upper lakes.

## FATAL KLONDIKE FIRE.

Five Hotel Inmates Burned to Death Like Trapped Rats.

A Vancouver despatch says:—In the fire which destroyed the Aurora roadhouse, 55 miles below Dawson City, on Hunker Creek, Klondike, Charles Burnside, proprietor, and his wife and two children perished like trapped rats. The proprietor, a young miner from St. Mary's, Ont., a cousin of Prof. Baird, of Manitoba College, sharing in their awful fate. William Dice discovered the fire, but too late for a rescue. The remains of the five victims, with the charred body of a dog, were recovered in the morning by Corporal Ryan, and a coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by suffocation. The Burnside family came from Portland, Oregon.

## DEFICIT IN BUDGET.

Expenses More Than \$7,000,000 in Excess of Revenue.

A London despatch says:—Saturday's final bill of civil service estimates for 1903-4 brings the total estimated expenditure for that branch of the public service up to \$225,391,265. With the army and navy estimates and the service of the national debt the total expenditure for the year will approximate \$767,000,000, which is nearly \$7,500,000 in excess of the revenue expected from the existing sources. Included in the estimates is the sum of \$150,000 as a grant in aid of the expenses of the Royal Commission for the St. Louis Exposition, and the balance of \$217,000,000 which will be provided for in the estimates of subsequent years.

# THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

## LORD MINTO DELIVERED THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

An Ottawa despatch says:—Parliament was opened at three o'clock on Thursday afternoon by Lord Minto. There was a large attendance at the opening ceremonies, and the interest manifested in the event was as great as in past years. His Excellency the Governor-General was accompanied by the Governor-General House by an escort of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, and was received on his arrival at the Parliament Buildings by a band of the Foot Guards. The band of this regiment was present and supplied the music.

## SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Lord Minto proceeded to the Senate Chamber and delivered the following speech to the throne: Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons: I am glad to be able to congratulate you on the continued prosperity that prevails throughout the Dominion. Canada has received many blessings during the past year which are the expression of our heartfelt gratitude to a kind Providence. I had the pleasure of visiting London last summer in anticipation of the coronation of his Majesty, and to meet on that occasion representatives from all parts of the Empire, bringing with them assurances of the loyalty and contentment that prevails throughout his Majesty's widely-extended possessions, and though at one time fears were entertained that the King's illness would have involved a further postponement of his coronation, it was a source of much joy and happiness to his Majesty's subjects that his health was so speedily and perfectly restored.

## COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

Representatives of this Government participated in the important Colonial Conference, which was called by his Majesty's Government in connection with the coronation. The report of the proceedings of the conference, including the documents submitted, has already been given to the public by his Majesty's Government in London. I feel assured that much good will result from bringing the leading public men of the great self-governing colonies into direct contact with each other and with the statesmen from other lands.

## COMMISSION ON TRANSPORTATION.

The great influx of population into our Northwestern Territories and the very large additions to areas of fertile land which are being brought under cultivation combine to further press upon us the need for increased transportation facilities for the forwarding of our grain and other products to the markets of the world through Canadian channels. The whole question of transportation and terminal facilities continues to occupy much attention, and my Government will immediately appoint a commission of experienced men to report on the subject.

## ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

A treaty has been entered into between his Majesty and the Government of the United States, under which the proper delimitation of the boundaries between Canada and Alaska is to be judicially determined by a tribunal of six impartial jurists of repute. As a result of the recent decennial census the representation of the different provinces must be re-adjusted, and a bill to that effect is required by the British North America Act, and a bill will be introduced for that purpose. Bills with respect to the creation of a Railway Commission, the amendment of the patent laws, the re-organization of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the settlement of railway labor disputes, and various other subjects, will be submitted to you.

## REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

As a result of the recent decennial census the representation of the different provinces must be re-adjusted, and a bill to that effect is required by the British North America Act, and a bill will be introduced for that purpose. Bills with respect to the creation of a Railway Commission, the amendment of the patent laws, the re-organization of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the settlement of railway labor disputes, and various other subjects, will be submitted to you.

## TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The public accounts will be laid before you, and also the estimates for the coming year, which have been prepared with due regard to economy and the rapid growth of the Dominion.

## GENERAL.

The population of China is placed by the Board of Revenue at 426,447,000. The German Emperor and the Russian Czar will visit the Mayan Islands in November respectively. German Socialists complain that Emperor William openly supports Emperor Taishan in the army. Revolutionary leaders declare that the Macedonians will fight Turkey alone unless European troops occupy their country. The Trans-Siberian Railway, since it was started ten years ago, has been extended to a length of 37,000 miles, and has cost the Russian Government about \$262,440,000. At a speech given before a representative body of literary men, who St. Petersburg, M. Semyonov, who was recently deprived of his liberal fellowship on account of the agitation for opinions, said that the agitation for political reform had broken out with increased force.

## KITCHENER IS BUSY.

Energetic in Increasing Efficiency of Indian Army.

A Calcutta despatch says:—Lord Kitchener is energetically at work upon the task of increasing the efficiency of the Indian army, and has already put his finger upon more than one weak spot in the organization. One of his first acts has been to reduce the personal staff of himself as commander-in-chief. Another has been to bring directly under his own eye the promotions of regimental officers. A third has been to transfer the appointment of commandants of Indian regiments to headquarters.

# NEWS ITEMS.

## Telegraphic Briefs From All Over the Globe.

CANADA. Hamilton expects to raise \$15,000 for its kiltie regiment. The work of widening the deep water channel at Collingwood is to be pushed ahead. Winnipeg hotels are filled, and accommodation in the Prairie City is at a premium. St. Catharines temperance people have requested the Council to cut down the number of licenses. American capitalists will operate the gold properties in Manitoba adjoining the Ontario boundary. Fernie, B. C., barbers will raise the price of shaves to 25 cents and will charge 50 cents for a hair cut. The Japanese Consul at Victoria says there will be no emigration of the laboring class of Japanese to British Columbia this summer. A sharp advance in the cost of building operations will be made at the "Sooy" this spring. Wages and materials have already advanced. Lord Justice, the Chief Justice of England, and two Canadian Judges will be the British Commissioners on the Alaska boundary. William Smith, aged 75, a patient in the Home for Incurables at Portage la Prairie, committed suicide on Saturday by cutting his throat with a razor. GREAT BRITAIN. A "County Council garden" is to be established at Aylesbury, Bucks, for instructing lads in horticulture. William Blake, a retired policeman, was fined 5s. for stealing wine from the sacristy of St. Michael's church, Croydon. Daring burglars entered a jewelry store in Upper street, Islington, and cleaned up £3,000 worth of valuables. Four hundred and eighty guineas, a record price, was paid by Lord Rosbery for a prize Aberdeen-Angus at Perth. The second reading of Mr. Taylor's bill for the repression of ritualistic practices was carried in the House of Commons by a majority of 51. For picking up and kissing a little boy in the street a Birmingham man has been fined 40s. and one month's hard labor for assault. The Prince of Wales has fixed May 8th for his visit to Wrexham to unveil the memorial to the Royal Welsh Fusiliers who fell in the South African war. A man named Dunthorne, of Glasgobury, was attempting to restrain his insane father from crossing in front of a train at Glastonbury and both were killed. In an accident for the "dolly" a little girl at Sheffield fell into a wash-tub full of hot suds and was drowned. At Barnborough, about the same time, another little girl was drowned in a rain-water butt. At Birkdale, Southport, Rev. M. O. Fitzmaurice, vicar, was sentenced to Church, Bolton, and labor for collecting charitable contributions by false and fraudulent pretensions. UNITED STATES. Fifteen men were killed by an explosion in a mine at Cardiff, Ill. The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet in Cincinnati on November 13 to 18. J. Whitaker Wright, wanted in connection with the London & Globe Finance Corporation failure, was arrested in New York on Sunday. He was arrested three and four thousand union men of the allied brick-making trades struck Monday in St. Louis, demanding an eight-hour day and a five per cent. increase. The United States is awakening to the need of better shooting, and the executive committee of the National Rifle Association are meeting with a view to organizing corps of sharpshooters in different parts of the States. A Washington despatch says United States Consul J. L. Billinger at Montreal has been asked to resign because of opinions he expressed while visiting St. Louis regarding Canada. GENERAL. The population of China is placed by the Board of Revenue at 426,447,000. The German Emperor and the Russian Czar will visit the Mayan Islands in November respectively. German Socialists complain that Emperor William openly supports Emperor Taishan in the army. Revolutionary leaders declare that the Macedonians will fight Turkey alone unless European troops occupy their country. The Trans-Siberian Railway, since it was started ten years ago, has been extended to a length of 37,000 miles, and has cost the Russian Government about \$262,440,000. At a speech given before a representative body of literary men, who St. Petersburg, M. Semyonov, who was recently deprived of his liberal fellowship on account of the agitation for opinions, said that the agitation for political reform had broken out with increased force. THE FRENCH SHORE. Modus Vivendi Passed in Newfoundland Legislature. A St. John's, Nfld., despatch says:—The Legislative Assembly on Wednesday evening unanimously renewed the French shore modus vivendi for the current year, after a powerful speech from Premier Bond. The Government intended to redress the colony's grievances at the earliest possible moment.











# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1903.

Vol. XXIV, No. 28.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.



## WE STAND or FALL

on the merit of the goods we sell. Our Spring Goods are opening up better than any previous season in every department. Our Scotch, English, Irish and Canadian Suitings are the newest patterns in the market. The prices we make to your order for \$10, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15,—real up-to-date patterns and the best investment you can make. You may pay more elsewhere for these goods, but we don't say so.

We have your New Spring Hat among the 55 dozen New Hats of new styles just received. Come and see if you like it.

New patterns in new arrivals of Tootie's Shirts. To see them is to buy one. Everyone says they are the best fitting Shirt in the trade to-day. Try one.

**FRED. T. WARD,**  
TAILOR & MEN'S OUTFITTER.

## Everything in Millinery.

### SPRING OPENING

Wednesday & Thursday, April 1st and 2nd,

and every day an opening day up to and including April 11th.

### Popular Goods

We are prepared to show everything in Staple and Novel Up-to-Date Millinery—saleable, bright and stylish lines

### at Popular Prices.

Winning in every department; styles most enticing—latest and best. Suited to every one, from smallest to greatest. Novelty abounding; prices astounding and for quality—so cheap. Hats for the Baby, the Miss and the Lady. Flowers on exhibit—like gardens of paradise. Trimming of every kind, highest of quality, cheapest and best.

We extend a cordial invitation to all.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## BRIGHT AS SPRING SUNSHINE.

Our New Spring Stock makes our store a Fairyland of gold and silver brilliancy, with art, style and novelty thrown in. Don't fail to see our wealth of newness in

### Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silverware.

The finest goods by the best makers, at best prices for standard quality.

**W. H. CALDER,**  
JEWELER & OPTICIAN

Our Optical Department has been relegated to the room in the rear, which has been specially fitted up for the fitting of glasses. We use gas light altogether now, and can test your eyes at night as well as day time. All work guaranteed satisfactory.—W. H. C.

## Watch this space for ad. of the Mutual Life of Canada

in next issue.

**S. BURROWS,**  
General Agent, BELLEVILLE.

## The NEWS-ARGUS PRINTERY

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF FINE PRINTING

.....AT SHORT NOTICE.....

A Large stock of Fine Note Papers, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, etc.

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, etc., at very low rates, and better than you get from City Jobbers.

**WEDDING INVITATIONS IN THE BEST STYLE.**

A large stock of "In Memoriam" Cards just to hand.

### Hastings Gold Fields.

A Yield of \$8 per ton Gives Good Profit.

Belleville, March 20. Whilst gold exists in paying quantities, as has been shown in the mispickel of the Hastings district, it is also found in many localities in the quartz, dolomite and syenite. The ore is usually of low grade, carrying about 15 per cent of sulphur, and the average yield may be set down at \$8 per ton, which is sufficient to give a handsome profit when the vein proves true and the operations are on a large scale and properly conducted. True, there have been many failures, but all are directly traceable to one or other of the causes above assigned.

A convincing demonstration of the profitability of working the free gold deposits of this district is afforded by the operation of the Belmont gold mine, in the Township of Belmont, Peterboro' County, by the Cordova Exploration Company, an organization composed chiefly of English capitalists, with a capital stock of \$600,000. On this property are three veins, varying in width from three feet to forty feet, and on these eight working shafts have been sunk. The deepest shaft is four hundred feet, and the vein, which gradually widens, has shown a steady yield of \$8 per ton during the five years that it has been worked by the present proprietors, whose entire plant shows that the Superintendent is a master of his business.

The reduction works consist of a mill of thirty stamps, driven by compressed air to the extent of 700 horse-power, furnished from Deer Falls, over two miles distant, and conveyed in a twelve-inch pipe. The ordinary mill process is supplemented to a certain extent by the cyanide process and the result has proved very satisfactory. All the shafts are connected by tramways with the crushing mill; the premises and mines are lighted by electricity, and everything that skill and ingenuity can suggest or devise for the economical and efficient working of the mine seems to have been done.

Mining men are proverbially difficult to obtain information from, but it has been learned on very good authority that the amount of rock crushed is some eighty tons per day, or about 2,500 tons per month, giving at \$8 per ton \$20,000 per month.

On the company's property are two or more veins of mispickel, but no steps have as yet been taken towards their development.

The importance to the locality of the company's operations is shown by the fact that a prosperous village has grown up near their works. It already contains two stores, two churches (Presbyterian and Methodist), a blacksmith shop, and other small industries. Cordova, as the village is called, is distant nine miles from Marmora, and is a few miles from Havelock station, on the C.P.R. The Belmont & Northern Railway is also quite close to the village.

Preparations are being made for the revival of work in some of the long-closed "free gold" mines in the district, and it is probable that the present may be a very busy year in the Hastings mining region.

### Wellman's Corners.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Mr. Samuel Burgess and daughter, who for the past three months have been visiting friends in this vicinity, have returned to their home in Manitoba.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Hubbel, who have been the guest of Mr. Philip Burgess, have gone to their home in Ohio. Miss Eva Anderson has returned home and will resume her music classes after Easter holidays.

Miss Cora Vandervoort, of Campbellford, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Edmond Dracup.

Mrs. B. Nix last week received the sad intelligence of the death of her mother, Mrs. Maston. Mr. and Mrs. Nix returned on Saturday from Trenton, where they had been to attend the funeral.

Mr. M. Westcott and son began the repairs on the church on Thursday last, and the Methodists are now holding service in the Orange Hall which has been kindly offered them by the members of Lodge No. 172 for that purpose, till such time as they can again use the church.

Mr. John Robinson is now, we are glad to say, convalescing rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Anderson and Mr. Gordon Anderson, of Hoard's Station, were visiting friends in this place on Tuesday.

### Missions.

In a hut far o'er the ocean  
Dwelt a little Hindoo maid;  
Father, mother, both had left her,  
They were numbered with the dead,  
Naught she knew of Christ the Saviour,  
Naught she knew of Heaven above;  
Worshipping the heathen idols,  
Never heard of Jesus love.

But a missionary met her,  
Told her of God's wondrous love;  
Of the one true God to pray to,  
Told her of the Heaven above.  
She believed the sweet, old story,  
With a glad and happy heart;  
She believed God sent his servant  
This sweet message to impart.

In a voice of deepest sorrow  
Mingled with the glad surprise,  
Said she, to the earnest teacher,  
Watching her with glistering eyes:  
"In the weary years they waited,  
Why, oh! why, did you not come,  
That my father and my mother  
Might have found this happy home."

Oh, ye followers of Jesus,  
You who love to do his will,  
Send the blessed tidings onward,  
His commandment to fulfill.  
Send, oh, send the glorious gospel  
To the children of the wave,  
That they too may learn of Jesus  
And His power to help and save.

—MRS. A. H. SEELEY.

### Christianity Meets all Conditions.

Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, in N. Y. Outlook: It is one of the convincing evidences of the truth of Christianity that it evades no fact, denies no experience, ignores no conditions. It plants itself resolutely on the facts of life, and faces all forms of experience with a gaze which does not falter, but pierces to the heart. Christ was born in a manger, the lowliest of cradles; thus, at the beginning, the Son of God accepted the humblest condition of human life. He grew up as a child obedient to His parents, and set the seal of sanctity on the home; He had His temptation in the desert, but he was never an ascetic or a yogi; He lived with His fellows, shared their fortunes, took part in their occupations, spoke their language, and so, with divinest insight, struck a fatal blow at the purely human and half-athletic idea that a part of life is sacred and a part secular; He wept at the grave of Lazarus, and made it clear that grief was as real to Him as to the sisters of the dead; He sweat great drops of blood. He cried out in anguish of spirit in the loneliness and pain of His last hours. He died as other men die. In the lowliest cradle His presence touched all human life with the beauty of a divine sonship; out of the blackness of the grave, where the mystery of life is most appalling and impenetrable, He came victorious and appeared in heavenly light.

Here at last was a religion which looked sin and sorrow and death in the face, recognized their reality, and yet rose above them; at once the most simple, tender, human, real of all interpretations of life, and at the same time the most glorious, spiritual, and radiantly prophetic of the victory of life over death, of goodness over evil, of God over all the forces of unrighteousness. The message of Christ was a gospel of glad tidings; it proclaimed deliverance from sin, peace in trial, immortality. It was a gospel of joy, but it recognized the sadness of the world; its mighty appeal lay in the fact that it accepted all the conditions which men felt and knew to be real, and rose victoriously above them. Over the manger the angels sang, over the sepulchre the Easter bells sounded their glorious music.

### Orange Grand Lodge.

The Orange Grand Lodge of Ontario East held its annual sessions at Peterborough last week. There were about 175 delegates present. The reports of the Grand Officers showed the order to be in a prosperous condition. The election of officers resulted as follows:—R. W. Deputy Grand Master, Major W. J. Wright, Brockville; R. W. Junior Deputy Grand Master, Lieut. Col. J. Earl Halliwell, Stirling; R. W. Grand Chaplain, Rev. J. McKee McLennan, Norwood; R. W. Grand Treasurer, Robert Gordon, Tweed; R. W. Grand Secretary, Capt. F. M. Clarke, Belleville; R. W. Grand Lecturer, O. W. Landon, Melcombe; R. W. Grand D. of C. Thomas E. Oulton, Campbellford; R. W. Deputy Grand Chaplain, Rev. Wm. Galbraith, of Belleville; Rev. S. A. Duprau, of Belleville; Rev. H. Leitch, of Pictou; Rev. R. H. Stacey, of Ottawa; Rev. John A. Shaw, M.A., of Bell's Corners; Rev. Chas. O. Carson, B.A., of Wales; R. W. Deputy Grand Secretary, Thos. C. McConnell, Spring Brook.

## "Sterling Hall."

"Headquarters for Reliable Goods at Reasonable Prices."

### OVERALLS.

All the worthy kinds are represented in our stock, at prices ranging from 40c. to \$1.25 per pair.

The latest is the "Simplex." Works without buttons, braces or belt. Have a look!



### WALL PAPER.

A CRITICAL INSPECTION of our stock of Wall Papers shows the best that money can buy at the lowest possible prices. Prices which save you money. Newest attractive designs and handsome colorings are features of the display. Prices as low as you usually pay for the finer kinds. Why not have the best.

### Housefurnishings.

This is the time when careful housekeepers are on the outlook for good values and qualities in CARPETS and CURTAINS. Our stock is at present very complete. Early buyers have the best choosing. Come early.

We are Special Agents for CROSSLEY'S celebrated make of Velvet and Wilton Carpets, and show them at prices ranging from 60c. to \$1.50 per yd.

WINDOW SHADES—A full assortment again in stock, in plain, decorated and trimmed, all colors, prices 35c. to \$1.00.

### Raincoats and Fancy Sweaters.

We have just received another shipment of our popular selling lines. These won't stay long with us—so move quick.

**W. R. MATHER.**

## Good Shoes at Reasonable Prices

Our Spring Stock is about complete. We have some fine goods to come yet. We have the best goods that can be manufactured.

For staples we handle the McCready Boots. These goods are made to stand the wear.

Ladies wear the EMPRESS Shoes—the finest on earth for Women.

Leave your order now for a pair of Hand-Made Boots. They always give satisfaction, and the price is right on every pair. We do the neatest repairing in town.

**J. W. BROWN,**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs.

The Barr colony, which is coming from England, and which is monopolizing so much attention, is going to start off with all the luxuries of modern life. It will have two newspapers to reflect the doings of the colonists, the plants being brought from England.

## SPRING MILLINERY OPENING

ON

APRIL 1st, 1903,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

The Ladies of Stirling and vicinity are cordially invited to call and inspect the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets and Millinery Novelties.

We shall endeavor to make your visit as pleasant as possible.

N. PHILLIPS.

### FOR SALE.

A quantity of small wood, standing, for sale cheap.  
R. N. BIRD,  
Con. 8 Sidney, Stirling, P.O.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

### Settlers' One-Way Excursions

To Manitoba and Canadian North-West will leave Toronto every TUESDAY during March and April, 1903 if sufficient business offers.

Passengers travelling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m.

Passengers travelling with Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 8:40 p.m.

Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," "Western Canada" or "British Columbia" apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or to

A. H. NOTMAN,  
Assistant General Passenger Agent,  
71 Yonge St., Toronto.

## SEEDS.

We are receiving our FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS. Get our prices and examine our stock of

**ALSIKE,**  
**RED CLOVER,**  
and **TIMOTHY**  
before buying.

**GROCERY SPECIALS:**  
5 lbs. Wine Biscuit for 25c.  
3 lbs. Lemon Biscuit for 25c.  
3 lbs. Quaker Oats for 25c.

Given away with each lb. of Baking Powder, one of the following articles—Granite Kettle, Bread Pan, Dish Pan, etc.

**SYRUP**—We have a few 5, 10 and 20 lb. pails of Light Maple Syrup, which we will sell very cheap.

Flour and Salt always kept in stock.

### S. HOLDEN.

### SEED OATS FOR SALE.

One hundred bushels of "New Century" Oats for seed. Price 4c. per bushel. Perfectly clean.

T. J. DOAK,  
Lot 7, 4th Con. Rawdon.

### EGGS FOR HATCHING.

I have a flock of pure bred Silver Grey Dorkings. Any person wishing to get eggs to set, I can supply them at 5c. doz. WM. H. MINCHIN, Stirling.

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having secured a first-class horse shoe and general blacksmith, I am prepared to do a general blacksmith trade. Also, well stocked with Wagons, Buggies, Mikados. Your trade is solicited.

WM. MONTGOMERY.

### Massey-Harris Implements.

We have on hand a full line of Seedling Machinery samples. Notice our new Combined Drill.

S. LANKTREE,  
Agent, STIRLING.

P.S.—Also agent for McLaughlin's Carriages.

## The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament.)

Capital Authorized - - - - - \$2,000,000.00.

Capital Paid Up - - - - - \$1,263,764.00.

H. S. HOLT, Montreal,  
President.

DUNCAN M. STEWART,  
General Manager.

### A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

#### To Encourage

Savings we accept deposits of One Dollar and upwards and allow interest from Day of Deposit.

To some people banking is always a mystery. We take pleasure in explaining to our customers anything they may not understand.

WE TRANSACT BUSINESS BY MAIL. No trouble, red tape or delay.

### STIRLING BRANCH.

W. M. CHANDLER, Manager.

Our Assets

Immediately available are maintained at such figures as to insure Absolute Security to the Depositor.



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## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**J. McC. Potts, M.D., C.M.**  
GRADUATE MCGILL UNIVERSITY.  
Late House Surgeon Montreal General Hospital; formerly resident accoucheur Montreal Maternity Hospital and Assistant in the cases of Women in General Hospital. Licentiate Illinois State Board of Health, and Member College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Front Street, Stirling.

**HALLIWELL & BOLDRIK.**  
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES.  
Public Commissioners, Conveyancers, &c.  
OFFICES—Stirling and Baneroff.  
J. EARL HALLIWELL, B.A.  
HARRY L. BOLDRIK.

**T. E. OLIVER, D.D.S., L.D.S., DENTIST.**  
HONOR GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY, and M.R.C.D.S. of Ontario.  
OFFICE—Over Parker's Drug Store.  
Open every day and evening.

**FRANK ZWICK, M.B.**  
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO Medical College. Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Dr. Boulter's former residence, Stirling.

**G. G. TRHASHER.**  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c.  
Office over Brown & McCutcheon's Store, Stirling, Ontario.

**W. J. McCAMON.**  
BARRISTER, ETC., BELLEVILLE, ONT.  
Office: McManis Block, Cor. Front and Bridge Streets.  
MONEY TO LOAN.

**JOHN S. BLACK.**  
CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER FOR taking Affidavits, Office, over the store lately occupied by G. L. Scott, Stirling.

**STIRLING LODGE**  
No. 239.  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the Lodge room.  
Every Wednesday Evening  
At 8 o'clock.  
L. MEKLEJOHN, R. S.

**DENTISTRY.**  
C. L. HAWLEY, L.D.S.

TRENTON, GRADUATE OF THE TORONTO School of Dentistry, will visit Stirling professionally, the second and last Friday in each month, until further notice.  
The Dental Engine, Vitalized Air, Gas, and all the modern improvements known to Dentistry, will be used for the painless extraction and preservation of the natural teeth.  
Rooms at Scott House.

## Notice to the Public.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN out license as Auctioneer for the County of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales of real estate, and to conduct all business in the most satisfactory manner. Orders left at the News-Argus office or addressed to me at Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
WM. RODGERS.

Your Signature.  
"I should be pleased to exchange cards with you, Mr. Barrow," said Charles Willips, extending his. They had met for the first time. "I'm sorry I have no cards with me," said Barrow. "Allow me to write my address in your memorandum book." "Do you know that is a very dangerous thing to do?" Willips remarked. "It cost me \$240 once. I had the habit of carrying no cards and signing my name in a new friend's notebook, just as you are about to do in mine, always on a blank page. One day, after a convivial evening, I was presented with an I O U for that sum, duly signed by myself. It was impossible to dispute it. I had to pay up. But I have never since been so free with my autograph." "By George, I never thought of that!" cried Barrow. "Suppose you write my name down yourself."

Improving Upon Nature.  
"What on earth are you doing in here, Tommy?" asked his mother, peering into the darkness of the henhouse, whence had been coming for five minutes or more a series of dismal squawking, accompanied by a loud flapping of wings.  
"I am trying," said Tommy, who seemed to be doing something with a knotted rope, "to fix this rooster so his alarm won't go off before 7 o'clock tomorrow morning."

Business.  
Merchant—Did you find out what that gentleman wanted?  
New Clerk—No, but I found out what he didn't want.  
Merchant—What? How dare you—  
New Clerk—And I sold it to him.

Coral.  
Once upon a time branches of coral were hung from the cradle of the newborn child to protect it from various infantile maladies and "to preserve and fasten its teeth." Mothers rubbed the child's gums with the coral every day.

Don Juan.  
Don Juan is by no means entirely a myth. Though most of the poems and stories written about him, including that of Byron, are imaginary works, they are based on the existence of Don Juan Tenorio, who lived in the fourteenth century and belonged to an illustrious family of Seville. His life was one of prolonged profligacy.

London Workshops.  
It is estimated that half a million persons are employed in 22,000 factories in London.

Indians and Ostich Plumes.  
Ostich plumes are part of almost every ceremonial of the infinite superstitions of many Indian tribes. Any white or bright red plume is of good omen—"good medicine," as the Indian would put it.

Singapore.  
Probably the most cosmopolitan city in the world is Singapore, where the British India society sells the Scriptures in seventy-five languages. Nearly forty languages and dialects are spoken among the 600 boys of the Anglo-Chinese college in that city.

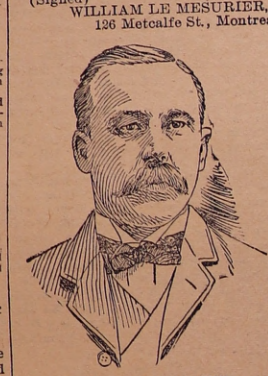
## Dyspepsia For Ten Years

Constantly Hungry, William Le Mesurier, of Montreal, Dare Not Eat, and Existence Became Truly Miserable.

Then He Heard of Powley's Liquefied Ozone—The Disease Germs Were Soon Destroyed and After Taking Four Bottles He Was Completely Cured.

Gentlemen, — I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for ten years. Sharp cutting pains and constant hunger made my existence truly miserable, while flatulency augmented the trouble. Despite all efforts to overcome this distressing condition it continued until August last, when I heard of Powley's Liquefied Ozone. I have used four bottles of the Ozone and can now eat anything.

I would strongly recommend it to every sufferer, as I understand it applies alike to all germ disease. (Signed) WILLIAM LE MESURIER, 126 Metcalfe St., Montreal.



WM. LE MESURIER.  
It Does Not Matter How Chronic Your Case of Dyspepsia May Have Become Ozone Will Certainly Cure You.

The action of Powley's Liquefied Ozone in cases of Dyspepsia is peculiar. With some there is almost immediate relief and the patient commences to get well at once. With others the first few doses cause nausea and the patient seems to get worse. This is merely an indication that Ozone is doing its work, but that the case is a severe one, and that there is greater difficulty in destroying the disease germs. Later the symptoms of distress become less pronounced and at fewer intervals until they cease altogether, when there is rapid improvement and the patient is soon entirely cured. There is one thing certain, however, and that is that it does not matter what the first effects of Ozone may be, if persisted in there is no case of dyspepsia that it will not cure, and when we say cure we mean cured for all time to come. This has been proven so often and so thoroughly that it has become an absolute certainty. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters received, testifying as to the curative qualities of Ozone:

W. J. ADAMS,  
428 Wellesley street, Toronto, says: "I had dyspepsia for years. Good physicians and advertised cures did me no good. I was advised to try Ozone. Three bottles cured me, and now my digestion is perfect. I feel that it was a God-send in my case."

MRS. JOSEPH ROY,  
260 St. Dominique st., Montreal, says: "For six years I was troubled with indigestion, heartburn and neuralgia and used many medicines without obtaining any relief. Two months ago I commenced using Ozone and after taking four bottles I am happy to say I am cured. I have an excellent appetite and can eat anything I wish."

E. J. DOYLE,  
53 Percy street, Ottawa, says: "For ten years I suffered from stomach trouble and after trying all sorts of treatments was thoroughly discouraged. It was, therefore, with considerable doubt that I was induced to try Powley's Liquefied Ozone. In a short time I was better and soon got my weight. I am working every day and feel well and hearty, with not a trace of dyspepsia left. My wife and daughter were also much benefited by Ozone and I am sure it saved the latter's life."

MISS JESSIE THOMPSON,  
River street, Toronto, says: "For four years I suffered from violent stomach trouble with frequent hemorrhages. I was treated by the best physicians besides taking many different remedies, but continued to get worse. I was advised to try Powley's Liquefied Ozone and did so, carefully following directions. In a short time there was a remarkable improvement in my condition. The hemorrhages ceased, my strength returned and I was much improved in every way."

In buying be sure to get Powley's Liquefied Ozone. It is sold only by reliable dealers—never by peddlers. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

THE OZONE CO., Limited,  
Toronto, C.

Ripans Tablets cure dyspepsia.

## SIMPLY AN ANACHRONISM

By Blanche Tremor Heath  
Copyright, 1902, by the S. S. McClure Company

"But there are no heroes nowadays," Sylvia declared Fowler, with a pitying smile at his pretty cousin. "Fancy a hero in a frock coat! What an anachronism!"

"What do you think, Mr. Wynne?" Sylvia turned to a young man who had been a silent listener. "Are there no heroes left?"

"Pretty fair imitations, at any rate," he answered. "Take up any newspaper and see if this is an age of cowards."

"Who ever said it was?" put in Fowler. "There's plenty of courage in the market, only the old time quixotic hero has gone out."

Just then Maurice Horton's entrance changed the subject. Wynne soon rose to go.

"If you've nothing better to do, Wynne," said Fowler, "I'll call for you to lunch tomorrow."

Wynne nodded and took his leave. Horton slipped into the vacant place beside Sylvia.

The two young men had their reasons for avoiding each other. Distantly connected, the recent death of a rich relative had given his entire property to Horton, who was a degree the nearer. Every one knew that the old man intended Wynne for his heir, though he had neglected to make a will, but Horton saw in this chance only his own good luck.

This was not all. It was an open secret that both admired Sylvia Benham and that her aunt favored Horton since his accession to wealth. She honestly believed it her duty to make the best possible match for her orphan niece, who, though fortuneless herself, had been brought up in luxury.

Wynne was at his desk next day when he heard the door behind him open.

"You're a bit early, Fowler," he said without raising his eyes.

"It isn't Fowler," Horton advanced. "I'd like a few words with you before he comes."

Wynne turned and looked at Horton. "Well," he said.

"Time presses," said Horton, "so I'll come to the point. I saw you with Sylvia Benham last evening."

Wynne's lips tightened. "Well," he said again as Horton hesitated.

"Well, of course I know you want to marry her. Wait a minute," as Wynne made a quick movement. "Just think it over. She has always been used to luxury and would be miserable without it. Now, you have your own way to make, you know. Look at the other side. I could gratify all her whims. I've set my heart on her, and I'm willing to pay the price. If I make it worth your while to withdraw—"

"You cur!" Wynne sprang up with clinched hands. "Get out of my sight or—"

He stopped short, listening. There was a vague rush outside, then a cry that rang sharply through the room:

"Fire!"

Both men sprang to the door, but whatever they turned the smoke poured



HE HURRIED BACK TO HORTON AND DRAGGED HIM TO THE WINDOW.

In their faces, hot and stifling. The elevator shaft was a veil of flame, the staircase half burned away, so sudden was the work of destruction.

"This way!" panted Wynne.

But the fire ran with them—up the walls, along the ceiling, blistering and crackling over their heads. At the end of the passage was a window commanding a fire escape. Wynne climbed up and called back to Horton:

"Quick, for your life!"

"I can't!" gasped Horton, unnerved and helpless.

Wynne knew that there was barely time for his own escape. Why should he sacrifice his life for the man who shut him out from love and fortune?

For an instant he thrilled with the remembrance of that chance night when he and Horton had been so close, and he hurried back to Horton and dragged him to the window.

The fresh air revived the half-stupefied man, and he descended in safety. Wynne was following when a great piece of crumbling plaster struck him on the head. Bleeding and stunned, he staggered and went down.

Fowler, who had been an anxious

spectator, pushed his way through. Wynne opened his eyes and looked at him.

"Horton?" he stammered.

"Safe enough, confound him!" muttered Fowler. "You gave him your chance," with a quick guess at the truth.

But it seemed that Wynne had had a wonderful escape. There was no concussion or broken bones; he would be right again in a few days.

So it proved. When he next saw Sylvia Benham all that remained of his misadventure was an unusual pallor and a scar across the forehead.

Sylvia came to meet him with outstretched hand, her face aglow. "Jack told me," she said without any preface. "Oh, it was so brave of you to do it!"

He shook his head. He could not take her praises on false pretenses. "It would have been cowardly not to," he said. "When I found myself thinking that only his life stood between me and all that I care for in this world—"

"Do you care so much for—the money?" she said softly.

The look and tone broke down his self-control. "You know it isn't the money," he said vehemently, "except as the money means you—Yes, I must say it now—I love you! I love you!"

dropping the hands he had grasped. The slender hands fluttered back to his sleeve. "I might say something, too, if—I asked you?"

"If I asked you?" He caught her hands again. "Sylvia, your aunt told me you would be wretched without—without what I cannot offer you yet—and I believed her. But now—Tell me, Sylvia, may I speak now and not feel that I am risking your happiness? May I, dear?"

The answer was so low that he had to bend his head very close to hear it. But that it was satisfactory may be inferred from Fowler's remark a little later, when they met at the door.

"Well, don't quibble," he said, with a keen glance into Wynne's face, "you don't look as if you had repented your folly yet."

"I've seen no reason for repenting so far," Wynne laughed back.

"H'm! I suppose you think you've knocked my theories all to pieces," said Fowler. "But I still maintain that you're simply an anachronism, only," with a quizzical look, "on the whole I shouldn't mind if there were more of you!"

A Puzzler.

A certain boy goes to a Presbyterian Sunday school. He has never been baptized owing to the fact that his parents are not members of the church. They sometimes attend religious services, however, and their son has frequently had opportunities for witnessing the baptismal ceremony. Recently his Sunday school teacher had a discussion with him concerning the fact that he had never been baptized, informing him that until he was he could not become a member of the church.

He went home, considerably troubled, to ask his mother about it.

"Yes," she answered, "you must be baptized before you can be taken into the church."

"Well, why didn't you have me baptized when I was a little baby?" he complained.

"Oh, that doesn't matter. You can be baptized at any time."

"Do boys who are eight or nine years old ever get baptized?"

"Yes, often. Even men, sometimes, are baptized."

This was going too far. He looked at her with open disbelief and by way of justifying his doubt said:

"Not big men as old as papa! How could their parents hold them in their arms while the minister was wetting their heads?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Not a Pleasant Trip.

It was on his return from a more than successful concert trip that one of the best known composer-musicians was met in the street by a friend.

"Pleasant trip?" his friend inquired.

"Pleasant trip?" the musician answered. "Ach, himmel, no! Vy, when we got down there the baritone had forgot his tress drouzers, and vot shall we do?"

"So I go on und blay, and I run quick behind the scenes and chunch, and he go und sing und come quick back again, and I put 'em on und blay."

"Ach, I haf chanced my drouzers seven time dose von eefenings already!"

It is told of this same musician that he is now enjoying the conjugal felicity of a third attempt, and upon being introduced to a young man at a reception recently he said:

"Ah, you married?"

"Yes," the young man replied.

"Got a good wife?"

"Fine."

"Good—good! I haf now, too, also. She make those fire and cook and nefer boder at all. She is de pest wife I efer haf, you belief me?"—London Answers.

Sick Convicts' Excuses.

One of the first duties I fulfilled as a superintendent was to wander was the care and control of prisoners "down for the doctor."

Convicts complaining of sickness are allowed to leave their cells during their dinner hour and form up in a long rank outside the medical officer's room, into which they enter and state their cases in rotation.

Many of the prisoners' complaints are extremely funny and grotesque.

"Please, sir, I've got a bad heart," one man says lugubriously.

"I know you have," the doctor replies, with a laugh. "If you had a good one, you would not, in all probability, have seen a prison interior."

"Would you be so kind, sir," the next man says persuasively, "as to let me have one or two of your sanctimonious pills?"—London Tri-Bita.

Fowler, who had been an anxious

## SUPPRESSING A MUTINY

.....By C. B. Lewis  
Copyright, 1902, by the S. S. McClure Company

The brig Mary Ann Jones had been sailing between Providence and the West Indies for a good many years when Captain Jones died. His wife, after whom the brig was named, had always sailed with him, and she could take a trick at the wheel, work out an observation or take charge of the craft as well as a first mate. Jed Parsons had been Captain Jones' first mate for five years, and when death overtook the shipmaster Jed naturally expected that the widow would settle down ashore and ask him to go as captain. In this he was sadly disappointed.

"I don't care to stop ashore," explained the widow, "and there's no reason why I shouldn't go as captain of the Mary Ann."

"Nobody ever heard of a woman being captain of a ship," replied Jed. "It appears ag'in nature. It's like a man tryin' to sew carpet rags and make pumpkin pies."

"Don't you worry about that, Jed Parsons. You are a purty smart feller, as I'll admit, but there's folks jest as smart, and I'm one of 'em."

Jed didn't refuse to go along as first mate, but he carried a solemn face while the brig was loading and was free with his predictions that the Mary Ann Jones would never enter a home port again. When she was ready to sail, he went around and ostentatiously

"I've seen no reason for repenting so far," Wynne laughed back.

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"Ach, I haf chanced my drouzers seven time dose von eefenings already!"

It is told of this same musician that he is now enjoying the conjugal felicity of a third attempt, and upon being introduced to a young man at a reception recently he said:

"Ah, you married?"

"Yes," the young man replied.

"Got a good wife?"

"Fine."

"Good—good! I haf now, too, also. She make those fire and cook and nefer boder at all. She is de pest wife I efer haf, you belief me?"—London Answers.

Sick Convicts' Excuses.

One of the first duties I fulfilled as a superintendent was to wander was the care and control of prisoners "down for the doctor."

Convicts complaining of sickness are allowed to leave their cells during their dinner hour and form up in a long rank outside the medical officer's room, into which they enter and state their cases in rotation.

Many of the prisoners' complaints are extremely funny and grotesque.

"Please, sir, I've got a bad heart," one man says lugubriously.

"I know you have," the doctor replies, with a laugh. "If you had a good one, you would not, in all probability, have seen a prison interior."

"Would you be so kind, sir," the next man says persuasively, "as to let me have one or two of your sanctimonious pills?"—London Tri-Bita.

Fowler, who had been an anxious

"I've seen no reason for repenting so far," Wynne laughed back.

"H'm! I suppose you think you've knocked my theories all to pieces," said Fowler. "But I still maintain that you're simply an anachronism, only," with a quizzical look, "on the whole I shouldn't mind if there were more of you!"

A Puzzler.

A certain boy goes to a Presbyterian Sunday school. He has never been baptized owing to the fact that his parents are not members of the church. They sometimes attend religious services, however, and their son has frequently had opportunities for witnessing the baptismal ceremony. Recently his Sunday school teacher had a discussion with him concerning the fact that he had never been baptized, informing him that until he was he could not become a member of the church.

He went home, considerably troubled, to ask his mother about it.

"Yes," she answered, "you must be baptized before you can be taken into the church."

"Well, why didn't you have me baptized when I was a little baby?" he complained.

"Oh, that doesn't matter. You can be baptized at any time."

"Do boys who are eight or nine years old ever get baptized?"

"Yes, often. Even men, sometimes, are baptized."

This was going too far. He looked at her with open disbelief and by way of justifying his doubt said:

"Not big men as old as papa! How could their parents hold them in their arms while the minister was wetting their heads?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Not a Pleasant Trip.

It was on his return from a more than successful concert trip that one of the best known composer-musicians was met in the street by a friend.

"Pleasant trip?" his friend inquired.

"Pleasant trip?" the musician answered. "Ach, himmel, no! Vy, when we got down there the baritone had forgot his tress drouzers, and vot shall we do?"

"So I go on und blay, and I run quick behind the scenes and chunch, and he go und sing und come quick back again, and I put 'em on und blay."

"Ach, I haf chanced my drouzers seven time dose von eefenings already!"

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Sick Convicts' Excuses.



# Red Heart and Black Arrow of the Rolling Wave

## CHAPTER IX.—Cont.

There was a production for a tired ship-captain to receive at the close of a rather worrying day! It ended abruptly, without signature of any kind, the usual vulgar nouns, guerre of anonymous letter-writers, such as "A Friend" or "Well-wisher," being dispensed by my correspondent. This fact, in conjunction with the earnest tone of the language, which was at least that of a person of education, weighed with me in his favor, and made me disposed to credit the writer with genuine motives.

The letter did not emanate from a jealous or quarrelsome fellow-servant of the man attacked.

We should not be off Barcelona till late on the following night, so I decided to sleep on the matter before coming to a conclusion how to act. Our course, whether Spanish port, would not have to be altered till the last moment in the event of my wishing to run in, and there would therefore be no need for any one to know that we were going to touch there till after every one but the watch on deck had retired to rest. As to the letter itself, I recognized from the first that it would be useless to puzzle over its origin. It was too carefully disguised to admit of the handwriting being traced, and it was not likely that the person who placed it on my table would have entered my room while any one was looking. I was to decide whether or no to heed the warning.

In the morning, as often happens when one goes to bed with some tincture of question in doubt, I awoke with a settled mind. I would adopt the mysterious writer's suggestion, and land Enriquez at Barcelona, and the argument that prevailed was the principal, nay, the only one in the letter—that if there was nothing wrong about the man he would be the last to complain. Anyhow, it would be better than running risks, and as we were not steaming on time the delay of an hour or so would harm no one.

All that day we steered northwards under the coast of Spain, running in near enough to give the passengers a view of the ruined Moorish castles and nestling villages among the vine-clad slopes. Fine weather still prevailed, and Aline and her companion emerged from their retirement. Mrs. Brinkworth being evidently grateful for the universal kindness that ignored her connection with Orlebar. In looking over my private log of the voyage I find that two items pertinent to the story are entered under that day's date, though at the time they seemed of such slight importance that it is only by chance that I recorded them. One was that General Waldo was confined to his state-room with an attack of gout, and would see no one but his bedroom-steward—not even the doctor, who of course proffered his services.

The other item was that the young Earl of Darremore, while skylarking as usual on deck after breakfast, had another fainting-fit very like the first, except that it lasted longer, and left him much more prostrate. Zaverthal was most assiduous in his attentions to the lad, and brought him round in time to take his place at the dinner table.

At eleven o'clock that night, when the ladies had all gone to their cabins, and only a few men lingered in the smoking-room, I calculated that we were about twenty miles south of Barcelona, steering so as to pass that port at a distance of three miles. In order to run for the harbor, the course would have to be altered in half an hour, and I went up on to the bridge to be ready for the emergency. It was Mr. McIntyre, the chief officer's watch, and I felt pretty sure that that imperturbable Scotchman would execute any orders I might give him, without troubling himself about reasons.

It was as I expected. After a turn or two on the bridge, I said quite quietly, and with the air of having forgotten something that didn't much matter, "By the way, Mr. McIntyre, keep her off a point or two north-west, please, and bear up for Barcelona harbor. I want to send a boat ashore with a telegram."

"Aye, aye, sir," was the unceremonious reply, and he gave the requisite order to the man at the wheel without comment. To keep his mind from dwelling too much on the sudden order, I broached the subject of some painting that had to be done before reaching Genoa, and conversation on the bridge of a large steamer approached crowded port became necessarily disjointed, the topic lasted us till the ship was in the bay and within half a mile of the town.

Not wishing to disturb the passengers and waste time by dropping anchor, I gave orders to lay to and have a boat manned, intimating that I would go in her myself. Not till she was reported ready did I descend from the bridge, and it was only at the last moment, as I reached the head of the ladder, that I paused, as though struck with an after-thought, and told the man who was minding the side to go, and turn out Enriquez, the stowaway.

"I'll wait," I said, "as an interpreter." Waiting at the ladder-head, I was glad to see that the unexpected stoppage of the engines had caused no alarm. The ship from stem to stern was wrapped in the stillness of night, and except for a few figures those of the watch—dimly seen forward, the long expanse of deck was deserted. In my own room the lamp was burning, but the windows of all the other deck-houses were dark, including that of Zaverthal, who was sometimes a late sitter.

In less than two minutes I saw my messenger returning alone. "The Spaniard is not in his bunk, sir, or anywhere else in the steward's quarters," he said. "The others know nothing of him, except that he turned in at the usual time and ought to be in bed."

Under the circumstances this was not only startling, but embarrassing, for I had run into Barcelona for no other reason than to put the stowaway ashore, and there was the boat ready and waiting below. In addition the fellow's absence from his bed in the middle of the night seemed to lend color to the vague imputation that he was up to no good on board. I was rapidly debating what was best to be done, when my messenger exclaimed,—

"Beg pardon, sir, but there is the man, sir, coming out of the surgery."

It was true enough. Enriquez was leaving Zaverthal's cabin. On seeing us he made a motion as though to slink back again, but, changing his mind, he came boldly along the deck, I suppose on his way back to his hut.

"Hi! you there. What are you doing on deck at this time of night?" I asked.

He stooped with a cringing bow, and began to rub his stomach. "Seck-me very seck, Sonor Capitano. Go doctor," he whined.

"Very well," I said, "we'll see whether your native air won't cure you. Get down into that boat. I want an interpreter."

I forgot for the moment his limited stock of English, but the gesture with which I accompanied the command made it sufficiently clear, and he evidently understood. Yet there was a certain hesitation in his manner of obeying. He went slowly to the ship's side, casting furtive glances along the deck, and once half turning as if to expostulate or refuse. However, I kept close behind him, letting him see that he had got to go, and he went. Following him down the ladder, I took the tiller, and the boat was soon speeding



"I ain't got no home, lady. Kin I lay down here and sleep in the snow till morning?"

"You may sleep there provided you clean it all off in the morning."

across the smooth water of the harbor. I had prepared an envelope containing a blank sheet of paper, and as soon as we reached the landing steps I gave it and an English sovereign to Enriquez, who had sat silently scowling in the bows. My idea was that if I was doing the man an injustice the money would be useful in taking him to his own place, while in the meanwhile it would help to sustain the fiction I meant to employ.

"Go telegraph office. Send quickly. Then come back here," I said, choosing words that would be most readily intelligible to a foreigner. If he had suspicions on the ship I think my manner must have allayed them now, for he put out his hand for the envelope and the sovereign, and went up the steps on to the quay. The moment he had disappeared I gave the word to row back to the steamer.

"It's all right, my lads," I said, in answer to the honest wonder expressed on the faces of the men as they bent their backs to the oars. "The stowaway is going to get left, that's all. We don't want that kind of cattle on the ship."

"He don't take kindly to it, Captain," replied one of the men. "Whew, look out! He's going to shoot!"

We were half a dozen boats' lengths from the quay, and, glancing back, I saw the dark form of Enriquez outlined at the top of the landing-step. There was a flickering gas-lamp behind him which showed up the glint of a pistol that he held levelled at the boat. Even as we looked, every second expecting the crash of a bullet in our midst, he thought better of it and lowered the weapon, to hurl after me instead a cry of angry menace.

"Next time, Forrester—next time," he shouted. "This is the worst night's work you ever did for yourself."

All around was calm and still, and his words rang sharp across the water. They were spoken in excellent English, and in a voice I could have sworn I had heard before—where, I racked my brains all the way back to the steamer to remember.

## CHAPTER X.

When the boat reached the steamer's side day was breaking, and I was not sorry to see Zaverthal leaning over the rail watching our approach. It had missed the point at the time, but it had since struck me as curious that there should have been no light in the doctor's cabin if the stowaway's story of having gone there for medical relief were true. The needful remedies could hardly have been found and dispensed in the dark, and I had begun to fear that the man's "seckness" was only an excuse covering some sinister design of which perhaps Zaverthal himself was the victim. While striving in vain to recall where I had previously heard the stowaway's familiar voice, I had reproached myself for not ascertaining whether the doctor was all right before I left the ship, and the sight of him there, peering down at us through the gloom, was a relief.

As soon as I had mounted to the deck he advanced to meet me with a look of undisguised inquiry, and I noticed that in the grey dawnlight his face looked singularly puckered and old.

"There is nothing wrong, sir, I hope—to cause this deviation from our programme?" he said, rather stiffly for him.

"Oh, dear no," I replied: "I merely ran into Barcelona to send a private telegram. I thought it a good opportunity, too, to get rid of the stowaway." Having found Zaverthal safe and sound, the thought flashed across me that as he was not a victim of Enriquez he might be a partner with him in something underhanded. But in any case it would be more discreet to say nothing for the present of having seen

the man leave the surgery, or of his sudden proficiency in English. I watched the doctor narrowly for any sign of satisfaction or the reverse at the news, but he yielded none—did not even evince any interest.

"That was just as well, I dare say," was his careless reply, and then he went on to say,—

"I am rather glad you have touched here, for it will give me an opportunity of procuring some drugs of which I have run short. I suppose you have no objection to my taking a boat and going ashore for an hour. I will not keep you longer."

Enriquez knows I am not over sharp, but I was sharp enough to see that if there was anything in my theory that there might be some mysterious bond of union between Zaverthal and the stowaway, this might only be a try-on to effect a meeting, and I promptly refused the request.

"It is quite out of the question," I said; "we sail at once," and to prevent further argument I sang out to the officer on the bridge to get under weigh. The engine-room bell rang in response to his signal, and I had already begun to mount the bridge-ladder to personally con Zaverthal, when he sprang forward and took steps up the ladder after me, his face quivering as he hissed in a tone I had never heard him use before,—

"You are not doing well by yourself, Captain Forrester. You have exceeded your instructions to defer to me in matters of this kind. It is you who will suffer."

"Go to your cabin, sir, and behave yourself, or I will land you at Genoa," I said sternly. "You seem to forget that I command this ship."

He slunk away, scowling and I went to my duty feeling that I had rather scored than otherwise by provoking this exhibition of temper on his part. The intense irritation into which my refusal had betrayed him suggested that there was some strong motive for his wishing to go ashore than the replenishment of his medicine-chest, and if there was a secret motive I was glad to have thwarted him. At the same time a feeling of uneasiness that there was some mystery on the ship with which I could not cope because I was ignorant of its nature, grew upon me, and I longed for my unknown correspondent to reveal himself. The indications that his advice had not been altogether uncalled-for implanted in me a reliance in his judgment, and I should have liked to have further availed myself of it.

(To Be Continued.)

## ON AN ICE-FLOE.

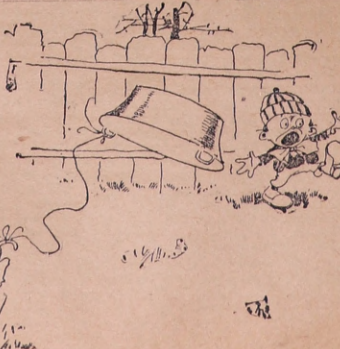
A thrilling adventure on an ice-floe is reported from Lagerdorf, on the Danube, where a farm laborer was recently sent by his employer with a two-horse team for a load of wood. Having to cross the frozen Danube, at a point where several deep cracks had appeared, the weight of the load caused a smash, and driver, wain, and horses remained on a huge ice-floe without food for sixty hours before a strong body of men with grapplers could draw the floe to bank.

## Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press, and ask your neighbor what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. See a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, H. W. & Co., Toronto.

Charlie—"How in the world, Gawge, do you manage to see with that single eyeglass of yours?"

Gawge—"My dear fellow, I see with the other eye."



STOP, THIEF!  
"Ma! Ma! Fido's runnin' off with our best dishpan!"

## ON THE FARM.

### PRUNING THE PEACH ORCHARD.

The ideal peach orchard at 12 years of age is an unvarying index of its care from the first setting of the trees, writes Mr. E. L. Kenney. Fine orchards can be easily spoiled by careless handling, but run-down peach trees can never be made ideal, no matter what the treatment may be. Proper pruning must begin with the little whip or newly set tree. They should be set, leaning heavily to the southwest, and trimmed to a simple whip, with the top cut back so as to leave the tree not over 4 feet high. This is all the pruning necessary until the middle of August, when all shoots starting should be rubbed off excepting those at the top, covering the upper six or eight inches of the stock. The best orchards are grown from No. 2 trees, the No. 1 being too large and stately to properly form the young tree.

The pruning of our young orchard is now finished for the first year, and the work has been very simple. Now comes the second year, and with it comes a demand for study and good judgment, in which must be combined the requisites of successful fruit growing, namely proper top, thinning, picking, wind resistance and beauty.

The first year's growth seems to have been aimless, and it's our business now to direct it toward both form and success. The most practical tree is one with a low top and drooping branches, and to get this we must cut back two-thirds of last year's growth on top, about the same on east side, while west, south and north will remain as found. This would seem to leave the tree unbalanced, but prevailing winds from the west will keep us guessing through the coming year as to best methods for keeping major part of growth on west side.

There should be not less than three nor more than five main limbs in starting top, as the main limbs will more than meet the seeming deficiency of wood growth. This pruning should be done in March, when one can work with comfort. This constitutes the trimming for the second year with the exception, as in the first year, of going over the orchard in August, rubbing all limb growth from the trunk from the ground up to the crotches.

### ROOTS CROPS FOR STOCK.

It appears to be a well established fact that no other known feed for winter use will grow and develop the young calf, lamb, or pig so safely and so well as oats judiciously fed along with the ordinary feeds generally used.

Mangels can be grown on all kinds of soil but well drained, heavy clay loams are the most suitable. Twenty to 25 loads of good barnyard manure spread evenly and plowed under with a light furrow early in September is the first step in the usual preparation in my locality. In early November the land is deeply cross-plowed.

The following May, as early in the month as time and condition of soil permits, the land is well harrowed, then cultivated and cross-cultivated, harrowed and rolled. The object is to secure a seedbed of 4 or 5 inches in depth. Four hundred pounds of common salt is applied broadcast, after which the double-mold plow is used to make drills 28 inches from center to center. By this process the salt is turned into the drills, where the plant gets the full benefit without having to grow long roots to reach it. A seeding machine drawn by one horse, sows two drills at a time and places from two to five pounds per acre in the middle of the drills. The scuffle or horse hoe is run through when plants are well up. That implement is put through some three or four times at intervals up to such time as the plants get too large to admit of its going.

### BETWEEN THE ROWS.

When plants are 4 inches high they are thinned out to stand 12 to 15 inches apart. At this time a light hoe is used, especially for that kind of work is used. An expert can thin out one-third to one-half an acre a day. Care is taken to cut all weeds, and leave no doubt, that is, two plants as close together. As a second and as a third hoeing is necessary, it is most important and saves much labor to have first hoeing thoroughly well done.

The crop is now left to care for itself until danger of frost renders the stoning necessary. In this section October 1 to 15 is the time for stoning. That is done by catching the tops with both hands firmly and with a jerk dropping the roots to the right, placing the mangels in every four drills into rows. Sufficient space to accommodate the mangels is left between rows and load driven from both sides is left clear. Four men pulling in the forenoon and stoning in the afternoon 1,500 bushels in the ten hours. One thousand bushels per acre is reckoned a full crop. Often less and at times considerably more is obtained. Varieties grown are Intermediate, Yellow and Giant Long Rod.

### THE GROWING OF TURNIPS.

The growing of turnips runs along somewhat similar lines. As the time of sowing is a month or six weeks later, the manure may be done in early May, plowed under after spreading to prevent its drying out. A little lighter manure crop lights, sandy loams give milder crops than heavy soils. For this year, by year, yet if the plants get well started on the heavy lands, excellent crops result. The difficulty on the latter soils, is the getting a good uniform stand of plants. After the manure is turned under and the plow should be discarded, and Earl.

## Rheumatism Cured.

Mrs. Moffat Had to Take Hypodermic Injections to Relieve Her Pain.

PERMANENTLY CURED BY MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE.



"There is no punishment too severe for those who deceive the sick."—MUNYON.

"I would have spells of rheumatism, and at times it would give me great distress in my back and side. Many a time I have had to take an injection to relieve the pain. I obtained a vial of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure at the free distribution, and I am now feeling quite well. I have had no pains since, and can move around freely and naturally. I am very glad to give my experience, for the benefit of anyone who may be suffering in a similar manner."—Mrs. F. Moffat, 128 Mutual Street, Toronto.

### MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

Munyon's Pile Ointment cures piles price 25c.  
Munyon's Eye Cure cures weak eyes price 25c.  
Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost power to weak men. Price 50c.

### FREE MEDICAL ADVICE.

Personal letters addressed to Prof. Munyon, Philadelphia, U.S.A., containing details of ailments, will be answered promptly and free advice as to treatment will be given.

harrows and cultivator used freely to kill weeds, preserve moisture and procure a fine tilth, so that the tiny seed shall have a favorable location to germinate quickly, and begin at once to obtain nourishment from the soil. A rapid growth is the best preventive of fly injury, or rather beetle, which is some seasons very destructive when the plants first appear above ground.

The tillage for turnips is similar to that for mangels. Two hundred pounds of salt is considered a good dressing. The drilling is same as that for mangels, and the seed—about two pounds per acre—is sown with the same seeder which has a band on seed boxes, easily moved to open a smaller hole for the turnip seed. The after treatment is much the same until spring time comes, when nearly a month later than for mangels.

### THE FIRST MOVE

In harvesting is to cut off the tops with a sharpened hoe. In a few days the tops wilt, so as to give but little trouble in gathering the roots. As a rule the harrows are used to drag the turnips out of the ground, but some prefer using a plow with a wide shank, having mold board removed. By that every two drills can be turned into a row. The team and wagon while loading, can be driven over one row which is plowed in from behind with a row close to each side as well.

In storing turnips care must be taken to haul them dry, not frozen, with as little earth adhering as possible. Unlike mangels, which are damaged by being frozen and will not keep well after turnips are not injured by severe frost when lying on the surface. When put into the cellar, having a great deal more latent heat than mangels, to insure their keeping well until spring, their keeping well until spring, which we have several varieties, are mostly grown. The Jumbo, Hartly Bronze Top, Skirving and Sutton's Champion are the more popular. For later sowing up until July 20, and early winter use, softer kinds such as Early Aberdeen and Greystone are grown. Six to 800 bushels per acre is a good average.—John Campbell in American Agriculturist.

### SUSPICIOUS.

A young man, calling on a seemingly prim young lady of his acquaintance, noticed a parrot in the drawing-room, and remarking on her conversation, he remarked on the parrot's ill-tidings.

"Miss S.'s parrot, in an adjoining street, can imitate numerous things, can say good morning and evening, and can even imitate the sound of a kiss."

"Sir," replied the lady, freezing up at once, "This bird cannot imitate what he never hears."

Awkward pause, in which Polly remarks: "George, dear, please carry that bird into the next room." (Tab-leau.)

The Bridgewater Canal, which re-turns a sharp profit, is now owned by the Manchester Ship Canal Company, and acts as a feeder of the ship canal opened in 1894, connecting Lancashire with the sea. The Bridgewater Canal purchased the sea for the Manchester Ship Canal in 1887 for £1,780,313 (\$8,931,065), but it is now sold to the Bridgewater Trust, holding it in the interests of Lord Ellesmere, for £280,012 (\$1,048,000), which sum forms the bulk of the new fortune now accruing to the plants.

## The Twinging Pains of Rheumatism

And Solation, Distressing Headaches and Dizzy Spells, Made Life Wretched—Doctors and Medicines Availed Nothing, but Cured Came with the use of

### Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Instead of giving you reasons why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills should cure you, we prefer to quote from the experience of the cured ones. This case of Mr. Haines was unusually serious because it was of twenty years' standing, and had resisted the efforts of two physicians and all sorts of treatment. It is merely another illustration of how Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills reach the seat of disease and cure when other means fail.

Mr. William Haines, farmer, of Thorold Township, near Port Robinson, Welland County, Ont., states: "I have been subject to severe and distressing headache since boyhood, and in later life this became complicated with rheumatism and sciatica, and altogether my life was made miserable. The headaches were accompanied with dizziness and vomiting, and I was for days and weeks unfit for anything. As often as I advanced I became re-

duced in flesh, and was wrecked in health and spirits.

"After undergoing treatment by two doctors and trying many domestic and patent medicines, I almost gave up in despair, as none of these did me any good.

Fortunately I began using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, thinking that if I were only benefited it would be a wonder. However, I persisted in using these pills until the time came when the bad symptoms of nearly twenty years' standing disappeared. I had gained nicely in flesh, and began once more to enjoy life. For this great change all the credit is due to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I shall never cease to recommend them whenever the opportunity offers."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have attained their enormous sale because they succeed where others fail. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box; at all dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Toronto.



**TRINITY**  
CANADA'S  
LEADING  
**RESIDENTIAL**  
**UNIVERSITY**  
NEW CALENDAR NOW READY  
For Calendar and all  
Information, address,  
DR. MCKENZIE, UNIVERSITY, TORONTO

**A HIGH-PRICED DINNER.**  
Curious Case Decided in a French  
Law Court.

The Paris newspapers have lately printed the account of a strange lawsuit. The complainant in the case testified that he was dining on the terrace in front of a restaurant, enjoying the air as well as the food. He had just begun to eat his soup, which he found too hot for his palate. While waiting for the soup to cool, he took from his pocket a roll of bills which he had received in payment of a bill.

In counting the money he accidentally dropped a hundred-franc bank note into his soup. He took it out of his plate with a fork, and sent the soup away. The bank note was saturated with the greasy liquid and he laid it down on the tablecloth to dry.

He was partaking of the second course, when a sudden gust of wind blew the note off the table. He ran after it, but a dog, which, although it wore a collar, and therefore in all probability had a home, yet showed every sign of hunger, seized it. The taste of the soup on the paper made it palatable, and the dog swallowed it. When the complainant used all his persuasive power in an effort to get the dog to come near him. "Good doggy! Come here!" he coaxed.

The animal, pleased with the taste of the soup, was finally told enough for the complainant to read the name engraved on the collar. When he had made a note of the name and address of the owner of the dog, he dismissed him with a Scotch blessing. Then he sought his lawyer, and brought suit against the owner of the dog for the restitution of the hundred francs.

The court decided that the owner of the dog must prove that since the dog was property, the owner must be held responsible for any act committed by the animal.

**SIGNS OF SPRING.**

It is a Season When Most People  
Feel Miserable, Easily Tired  
and Fagged Out.

The spring season affects the health of almost everyone — of course in different ways. With some it is a feeling of weariness after slight exertion; others are afflicted with pimples and skin eruptions. Fickle appetite, sallow cheeks and lacklustre eyes are other signs that the blood is clogged with impurities and must have assistance to regain its health-giving properties.

This is the season above all others when everyone — young and old — needs a tonic to brace them up, and the best tonic medicine science has discovered is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills tone the nerves and fill the veins with new, pure, rich, red blood. That's why they give you a healthy appetite and cure all blood and nerve diseases — anaemia, neuritis, rheumatism, and heart and a score of other troubles caused by bad blood and bad blood alone. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will give you new blood, new life, new energy — you cannot do better than start taking them to-day.

Mr. Jos. Poirier, M.P.P., Grand Anse, N. B., says: "Both my wife and daughter have been greatly benefited by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My daughter was in very poor health, pale, thin, and nervous, and bloodless, but through the use of the pills she has regained her health and is again able to enjoy life. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the best medicine when the blood is poor." Sumner, Ontario, writes: "I have offered, but they never cure. If you can't get the genuine pills from your dealer send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50."

**FAMOUS NIGHT MARCHES.**

Of several famous night marches that ended in decisive engagements, two claim special notice. The early morning attack on Quebec by Wolfe was preceded by a night march along the banks of the St. Lawrence, to the point where the soldiers were swiftly and quietly ferried across the stream. Thence they climbed the Heights of Abraham, before the dawn of the day which decided that Canada was to be British territory. Perhaps, however, the first place should be given to the night march, cleverly planned and brilliantly carried out without a hitch by Lord Eblis Garnet — Wolsely, on the night of September 12th, 1882, when he swiftly and silently hurried his troops across the desert, to attack Arabi Pasha at Tel-el-Kebir. Under the night shadows his infantry marched right up to the fort unseen, to completely surprising the enemy by their sudden and overwhelming attack, that within two hours the Egyptians were utterly routed, and Arabi's power was struck down at a blow.

**POINTED PARAGRAPHS.**

Fortunate is the man who is the first to discover his mistakes. Most connubial ties seem to be hewn knots—at least they pull out closely.

Fine clothes may not make the wife, but they often unmake the husband.

The older a girl gets the more respect she has for the wisdom of her mother.

If there is any petty meanness about a woman it is sure to crop out at a euchre party.

When a man is in love he doesn't know the difference between a brass band and a hand-organ.

The road to success is open to all, but too many want to get there without the trouble of going.

No woman cares so much about the loss of her purse as she does about losing the lucky penny it contained.

A man never really feels the pangs of poverty until he has to come down from 10-cent cigars to the three-for-a-nickel brand.

**CROSS BABIES.**

Some babies appear always ugly tempered. It can't be all original sin either, not in your baby anyway. Your baby is not a cross baby for nothing. He is cross because he is uncomfortable. A difference like magic is effected by Baby's Own Tablets. They do immediate and permanent good; they cannot possibly do any harm. No trouble; no spilling; no difficulty getting them into baby's mouth; for very young infants they can be crumbled to a powder or given in water. They are sweet and children like them. No mother has ever used Baby's Own Tablets without finding that they do good for children of all ages. Mrs. M. Waters, Sheenboro, Que., says: "I have used many medicines for little ones but have never found anything to equal Baby's Own Tablets. I simply would not be without them in the house, and I strongly recommend them to all other mothers."

Baby's Own Tablets cure all the minor ailments of little ones, and they have a positive guarantee that they contain no opiate or harmful drug. Sold by all druggists or mailed post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**THE SULTAN'S WRESTLER.**

One of the things that the Sultan of Turkey takes great interest in is wrestling, and a large troupe of wrestlers are specially retained in connection with his Court. Contests and exhibitions are arranged on feast days in the Royal kiosk. The Sultan and his ladies invariably attend these, screened from sight behind a transparent curtain. His Majesty watches the various phases of the bouts with a keen appreciation of the various points and strategies of the combatants. The chief of this Royal troupe is Ali Hassan, the Sultan's favorite wrestler. He was born in Adrianople, is thirty-two years of age, and stands six feet nine and a half. He comes of a wrestling family, all his relations being wrestlers of distinction in Turkey. When not engaged in wrestling Hassan follows the peaceful occupation of farmer and miller, but is at any time liable to be called upon to give an exhibition before his Royal master. On these occasions he is bound to meet all comers, accept any challenge, and uphold his championship; defeat would in all probability entail the loss of his proud position, and see the conqueror installed in his place. Hassan's diet is very simple, and consists of two meals daily, rice, bread and meat being his staple food. He eats few vegetables, and is a strict teetotaler.

**SUFFICIENT PUNISHMENT.**

A very subdued-looking boy of about thirteen years, with a long scratch on his nose and an air of general dejection, came to his teacher in a rural board school and handed her a note before taking his book, and became deeply absorbed in his book. The note read as follows: "Miss B.—Please excuse James for not being there yesterday. He played troant, but you don't need to tell him for it, as he fell out, an' the boy licked him, an' a man they checked caught him an' licked him, and the driver of a van they hung on to licked him also. Then his father licked him, an' I had to give him another for chicken' me for telling his father, so you need not lick him until next time. I think he feels he'd better keep in school hereafter."

**Mind This.**  
It makes no difference whether it is chronic or inflammatory  
**Rheumatism**  
of the muscles or joints  
**St. Jacobs Oil**  
cures and cures promptly.  
Price, 25c. and 50c.

**SALADA**  
Ceylon Tea is the finest  
Tea the world produces,  
and is sold only in lead  
packets.  
Black, Mixed and Green.  
Tea drinkers try "Salada" Green tea.  
t-1

**INVENTION.**

We have received from Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, of Montreal, an admirable compendium of condensed information on the subject of Patents and everyday statistical data. This little book, entitled "INVENTION," is just the proper size for the vest pocket, 2 1/2 x 4 1/4 inches, is bound in handsome celloid covers, and contains not only quadrille-ruled blank pages for memoranda, but also 28 pages of interesting printed matter including quite a surprising amount of novel and useful information not heretofore published. Among the items of information contained in this compact little volume are graphically illustrated tables showing the Growth of the United States and Canada Patent Offices, Geographical Distribution of United States and Canadian Patents, Distribution of Canadian Patents among the different provinces, the Inventiveness of Canadian Inventors, the Comparative Inventiveness of the United States and Canada, the World's Greatest Inventors, and legal markings for patented articles, in addition to the very full and useful description of the mode of patent and trade mark procedure, and the extensive equipment of Messrs. Marion & Marion for their work. A full schedule of costs is also given, and a highly interesting list of some of the fields of invention in which they have obtained patents.

The book is prepared especially for the use of the technical and industrial clients of Messrs. Marion & Marion, and does this enterprising firm much credit. It can be had from them by the readers of this paper on request, for 10 cents. (stamps or silver).

In the last thirty years the population of Germany has increased 40 per cent. Great Britain has increased 30 per cent.; that of France, 2 per cent.; that of the United States, 100 per cent.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by the use of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Cases of deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. 7-c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. Visitor (to sexton digging grave in churchyard) — "Who's dead?" Sexton — "Old Squire Thornback." Visitor — "What complaint?" Sexton (without looking up) — "No complaint; everybody satisfied."

I Cured a Horse of the mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT. CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS, Dalhousie.

I Cured a Horse badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT. EDWARD LINIFF, St. Peters, C. B.

I Cured a Horse of a bad swelling with MINARD'S LINIMENT. THOS. W. PAYNE, Bathurst, N. B.

8-59

**RUBIES FOR RHEUMATISM.**  
The Turquoise is a Talisman for Self-Possession.

The superstitions connected with precious stones are many, and the following are the most generally accepted: If a young woman wears an amethyst, she has an amulet against flightiness and folly. If she wears a sapphire, she will be proof against deceitful suitors, no matter how artful their wooing may be. If she wears a ruby, she has a charm against rheumatism and kindred diseases, and a prompter to vivacity and fascination of manner. Failing the ruby, the carbuncle and the garnet will exert a similar influence.

In the turquoise the wearer has a talisman for self-possession. The pretty blue gem will enable her to think clearly and keep her presence of mind under the most trying circumstances. Emeralds are a spur to ambition, and promote the spirit of a leader. A piece of jade worn in a bracelet-clasp or vinaigrette ring will drive away bad luck even more effectively than the rabbit's foot or horseshoe.

In the moonstone the wearer has an aid to beauty and the gift of pleasing. Under this stone's influence she wins everybody and everything about her. Some ancient writers believed the moonstone cured epilepsy, others that its powers waxed and waned with the moon. The turquoise banishes melancholy, and imparts serenity and a contented mind.

13-03

**A LITTLE BUSINESS WOMAN.**

The daughter of a statesman was sitting on her father's knee one evening when she was a little girl. She had a new little brother, whom she regarded with wonder. "To-day," said the father, "a man offered to give me a whole roomful of gold for little brother. Shall I sell him?" The child shook her head. "But," said her father, "think how many nice things a roomful of gold would buy! Don't you think that I had better let the man have him?" "No," answered the girl thoughtfully. "Let's keep him till he's older; he'll be worth more then."



A little Sunlight Soap will clean cut glass and other articles until they shine and sparkle. Sunlight Soap will wash other things than clothes.

A lady, when asked her age, said: "I was eighteen when we were married, and my husband was thirty. Now he's twice as old, so I'm thirty-six."

**EPPS'S COCOA**  
FOR MAINTAINING ROBUST HEALTH  
IN COLD CLIMATES.  
1-18

"Got a talking machine at home?" "Yes." "What did you pay for it?" "Nothing. Married it."

**WHERE LABOR WAS SWEET.**  
Not many young ladies in Canada can boast of having cut the entire crop on their father's farm.

The two young daughters of Mr. George Wells can do so, however. Mr. Wells' farm is situated one mile south of Wellwood Station on the famous Carberry Plains. He cultivates 320 acres.

Owing to scarcity of help, Miss Edie and Miss Emma Wells volunteered to drive their father's Massey-Harris binders through the harvest. As a result of their efforts, Mr. Wells was the first farmer on the Plains to finish cutting.

How much of the spirit of Canada and Canadians there is in this! This is the spirit which is steadily bringing our fair nation to the fore. One of Mr. Wells' Massey-Harris binders is six and the other four years old, and Mr. Wells asserts only seventy-five cents' worth of repairs have been put on them up to date, and that the binder first bought is good for five years yet, to say nothing of the younger one.

The Bishop of London has no fewer than 142 livings in his gift. There are altogether 570 benefices in the diocese, and 1,147 clergy.

**For Over Sixty Years.**  
AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY. — Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves pain, cures the wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

The number stamped inside a pair of gloves is the size in inches round the knuckles of the closed hand.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

779 parts in every 1,000 of human blood are water.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

England and Wales are divided into 54 judicial circuits, each presided over by a judge, who must be a barrister of at least seven years' standing.

**HALF THE WORLD IS SICK**  
Because of Weak Hearts

When you are sick your heart is faint. If it were pumping good blood through your system, you could not be sick in any part.

Ninety-nine out of a hundred have weak hearts—they are sometimes sick.

**Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure** will relieve Heart Disease in thirty minutes. Will with certainty effect a lasting cure.

George Curves, Dominion Customs Office, Cornwall, Ont., says: "I was troubled with severe Heart complaint for a long time. I was under the doctor's care, but not receiving benefit, I asked him about 'Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure.' He said: 'I used it with good results.'"

**Dr. Agnew's Ointment** is riding the world of piles and skin rashes. It is the best healing power eruptions of all sorts. Its healing power is marvelous. Price, 35c.

"O woman in your hour of ease, Uncertain, coy and hard to please,"  
There is one thing that will certainly please you if you eat it, and that is  
**MONSOON**  
CEYLON TEA. Lead Packets. All Grocers.

**Fresh Frozen Sea Herrings**  
In cases of about 650 Herrings; \$1.60 per 100 by the case, or \$1.70 per 100 in smaller quantities. Labrador Herrings in half barrels, \$3.00.  
**THE DAWSON COMMISSION CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.**

**Holloway's PILLS AND OINTMENT**  
should be in EVERY CANADIAN HOUSEHOLD.  
REDUCED COPIES OF GENUINE LABELS.  
Pill:—Black on Green.  
Ointment:—Brown and Green on White.  
**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS** are of immense value to the weak and ailing. Although thoroughly searching, their action is so gentle that delicate persons need have no hesitation in taking them; indeed, they should never be without a supply. The Pills give speedy relief in cases of Headache, Biliousness, Nausea, Dizziness and Trembling Sensations. Females will find them highly efficacious.  
**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT** is pre-eminently a household remedy; once used it is sure to have a permanent place in the family medicine cupboard. It quickly allays inflammation and irritation, and is in the highest degree soothing and healing. Apply it to Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Bolls, Abscesses, &c. It also relieves and cures Bronchitis, Asthma, Sore Throat, Quinsy, and other affections of the Throat & Chest.

**OUR BRANDS.**  
King Edward  
"Headlight"  
"Eagle"  
"Victoria"  
"Little Comet"  
HULL, CANADA  
Don't Experiment with other and inferior brands, USE **EDDY'S**

Uninhabited houses in England number 40,069, an increase of nearly 500 in the past ten years.

**SOMETHING NEW.**  
Probably the best invention in the agricultural implement world for 1903 is the new cutting device on the Massey-Harris Mower Pitman.

A roomy oil chamber is placed in each end of the pitman, and the natural action of the pitman throws the oil up through the oil hole and gives thorough and constant lubrication without waste.

The best feature of the device is that the oil chambers are roomy and the oil filling will last for many hours of cutting.

We understand Massey-Harris Company are making a great hit with this new feature, and that it is filling a long-felt want.

Reggie — "We had a funny game at the party the other evening. They stood the young men up on a platform."

Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops have become an indispensable home friend for suffering women.

Spain's quicksilver mines are falling off. Only 12 tons was got last year, against 23 the year before.

**Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend**  
6,595 Russians work at tailoring in London.

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

The actual time from new moon to new moon is 29 days 12 hours 44 minutes and 2.87 seconds.

**Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.**  
Have You Seen It? What?

Lea's Painless Reducer—3000 Reducers for the Home and every department of human endeavor. 360 pages. Bound 25 cents. Money refunded if it is not worth it. A guide line for cure and cure. — William Leach, Publisher, Toronto.

**Dominion Line Steam**  
Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Quebec.

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for passengers. Sailing and working on a regular basis. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For rates of passage and all particulars apply to any agent of the company or to  
Montreal, N. B. & Co. D. Torrance & Co. Ltd.  
17 State St. Boston. Montreal and Portland.

**RUBBER GOODS**  
Latest Novelties, all styles. Correspondence invited. Enclose 2c stamp for circular.

**THE UNIVERSAL SPECIALTY CO.,**  
P. O. Box 1142, Montreal.  
6-57

**Wanted to Purchase**  
Any quantity of dry mixed wood suitable for brick burning, for early delivery. State cash price, for your own. Address, S. M. MONROE CO., Toronto St., Toronto. Telephone Main 707.

**YOUR OVERCOATS**  
and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 158.  
**BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.**  
Montreal.  
1-44

**Brass Band**  
Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.  
EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND.  
Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogue, 300 illustrations, mailed free. Write us for anything in Music or Musical Instruments.  
**WHALEY ROYCE & CO., Limited,**  
Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man. 1-28

**INVESTMENTS**  
GOVERNMENT MUNICIPAL CORPORATION  
**BONDS**  
YIELDING FROM  
**3 1/2 TO 6 %**  
WE ESPECIALLY INVITE CORRESPONDENCE.  
BOND LIST MAILED ON APPLICATION.

**DOMINION SECURITIES**  
Corporation Limited,  
26 KING ST. E., TORONTO.



# Special Spring Prices — IN — WALL PAPERS

The **FINEST, BEST ASSORTED,**  
and **LARGEST LINE**

of WALL PAPERS ever shown in Stirling.

PRICES MARKED VERY CLOSE.

We can save you at least 25 cents on every dollar's worth of Paper you buy from us.

Everything in Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Brushes.

CHAS. E. PARKER,

PARKER'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

## The F. T. Ward Co.

### "All Ads. Look Alike to Me."

The person who says that—or thinks it—is the person who is very apt to get the worst of it in the search for values.

We intend our ads.—and they are an index of what's occurring in our store.

Just a few prices:—

## WHITE WEAR.

NIGHT GOWNS,	\$1.75 and \$1.50 now	\$1.00.
" "	\$1.25 now	90c.
" "	\$1.00 now	75c.
" "	.75 now	50c.
UNDERSKIRTS,	\$1.25 now	90c.
" "	\$1.00 now	75c.
" "	.75 now	50c.
DRAWERS,	\$1.00 now	75c.
" "	.50 now	30c.
" "	.25 now	19c.

See our East Window.

Get the DELINEATOR.

The F. T. WARD CO.

P. S.—Bring us your Fresh Eggs, Butter, etc. Highest price paid.

## Headquarters FOR SEEDS.

Best Red Clover, Alsike,  
Lucerne or Alfalfa,  
Timothy, Timothy and  
Alsike, mixed.

We keep strictly PURE SEEDS, and sell at lowest prices.

## WE LEAD IN STOCK FOODS.

Fine Ground Oil Cake.—We have a far better grade than the common, it being direct from the crusher, and is therefore of a very much richer quality. A trial will convince you.

Blackford's English Sugar Flax and Calve Meals are no higher in price than ordinary Flax Meal, are far better being specially prepared and sugar cured.

We also carry a complete line of International Stock Food Co.'s Famous Stock Preparations (see our west window).—A 160-page finely illustrated book on Stock Diseases given away with same. Just what every farmer should have. It's chock full of information. Call and get one. It's yours for the asking.

Williams' Concentrated and Medicated Stock Food.—One of the greatest Milk and Butter Producers and Fatteners of modern times.

Don't pass us by when wanting anything in these lines, as we make a specialty of them, keep only the best and are always in front.

**H. & J. WARREN,**  
Hardware, Stoves & Tinware,  
MILL ST.

News-Argus to Jan. 1, '04, 70c.

## PARKER BROTHERS BANKERS, STIRLING ONTARIO.

A General Banking Business transacted.

4 per cent. allowed on Deposits.

Drifts bought and sold on all parts of Canada.

Money to let on Mortgages at low interest.

Office hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

F. B. PARKER. R. PARKER, M.D.

Reference—Merchants Bank of Canada.

## ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:

To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

## RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST. GOING EAST.

Mail & Ex. 6:27 a.m. Accom. 10:35 a.m.

Mail & Ex. 6:43 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8:43 p.m.

## The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1903.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. Mark Tucker's hand is doing nicely.

At the last meeting of the Presbytery of Kingston Rev. S. S. Burns was appointed one of the commissioners to the General Assembly, which will be held in Vancouver, B. C., in June.

Mr. Robt. Fletcher is doing quite a business in horse clipping, and on Monday last clipped Mr. Bird's horse in the short time of twenty-four minutes. He thinks this is a record hard to beat.

We are informed that Mr. T. E. McCann has resigned the situation of Cheese Instructor for the Campbellford District, to which he was appointed by the Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Association.

At the sessions of the Grand Lodge A. O. U. W., held at Toronto last week a new tariff of rates was adopted. It begins with sixty cents per month at eighteen years of age, and increases to \$1.30 per month at forty-five years. The new scale comes into force July 1st.

Marmora wants a good Concert and Society hall. Such a hall is also badly needed in Stirling, as several times during the past year the Music hall has been unable to accommodate all who wished to gain admission, and those who succeeded in getting in were uncomfortably crowded.

1000 rolls Wall Paper, regular 8 and 10c., sale price 5c. per roll. Borders and ceilings to match. Remnants at 3c. per roll.

PARKER'S Drug and Book Store.

The condition of Front street is something terrible this Spring owing to the great depth of mud, and is said to be worse than the country roads. What is needed is a coat of crushed stone, which neighboring villages have put on their streets with the result that they have good dry streets now.

The re-opening of the Marmora Methodist Church will take place next Sunday and Monday. Rev. Dr. Crothers of Belleville, will preach on Sunday at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m., and Rev. R. McCulloch in the afternoon. A supper will be given on Monday evening, followed by a public meeting. Everybody cordially invited.

500 gallons of Henderson & Potts' "Anchor Brand" mixed Paints. The only paints made in Canada from Beardsmans English lead and pure linseed oil.

PARKER'S Drug Store.

Stockdale Public School intend giving a concert on Thursday evening, April 9th. The programme will consist of dialogues, recitations, songs and choruses by the pupils, and Frankford orchestra will furnish music. Mr. E. Naylor will also be present and assist. Mr. Fred A. Ashley, of this village is teacher of the school.

Do not fail to read E. Naylor's unique ad't. in this issue, "Wood Wanted."

It was announced two weeks ago that Mrs. G. D. Platt, of Picton, President of the Bay of Quinte branch of the W. M. S., would speak in the Methodist Church on Sunday, March 15th, on Missions. She was unable to do so on account of illness; but has arranged to speak next Sabbath morning, March 29th. Mrs. Platt is an interesting speaker, and well worth hearing.

To many people kind words and a little thoughtfulness is better than gold, and it is so easy, with just a little care and watchfulness to help many a one along with a kind and cheery word. A cheerful disposition will influence its possessor to make the best of existing circumstances, forget the discomforts of yesterday, and anticipate delightfully of the future. To live largely in the present, doing one's best and trusting in God, is to maintain an almost unbroken cheerfulness of demeanor and of experience.

In the Hamilton Herald of last Saturday was published a portrait of Miss Lillian B. Stickle, with the following appreciative notice: "Miss Lillian B. Stickle, a clever young Canadian singer, was recently appointed soprano soloist at St. Paul's Presbyterian church in this city. Miss Stickle is a native of Toronto, and her musical education was acquired at the Toronto Conservatory of Music and in England, where she studied under the renowned vocal master, William Shakespear. Miss Stickle's voice is one of considerable range, and her oratorio and concert engagements have extended nearly throughout the Dominion."

## MORTGAGE SALE.

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at the Stirling House, Stirling, at 2 p.m., on

**Saturday, 11th day of April,**

1903, the following Farm Property, viz:—

The south quarter of Lot No. 20, and the west one-third of the south three-quarters of Lot No. 19, both in the 11th concession of the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings. These two parcels each contain 50 acres and adjoin each other.

J. EARL HALLIWELL,  
Vendor's Solicitor.

## WOOD WANTED.

Bring on your wood, the brickyard near, both hard and soft, and have no fear that you are doing something rash. For that's the place you get the cash.

There is a man with soul so dead That after he has read the ad, That will not seize this wooden charm And wipe that mortgage from his farm.

EDWIN NAYLER,  
Stirling Brickworks

## Village Council.

Minutes of a special meeting of the Stirling Municipal Council held March 24th, 1903.

Members present—J. Conley, Reeve; J. Earl Halliwell, L. Meiklejohn and Geo. Lagrow.

Moved by Mr. Halliwell, seconded by Mr. Meiklejohn that the Reeve, John Conley, be granted leave of absence for three months from the first day of April next. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Halliwell, seconded by Mr. Meiklejohn, the account of Archie Godfrey, \$2.19, was ordered to be paid.

The Reeve recommended councillor J. Earl Halliwell to act as Reeve during his absence. Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned.

G. G. THIRASHER, Clerk, pro tem.

## Stirling School Board.

Minutes of a special meeting of the Stirling Board of Education held March 20th. Members present: G. W. Faulkner, chairman; M. Bird, A. Chard, G. L. Scott, H. Warren, F. T. Ward, Jas. Boldrick.

The resignation of Miss Hawken, the present teacher in the primary department of the public school, was read, and upon motion of Mr. Chard, seconded by Mr. Scott, said resignation was accepted.

Moved by Mr. Ward seconded by Mr. Chard, that Mrs. Robinson be engaged until mid-summer holidays, at the salary already given to a teacher of the primary department, but this move made by the board establishes no precedent.

The account of T. H. McKee for \$1.65 was on motion laid over until investigated by the property committee.

On motion of Mr. Boldrick seconded by Mr. Scott, the following resolution was directed to be handed to Miss Hawken:—

Moved by James Boldrick, seconded by G. L. Scott, that this board tender to Miss Hawken, whose resignation has at her request been accepted, their sincere sympathy for her in her present delicate state of health caused by her late accident, and trust she will soon again be convalescent. And would also record their entire satisfaction she has given to this board as teacher in the primary department of our school, and much regret that she is obliged to leave us. She is a young lady this board could recommend to any school needing an experienced teacher, her excellent character and habits of industrious work in her department being a great incentive to progress.

On motion the board adjourned.

G. G. THIRASHER,  
Sec'y Pro Tem.

The Bancroft Times of last week came to hand in an enlarged form, and much improved by the addition of new type.

The Bancroft Reporter has decided to drop its semi-weekly issue, and will be issued weekly in future, the day of publication being Wednesday.

March came in very mild, and there has been mild weather the greater part of the month, but indications now are for a few cold days before its exit.

A little nonsense now and then is relished by the best of men, and sometimes does a pile of good. Especially when it's mixed with wood.

—E. NAYLER.

A sad marriage took place at Concession, Prince Edward County, recently. Miss Olive Hayck was married while literally on her death bed to Mr. William Garrison of the same village. The bride was in the last stages of consumption, and five days later she died.

## PERSONALS.

Mr. F. T. Ward made a business trip to London this week.

Mrs. G. McWilliams and Miss Stella McWilliams, of Marmora were visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. W. S. Martin was a delegate from Stirling Lodge A.O.U.W. to Grand Lodge at Toronto last week.

Mr. G. G. Thirasher went to Bancroft on professional business to-day. He expects to return on Friday.

## Births.

TUCKER.—In Rawdon, on March 20th, the wife of Burton Tucker, of a daughter.

FARGEY.—In Rawdon, on March 22nd, the wife of Samuel Fargey, of a son.

## THE CELEBRATED EYE SPECIALIST

Prof. J. H. De Silberg, Ophthalmic Specialist from Germany, will be in Stirling, at the Stirling House parlors, three times a week, for consultation. All consultations free. Those having weak or imperfect eyes should not fail to consult the professor. Next visit will be in June.

## Clubbing List.

The NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:—

The Weekly Globe ..... \$1.75

The Weekly Mail & Empire, with one premium picture..... 1.75

The Weekly Sun ..... 1.80

The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with two premium pictures..... 1.80

The Farmers' Advocate (new subscribers)..... 1.80

The Toronto Star (Daily)..... 2.20

The Toronto Globe (Daily)..... 4.50

Specially low clubbing rates with the Montreal Daily or Weekly Witness.

## FINE SHOES for SPRING WEAR.

A finer collection of Boots and Shoes has never before been seen in this store—that means in Stirling, for we set the pace in the Shoe Trade.

Besides a magnificent stock we have extra values in Ladies' Oxford Shoes and Dongola Slippers, from 75c. to \$2.50.

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Boots for everyday wear. Over Three Hundred pairs to choose from, and they are the best values we have ever shown.

SCHOOL BOOTS for Boys and Girls. We have the best. See the "Ironclads" before buying.

What About a pair of Hand-Made Boots for Spring?

Our steadily increasing trade in this department is best evidence that we are successful. Every pair is guaranteed to fit and give the best of satisfaction.

Received two large orders this week, consisting of 80 pairs each, of our WORLD-RENOVED River Driving Hand-Made Boots. We are rushed with work and are filling orders from all over the Globe. This is best evidence that we make THE BEST BOOTS.

**GEO. REYNOLDS,**  
P.S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange. SHOE KING.

## Who is Gamey?

The whole country is talking Gamey. He appears to be the hero of the hour. But this is not all there is to talk about, what about the Royal Clothing and Fur Store?—this should be the talk of the year. J. Boldrick & Son were clothing men before he was born, and they are still here and to the front yet in the Spring of 1903, with a business as bright as a crown jewel; and with every prospect of clothing our citizens, that ladies cannot even pass without admiration of their fine appearance and stylish cut of their clothing, and J. Boldrick & Son will be the manufacturers we hope. We have the Spring Goods and certainly the ability to do it.

**J. BOLDRICK & SON.**

## THERE ARE TWO PAPERS THAT OUGHT TO BE

In every home in this district

## THE NEWS-ARGUS

Will supply you with the latest and most interesting Local Home and Foreign News, and

## THE WEEKLY SUN

Its special features are—Market Reports that are unequalled for FULLNESS and RELIABILITY.

Regular contributions by "Bystander" on current events.

Reports of Conventions, Associations and meetings of interest and value to all farmers, dairymen and stockmen.

Practical talks each week on Live Stock, Dairying, Farm Crop Culture, Feeding for Profit, and other subjects.

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And we will send The Sun free for the balance of 1902.

Leave your order at office.

**DROP A POST CARD TO THE WEEKLY SUN, TORONTO, AND THEY WILL SEND SAMPLE COPIES, FREE.**

## Royal Black Knights.

The twenty-seventh annual council of the Grand Chapter of the Royal Black Knights of Ireland for eastern Ontario was held at Peterborough last week. The reports of the grand master, grand secretary and grand treasurer showed very satisfactory progress during the year. Officers were elected as follows: Grand master, E. J. Hughes, Carp; deputy grand master, Lieut.-Col. J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; junior deputy major J. R. Orr, Madoc; grand chaplain, Rev. S. A. Duprau, Belleville; grand registrar, J. R. Tye, Athens; grand treasurer, T. C. McConnell, Springbrook; deputy treasurer, Robert Lyle, Smith's Falls; grand lecturer, W. A. Adams, West Huntingdon; deputy lecturer, W. H. Cook, Foxboro; grand censors, J. W. Wallace and D. W. Beckett; pursuivant, S. J. Clark, Belleville.

Wisconsin has just experienced one of the worst snow storms of the winter, and reports from several cities in the interior are to the effect that nearly a foot of snow has fallen. Railway traffic is seriously impeded.

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## HARDWARE!

## SPRING GOODS.

MILK CANS, DAIRY PAILS, SAP BUCKETS, CREAMERY STRAINERS, EBS and CREAM PAILS, MILK COOLERS, BARREL CHURNS, etc.

All Milk Cans made of the best tinned steel, heavy rolled bottom. We are sending out dozens of these cans. Call and get one.

We are very busy in our Tin Shop, but having plenty of help are prepared to do all repairing—Job Work, Plumbing and fitting.

We make a specialty of Cheese Factory Work, Milk Vats, Cheese Hoops, etc.

To those building I would say that I am prepared to sell Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils at the lowest possible figures.

Don't fail to call. I keep everything in the line of Hardware.

Plenty of Pine and Cedar Shingles on hand.

**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**

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